

UN / CEFACT

United Nations Economic Commission for Europe

United Nations Centre for Trade Facilitation and Electronic Business (UN/CEFACT)

Ms. Kamola Khusnutdinova 10June 2023, Tbilisi

Economic Cooperation and Trade Division in a Nutshell

Harnessing economic cooperation and trade for the SDGs

ONE Vision: Harnessing Economic Cooperation and Trade for the SDGs

TWO Sub-programmes

- Sub-programme 4: Economic Cooperation and Integration
- Sub-programme 6: Trade



THREE Cross-cutting Themes

- Circular Economy and the Sustainable Use of Natural Resources
- Digital and Green Transformations
- Support for Gender Equality and Micro, Small and Medium-sized Enterprises (MSMEs)

FOUR Sections

- Cooperation and Partnerships Section
- Innovative Policies Development Section
- Market Access Section
- Trade Facilitation Section Secretariat of UN/CEFACT

ECE Commission sessions



69th session

promoting circular economy and sustainable use of natural resources



- ECE Recommendation No. 46 with its implementation guidelines
- "The Sustainability Pledge" Call to Action received nearly 100 pledges from 350 industry actors
- Reference Data Model for Sustainable Development and the Circular Economy (SDCE RDM) Project
- UN/CEFACT standards for **connectivity** and semantic interoperability
- ECE Recommendation No.43 on Sustainable Procurement

70th session

digital and green transformations for sustainable development



ECE Recommendation No.2 on Layout Key



UN/CEFACT semantic data models (e.g. SDCE RDM project)

UN/CEFACT White Papers:

- Verifiable Credentials for Cross Border Trade
- IoT Standards for Trade Facilitation
- Open Finance to Support Trade Facilitation
- Blockchain for Trade and the SDGs
- AI for Trade Facilitation; and others

UN/CEFACT

About UN/CEFACT

Objectives

- Simple, transparent and effective processes for global business
- Efficient and automated exchange of information
- Targeted support to SDGs 8, 12, and 17

Key tools

- Nearly 50 global trade facilitation recommendations
- 950 e-Business standards and guidelines

Means

- Public-Private Partnership
- Over 1600 experts working on 30 active projects
- Bi-annual Forums and annual Plenary sessions
- Four PDAs, 16 Domains



UN/ECOSOC

UNECE

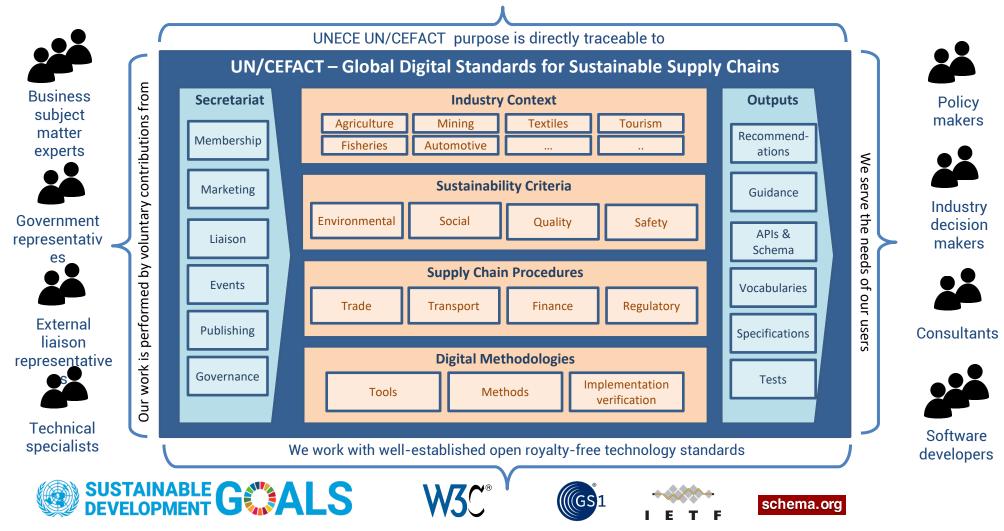
EXCOM





Trade Facilitation Standards support Sustainable Supply Chains





Public & Private Standard Development Organization's Relationship & Working Together



