Smart Grids, Smart Meters and Renewables Integration at E.ON

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Core businesses

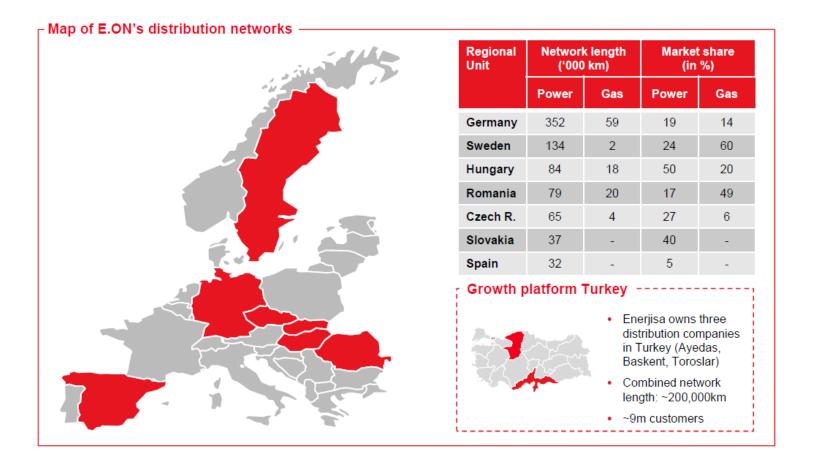


E.ON core business: Renewables

- E.ON is the second-largest operator of offshore wind farms in the world, with 11,000 MW of generation capacity in UK, Germany, Sweden & Denmark
- In partnership with DONG Energy and Masdar, E.ON operates the world's largest wind farm, the 630 MW "London Array"
- The 302 MW "Amrumbank West" in the North Sea is E.ON's first commercially operated offshore wind project in German waters



