Transboundary Water Management in the Chu Talas Basins and

Regional Cooperation for Water Resources in Central Asia

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Water Challenges in Central Asia

- Syr Darya and Amu Darya comprise nearly all surface water – limited options for development
- Reduced water flow and desiccation of the Aral Sea
- The uncertainty of climate change on future availability of water resources
- Imperfect institutional framework for regional cooperation on water resources management
- Water allocation for irrigation versus water allocation for power generation
- Energy in winter for upstream countries and irrigation water in summer for downstream countries
- Inefficient water management
- Degraded irrigation and drainage infrastructure
- Deteriorating water quality and soil salinity

ADB RETA – Improved Management of Shared Water Resources in Central Asia

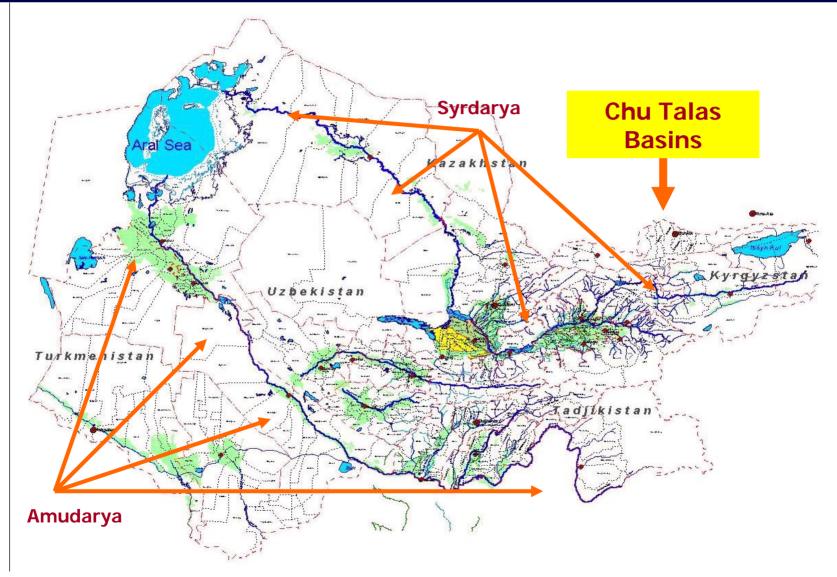
- Impact Sustainable and efficient management of water resources in Central Asia
- Outcome Strengthen the cooperation for the management of water resources in Central Asia

Components

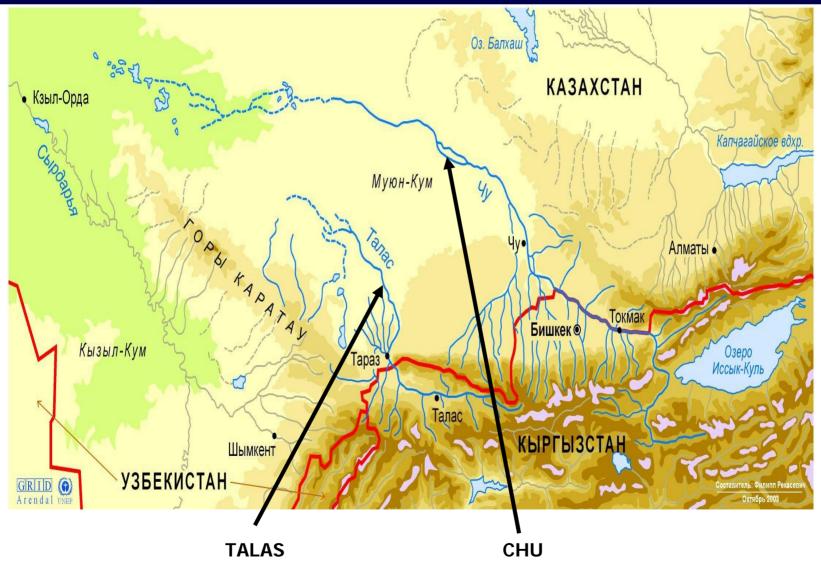
- Improving Transboundary Water Management on a Pilot Basis (Chu Talas Basins Experience)
- Facilitating Regional Water Policy Discussions continuing work on the Draft Agreement on the Use of Water and Energy Resources in the Syr Darya River Basin
- Building Regional Water Management Capacity
- Closed in December 2007