Forbes

hy The Circular onomy Is The Perfect

dustry

For The Fashion

la Repubblica

Ouanto è "circolare"

Bocconi

la moda? Lo misura la



- > UN/CEFACT is unique among standards development organizations as it ensures interoperability and harmonization across the entire international supply chain and all modes of transport
- > Anyone can participate free of charge and all UN Members States can participate in the approval process, making it extremely inclusive
- > UN/CEFACT work is extensively referenced by partner organizations

toolkit for paperless trade

News • Geneva, 15/03/2022



- Recommendation No. 14 on authentication of trade documents
- Recommendation No. 33 on Single Window (updated)
- Recommendation No. 34 on Data Simplification and Standardization for Digital Trade
- Recommendation No. 35 on establishing a legal framework for an international trade SW
- Recommendation No. 36 on Single Window Interoperability (updated)
- Recommendation No. 37 on Single Submission Portals

White paper on strengthening private sector participation in NTFBs to make them more effective and to strengthen the impact of NTFB to trade facilitation reforms. (soon to become **Rec. 48**)





Digital Transit Accompanying Documents

• provides clear, accessible and concise guidance for options to make accompanying documents digitally available during transit

• holds significant potential for the countries in the CAREC region.

Smart Containers

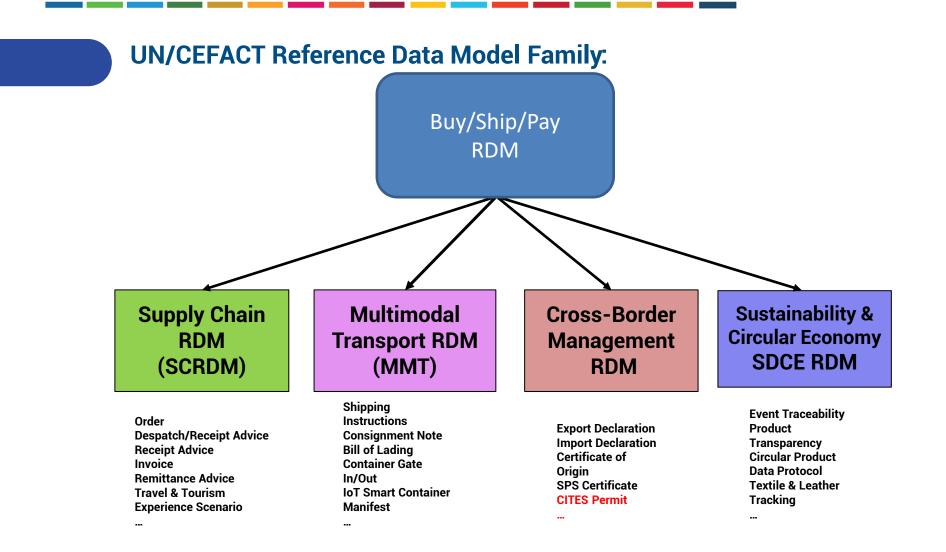
- Smart container applications can be used to enhance operational performance, improve security awareness and compliance, enable green maintenance, contribute to product quality controls and to provide visibility on infrastructure usage.
- UN/CEFACT has identified over twenty use cases for Smart Containers and has provided a detailed Business Requirement Specification describing each of these processes.

Track and Trace

- Mission of this project is to track, trace and monitor any traded and identified items in a singular or intermodal transport supply chain, including transport equipment or assets (e.g. pallet, container)
- To enable information sharing in standard electronic format
- The focus is on logistics services (enhancing visibility, preserving quality) to transport the traded goods between the seller and the buyer.