E.ON core business: Distribution Networks

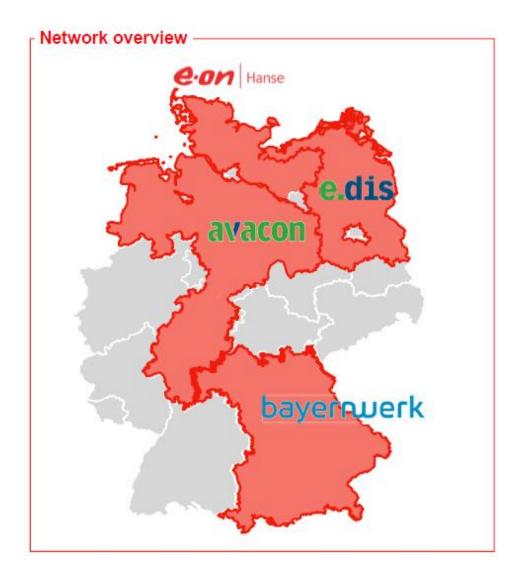




Grid Automation and Renewables Integration

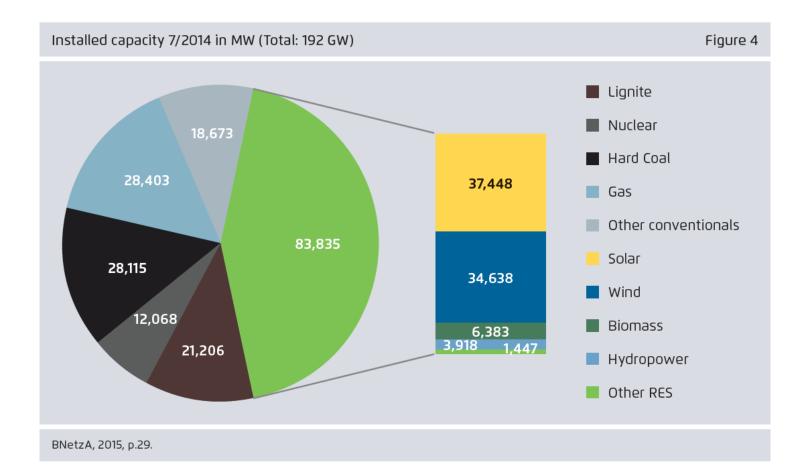


E.ON's distribution networks in Germany



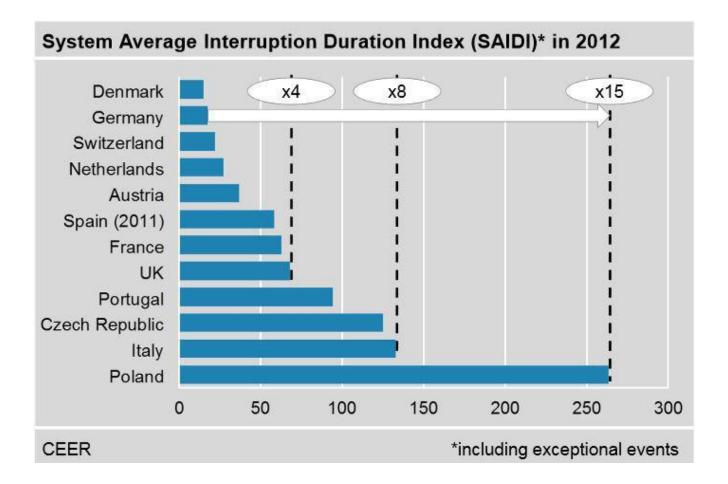


Germany has ca. 80 GW capacity of Wind & PV



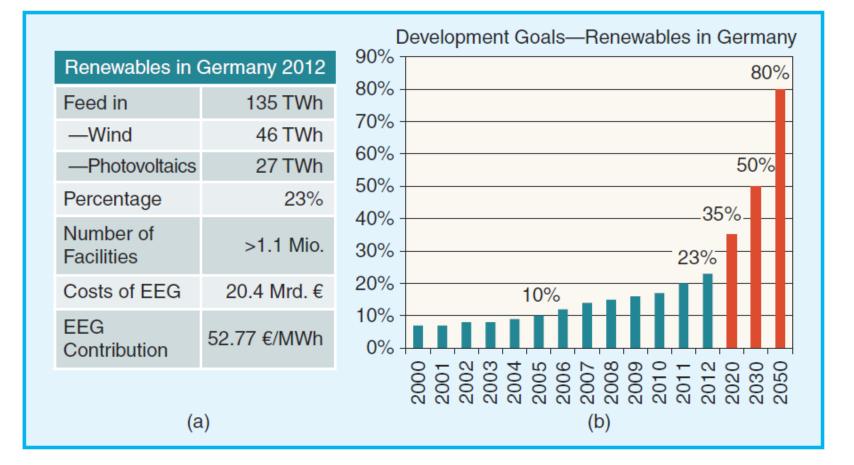


Yet the Power System is extremely reliable





RES capacity expected to increase to 80% by 2050



Source: IEEE power and energy magazine



Challenge for SOs when facing high penetration of RES

- Intermittent energy sources such as Wind and Solar PV require a flexible power system with significant reserves – flexibility / reserves can be
 - sourced from generators, loads and storages
 - delivered using Ancillary Services such as Frequency Response, or directly by customers acting on real-time price signals
- RES such as Rooftop Solar PV are typically connected at LV. This is a part of the distribution network that has almost no **monitoring**
- Reverse power flows in the distribution system
 - often accompanied by voltage rises
 - require re-coordination of protection systems
- Additional power flows cause **congestion** in the transmission system



German System Operators have solved these issues

- Any generator or load can sign-up to provide ancillary services, as long as they satisfy the technical requirements (e.g. ramping, availability, etc)
 - Smaller loads & distributed generators (DG) are aggregated into a VPP that receives a single dispatch signal from the TSO
- Telemetry from SCADA systems (incl. Dynamic Line Rating), inverters and smart meters is consolidated into a wide-area monitoring system (WAMS) and used for Active Network Management
- Transmission System congestion is resolved through generator re-dispatch and RES curtailments (short-term) and by grid re-enforcement (long-term)
- Voltage rise in distribution networks is managed through power factor control of inverters, LV tap-changers and RES curtailments



Support for SOs in the German Renewables Act 2014

- Solar PV and Wind plants must be controllable by the System Operator in order to maintain system stability (both frequency and voltage) – otherwise the plant's output is capped at 70%
- Solar PV and Wind inverters must have frequency and voltage ride-through capabilities as dictated by the Grid Code
- RES Feed-in management (or curtailment) costs are socialized over end customers as part of the EEG subsidy to RES producers
 - RES curtailments in 2014 comprised 1.35% of the total net power generated from RES, resulting in € 82.6 million in EEG transfers