Aral Sea Basin



Map of the Chu and Talas Basins



Basin Data

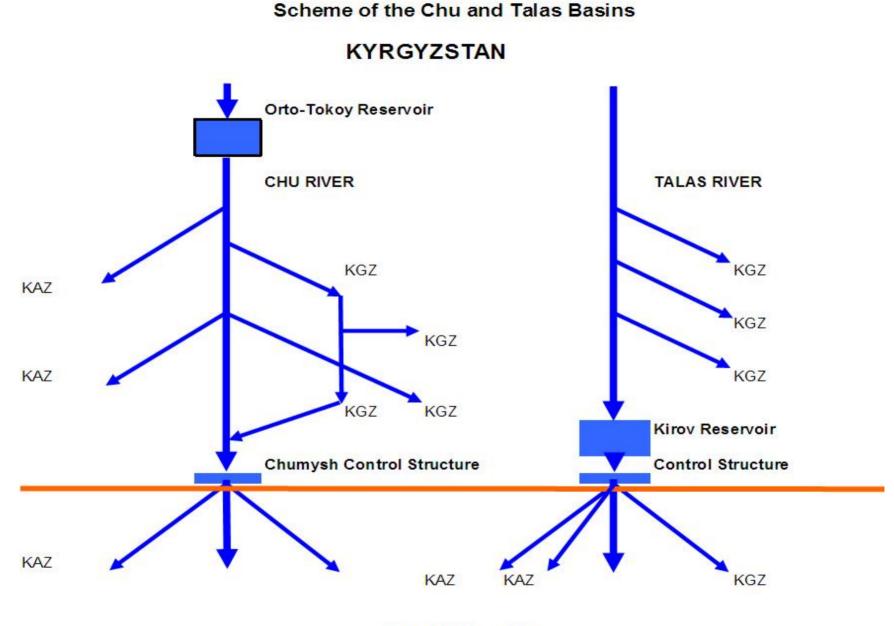
Chu River:

Total Length Total Area One Reservoir Three Main Canals Interfarm Canals Water Intake Facilities 1,186 km 62,500 km² 470 mln. m³ 284 km 1,700 km 3,900

Talas River: Total Length Total Area One Reservoir Interfarm Canals Water Intake Facilities 444 km 52,700 km² 550 mln. m³ 979 km 1,150

Totals:

Population Irrigated Area +1,600,000 +700,000 ha



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Water Management Challenges in the Chu Talas Basins

- Weak knowledge base for water management
- Lack of coordination on irrigation distribution
- Inefficient water management
- Degraded facilities and inadequate O&M
- Incomplete institutional framework for management and transboundary coordination



Focus Areas of the RETA for Chu Talas Basins

- Developing the legal framework for water rights and water allocation
- Institutional development for system operation and maintenance
- Water assessment and data exchange
- Joint systems operations and improving maintenance practices
- Integrated water resources management (IWRM) planning
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Existing Legal Framework for Water Rights and Water Allocation

- Regulation of 1983 on Water Sharing in the Chu Basin
 1.6 mln m3 50% KAZ/50% KGZ
- Regulation of 1983 on Water Sharing in the Talas Basin
 6.6 mln m3 42% KAZ/58% KGZ
- KAZ/KGZ Agreement of 2000 on the Use of Interstate Water Facilities in the Chu and Talas Basins
 2 Decentral Structure
 - 2 Reservoirs, 3 Main Canals, 1 Main Control Structure
- KAZ Water Code 2003 and KGZ Water Code 2005
 - The water resources are the property of the State
 - Everyone has the right to use water in accordance with the provisions of the water code

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Institutions for Chu and Talas Basins