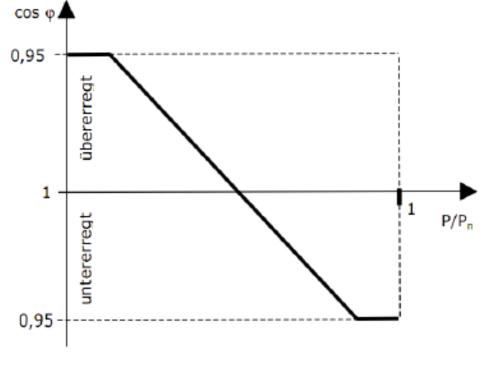
RES can be costly to integrate if no energy is to be lost

Country	Denmark	Germany	Spain	Ireland	France	Italy
Share wind + PV of demand (energy)	41%	15.6%	25.5%	17%	5%	12.4%
Total wind installed (MW)	4855	40456	22845	2230	9120	8700
Wind capacity factor MWh/(MW*8760) [%]	30.8	15.8	25.4	25.9	21.2	19.6
Total PV installed (MW) Total	610	38236	4428	0	5292	18800
Solar capacity factor MWh/(MW*8760) [%]	11.2	10.4	20.2	0	12.6	14.1
Maximum instantaneous wind + PV penetration for 1 h (%)	140%	56.3% (11-05-2014)	65.4% (23-12-2013)	50%	21.5%	46.18% (26-04-2014)
Curtailment/total PV generation (%)	0	0.18% (2013)	< 1.5%	0	0	0
Curtailment/total wind generation (%)	0.2%	0.93% (2013)	< 1.5%	4.3%	0	0.8%

Sources: BNetzA, German TSOs, Terna, REE, Energinet.dk, EDF, and Eirgrid (2014)



Power factor control of PV inverters



Source: Medium voltage guideline 2008 page 29

System operator may demand the supply of reactive power with $cos(\phi)$ between 0,95 and 1

Ca. 1.4 mill. PV plants connected in GER by Apr. 2014

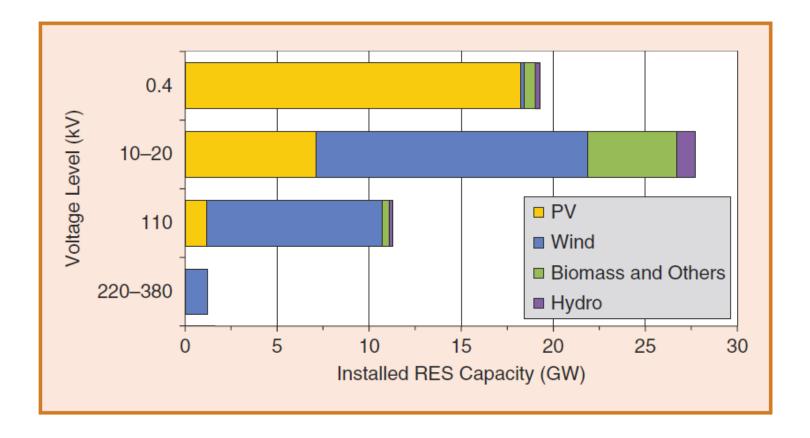


Images: Schüce, Grammer, Sharp, Solarwatt, BP, Geosol

Size of system

e.0

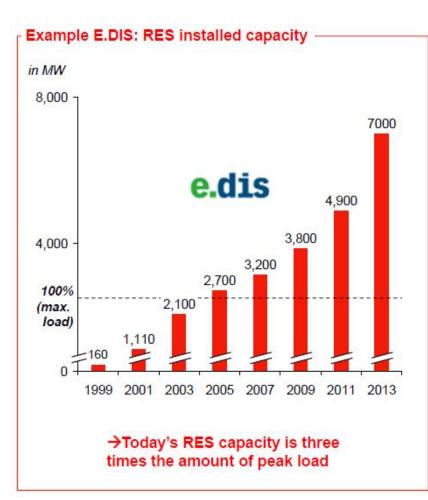
Nom. voltage levels of RES on the German System



Source: IEEE power and energy magazine, vol. 11, issue 2



RES integration is a significant challenge for E.ON grids



Key challenges

- Distribution grid originally designed to distribute power up to maximum load
- RES installed capacity exceeds maximum load in a region nearly factor 3
- Now, expansion of the distribution grid required as well as increased deployment of smart technologies