• KAZ Water Resources Committee

- Chu Talas Basin Water Management Department
- Taraz Water Department, 60 WUAs

KGZ Water Economy Department

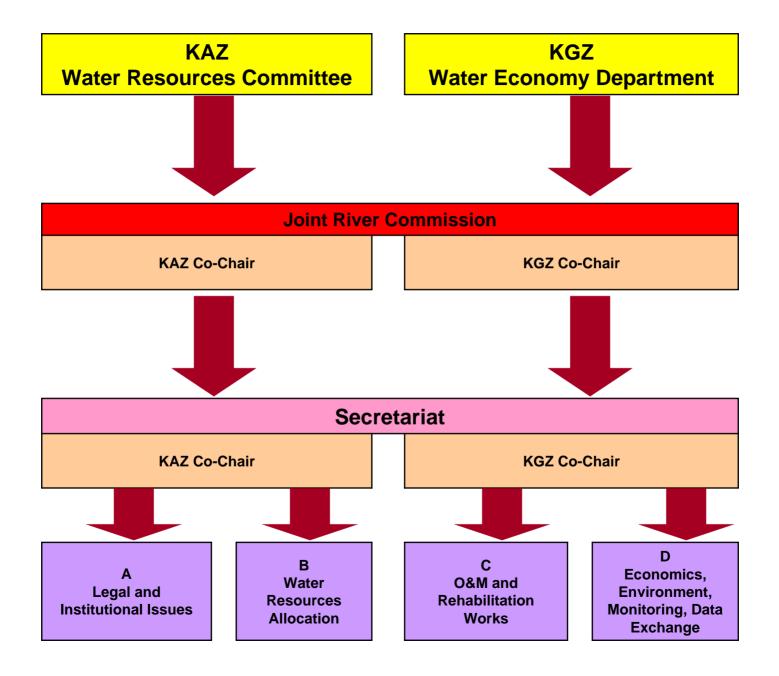
- Chu Basin Water Management Department
- Talas Basin Water Management Department, 115 WUAs

Chu Talas Joint River Commission

- Secretariat and Technical Working Groups
 - Water assessment, water allocation, system operations and maintenance

Interstate Chu Talas Basin Council (Proposed)

 IWRM planning, environmental monitoring, water quality control, biodiversity, stakeholder participation, and information dissemination and exchange

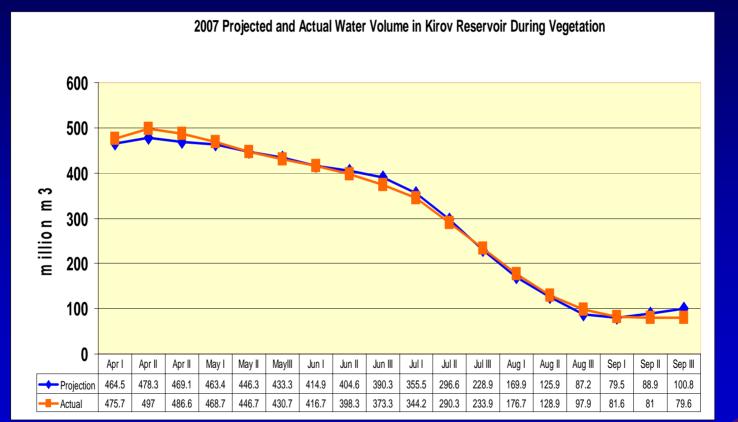


Water Assessment and Data Exchange for Chu Talas Basins

- 10 Monitoring Stations in the Talas Basin
- 5 Monitoring Stations in the Chu Basin
 - All need rehabilitation
- 6 Meteorological Stations in KAZ under rehabilitation
- Numerous water intakes structures that need rehabilitation
- ADB assistance
 - 10 sets of computers installed at all interstate water facilities
 - Computer models for water assessment and allocations
 - Automated Management Information System at Kirov Reservoir
- OSCE, UN ECE, UNESCAP assistance
 - Automated Management Information System at Chumysh Control Structure
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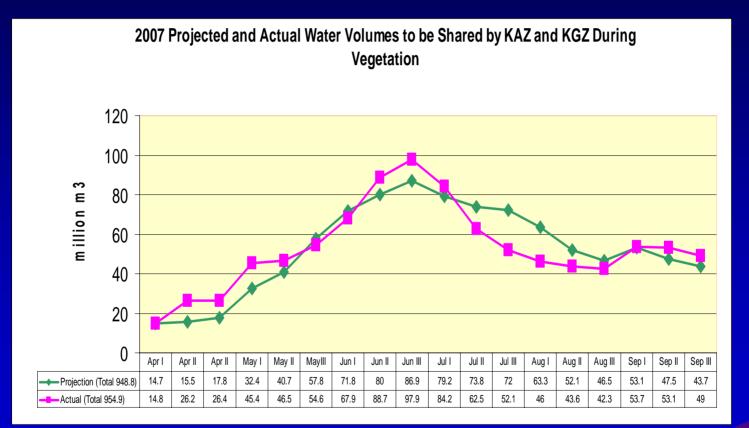