Energiewende – E.ON as an innovation pioneer

Examples of application of smart technologies



Controllable mid-voltage/low-voltage-secondary sub-station

Enables an increased in-feed of renewables in low voltage networks by dynamic voltage regulation



Dynamic line rating (high-voltage) Increase of line capacities by taking account of varying weather conditions



High temperature lines Increased capacity of conductors by using temperature-resistant materials

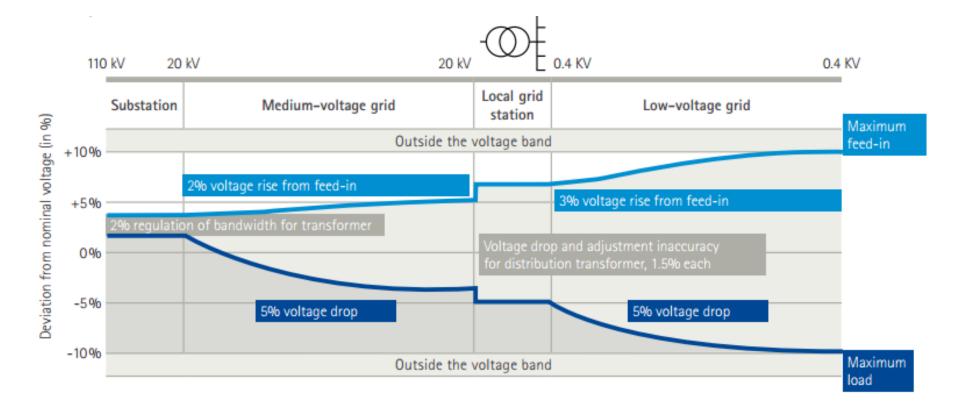


Intelligent in-feed management (EisMan)

Intelligent curtailment of renewable generation in case of grid congestion allows integration of all RES requesting connection to the grid

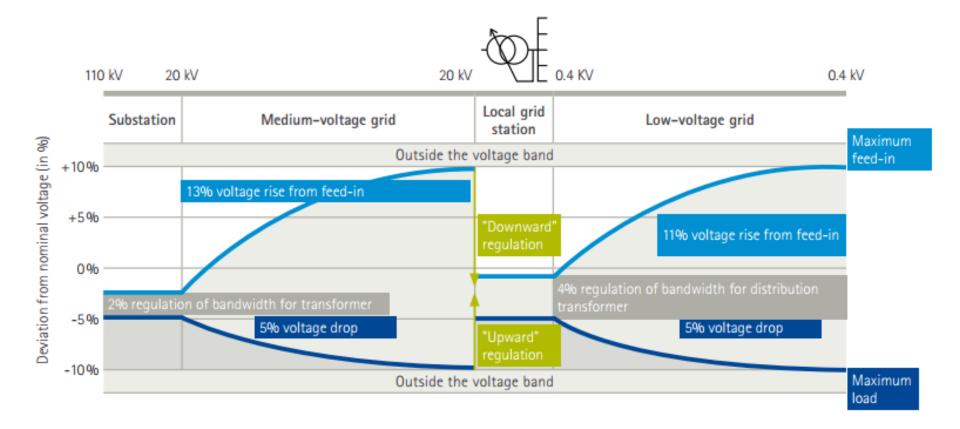


Voltage rise in LV grids is not allowed to exceed 3%



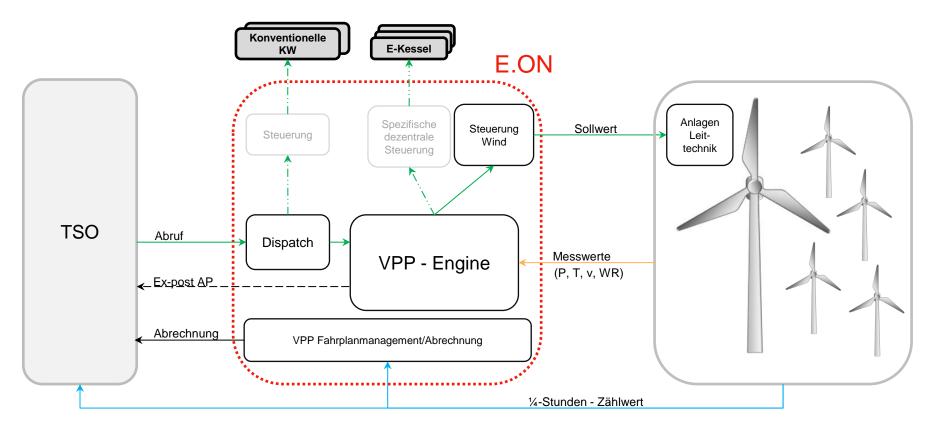


E.ON Solution: OLTC allows for a voltage rise of up to 10%





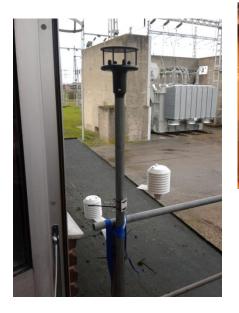
Frequency control in Germany via a Virtual Power Plant



- Livewerte
- Abrechnung und Arbeitspunkt
- 15 Minuten Leistungsmittelwerte

Dynamic Line Rating in Sweden

- In Linsänkan and in Köping two Alstom-relays will be placed with a weather station.
- In Högsrum two Donuts will be installed.













Integration of DLR with SCADA

E.on KRA - Kårehamn Vindkraft

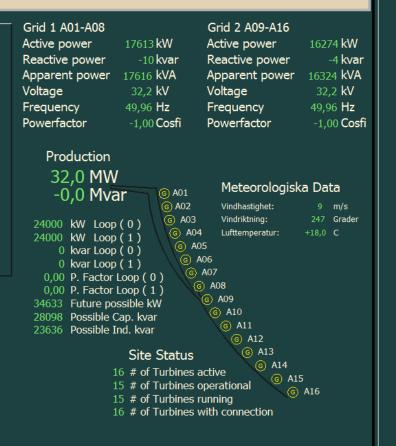




PPC börvärde:

DLR

Automatik idrift = börvärde från DLR utrustningen Automatik blockerad = manuellt börvärde Automatik idrift+DLR status invalid = kalenderfunktion