Water Assessment Model for Talas Basin (Deviation 0.1%)





Water Assessment Model for Talas Basin (Deviation 0.1-0.6%)





Joint Operation and Maintenance

- Inventory of water facilities in KGZ for joint O&M identified according to 2000 Agreement
 - New water control structures to be included in the agreement
- A mechanism for cost-sharing of O&M developed
 - Improved standards to address previous O&M deficiencies
 - KAZ/KGZ pay O&M cost proportionally to water allocated
 - The Chu Talas Joint Commission identifies the scope of priority works, prepares cost estimates and submits requests for funding
 - KAZ provides cash or contractors to execute works
 - KAZ/KGZ jointly commission the works
- Agreement is under review for further refinements



Development of IWRM Plans for Chu Talas Basins

- Awareness of the benefits from IWRM has increased
 - KAZ adopted National IWRM Plan with UNDP support
 - Both KAZ/KGZ requested ADB's assistance in developing IWRM plans for both basins
- Basic legal framework exists
 - KAZ/KGZ Water Codes of 2003 and 2005
 - 2000 Chu and Talas Agreement
- Political will and commitment from both countries to develop IWRM plans is in place

However

- Institutional and technical capacity needs to be further developed to create and implement plans
- Additional support for the development and dissemination of plans is required

ADB RETA – Improved Management of Water Resources in Central Asia

- Approved September 2008 to be completed in 2010
- Impact Sustainable economic development in the Central Asian Republics and Afghanistan
- Outcome Improved regional cooperation on water resources for the Central Asian Republics and Afghanistan
- Components
 - Improved knowledge base for water resources management of the Amu Darya
 - Strengthened institutional framework for regional cooperation on water resources for the Syr Darya and Amu Darya
 - Support to the Chu Talas Joint River Commission
- Implemented through a Steering Committee with support from National Working Groups and a Technical Secretariat
- Steering Committee to have broad control over the content and pace of the dialogue
- Developed in close consultation with RETA participants
- Approach to coordinate with other ongoing initiatives



Improved Knowledge Base for the Amu Darya

- Hydrometeorological network
 - Analysis and recommended improvements for the hydromet system
 - Improved data exchange protocols among stakeholders
 - Scope additional technical hydrological, morphological and other water resources studies
- Benefits from regional cooperation
 - Review and develop methodology(s) to assess economic, social, environmental and other benefits from regional cooperation on water resources
 - Assess benefits, costs and their distribution from different operational and development strategies of the Amu Darya
 - Scope additional studies to better understand the benefits from regional cooperation on water resources management



Strengthened Institutional Framework for Regional Cooperation on Water Resources

- Analysis of institutional arrangements for water resources management in the Amu Darya Basin with recommendations to improve - including Afghanistan
- Work to develop an interstate agreement for regional cooperation on water resources for the Amu Darya - including Afghanistan
- Continue work on the Draft Agreement on the Use of Water and Energy Resources in the Syr Darya River Basin
- Identify options to institutionalize dialogue for regional cooperation on water resources and to develop a long-term program of work, budget and implementation arrangements for continued dialogue after completion of the RETA



Support to the Chu–Talas Joint Rivers Commission

- Strengthening the agreement of 2000 on the Use of Interstate Water Facilities in the Chu and Talas Basins
- Introduction of additional computerized water assessment and allocation models for the Chu and Talas basins
- Development and dissemination of IWRM plans for each basin



Activities to Support Development of IWRM Plans for Chu Talas Basins

- Establishment of Interstate Chu Talas Basin Council
- Collect baseline data on water quality and quantity
- Inventory and improvement of water infrastructure
- Assessment of water losses
- Rehabilitation of key control structures
- Improved automation of water allocation
- Capacity building of stakeholder institutions
- Public consultation and information dissemination
- Endorsement of IWRM plans by both countries



For detailed information on the Chu Talas Joint River Commission please visit:





Possible Activities for Regional Cooperation on Water Resources

- Inventory and analysis of previous and ongoing initiatives for regional cooperation on water resources in CAREC countries – many bilateral and multilateral actors and many activities
- Reporting on or coordination of ongoing initiatives for regional cooperation on water resources in CAREC countries
- Development of a clearing house for information on regional cooperation for water resources for CAREC countries
- Reporting on or analysis of water resources management issues of common concern for CAREC countries