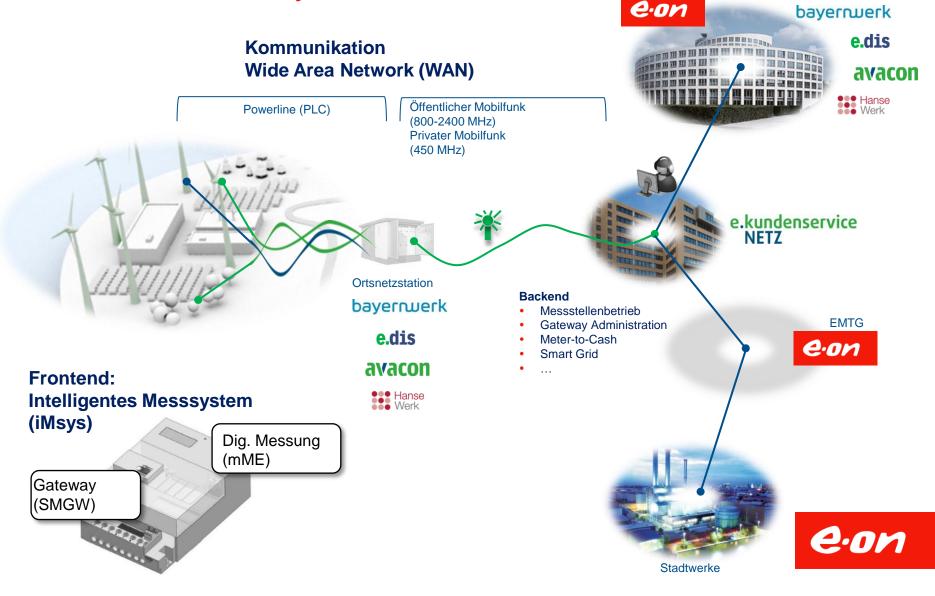


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Smart Metering

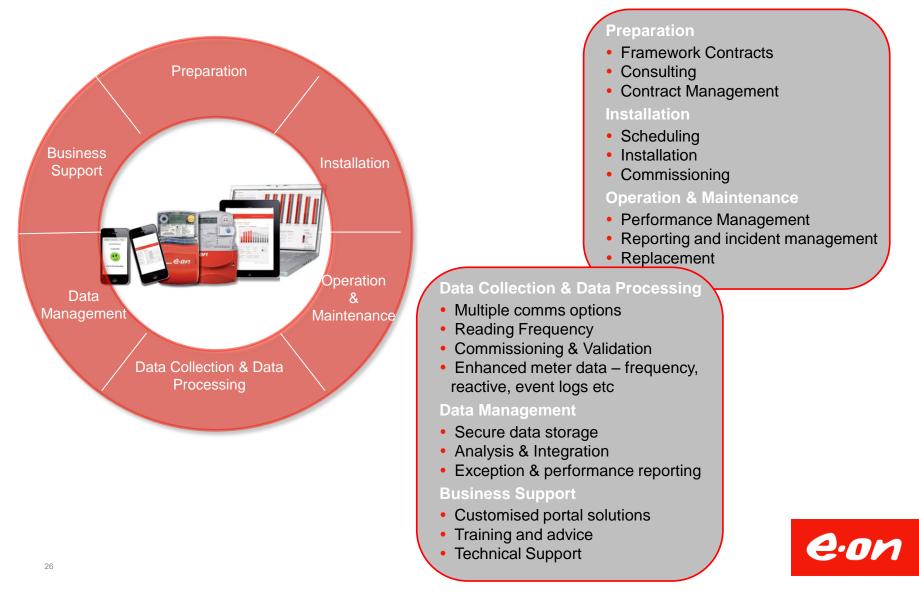


EniM Project... Smart Meter rollout in Germany

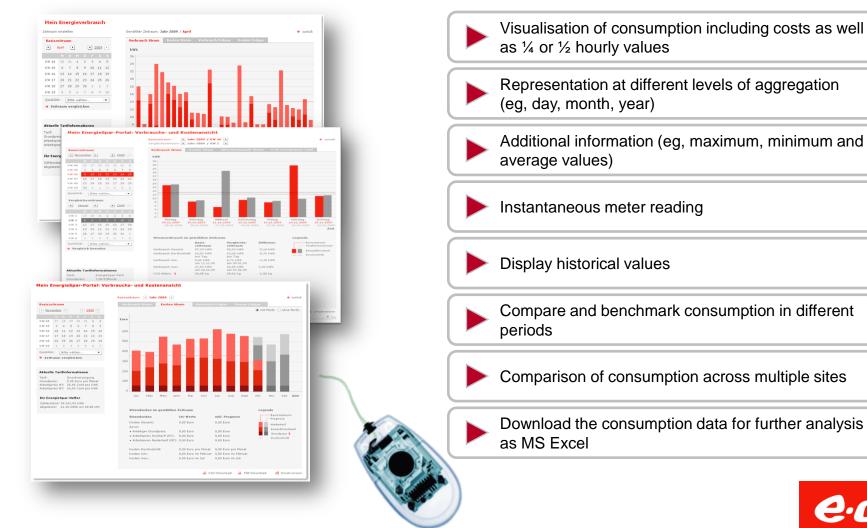


Verteilnetzbetreiber

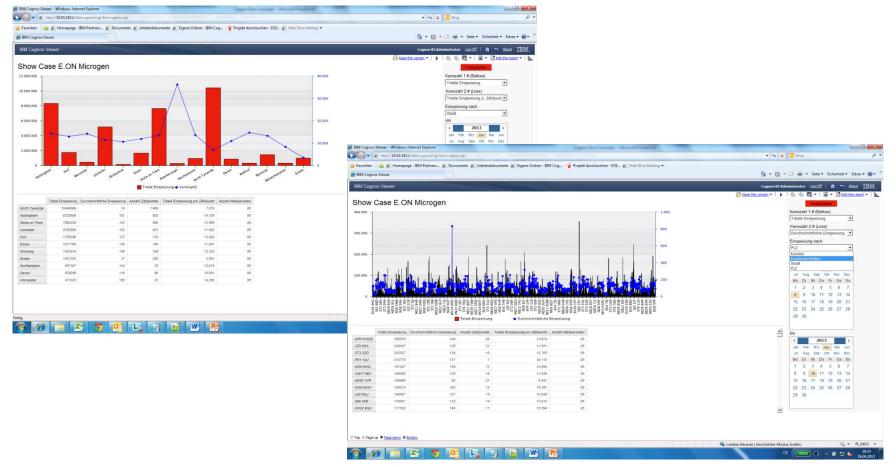
EMTG Smart Metering - "end to end" service solution



More transparency - more control for customers



Data Analysis & Reporting - examples



- Detailed analysis and trend reporting
- Flexible presentation styles

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