Focus areas of Trade Facilitation for CAREC: Implementing UN/CEFACT standards for cross-border trade





What UN/CEFACT does: example of streamlined standards for digital transformation

JSON-LD



UN/CEFACT streamlined standards page		UML		<u>Message structure (on HTML index)</u>
		dia	<u>agram</u>	
Supply Chain Management		SCRDM CCBDA CII Message Structure	Exchanged Document Context	Product Net Price
Supply Chain Reference Data Model (SCRDM)			Transaction ID [01] Test Indicator [01]	Applied Allowance/Charge
			Exchanged Document	
Cross Industry Invoice			I1 ID [01]	Trade Accounting Account
• BRS 🔑			Name [0*] Type Code [01] Issue Date Time [11]	Service Supply Country
• RSM 🔑			Copy Indicator [01]	Sub-Division
 Cross Industry Common Requirements BRS 🔑 			Purpose Text [01] Control Requirement Indicator [01]	Buver Repayable Tax Accounting Account
 e-Invoice Executive Guide English 🖉 French 🖉 Russian 🖉 			Language Code [0*] Purpose Code [01] Revision Date Time [01]	— Seller Payable Tax Accounting Account
• XSD Schema			Revision Date Time [01] Version ID [01]	<u>Seller Refundable Tax Accounting Account</u>
UML Diagram HTML index			Global ID [01] Revision ID [01]	Buver Deductible Tax Accounting Account
HIMLINDEX	Standards supp	orting e-Commerce:	Previous Revision ID [01] Category Code [01]	Buver Non-Deductible Tax Accounting Account
Cross Industry Delivery	Core Component Library (CCL) Reference Data Models (RDM) Business Requirement Specifications		Supply Chain Trade Transaction	Applicable Location
Cross Industry Catalogue			Valuation Breakdown Statement	Actual Currency Exchange
				Associated Document
Cross Industry Quotation		rement Specifications	Name [1.1]	Effective Period
Cross Industry Remittance Advice	(BRS)		Description [0*] Measurement Method ID [0*]	Issuer
Cross Industry Scheduling	Core Component Document Assembly (CCBDA)		Creation Date Time [11] Default Currency Code [11] Default Language Code [11]	Legal Organization
Cross Industry Ordering Process	Code Lists (UN I	Rece and	Comment [0*]	Postal Address
	UN/EDIFACT)		Type Code [0*] Requested Action Code [0*] Price List ID [01]	Authorized Registration
Cross Industry Export Packing List			Contractual Language Code [01]	Defined Contact Details
	UN/EDIFACT (sy			
	UN/XML (syntax	x)		

Focus areas of Trade Facilitation for CAREC: Importance of Business Process Analysis





Business Process Analysis (BPA)

• is a methodology for the analysis of a business with a view to understanding the processes and improving the efficiency and effectiveness of its operations



Benefits of the BPA

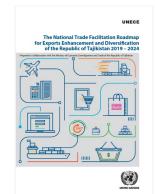
- To document implicit knowledge, capture and record manual and sometimes non-documented processes, i.e. process manuals for both private and public sectors
- To analyze individual actions, documents and data involved in international trade, which jointly or individually involve commercial, transport, regulatory and financial procedures
- To locate problematic areas that cause delays in moving goods from seller to buyer across borders, such as unnecessary forms and documents and repetitive data elements
- To identify opportunities for improvements, such as reducing the number of trade documents and minimizing data requirements

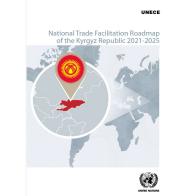


Focus areas of Trade Facilitation for CAREC: National Trade Facilitation Roadmap

National Trade Facilitation Roadmap:

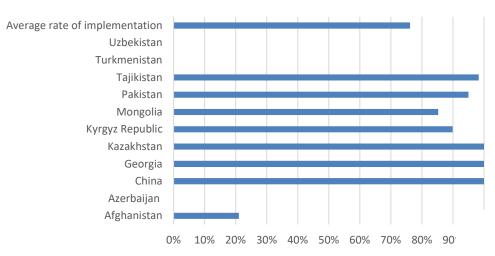
- enhances engagement and buy-in from all key stakeholders through the consultation process
- reinforces the political commitment needed for TF reforms
- provides a governance structure for the overall management of TF reforms
- assists in the preparation of proposals to international donors for technical assistance
- provides performance indicators to assist in measuring and evaluating roadmap progress







WTO Trade Facilitation Agreement implementation



CAREC countries implementation commitments (%)

Key challenges:

- 1.2 Information available through internet
- 7.4 Risk management
- 10.2 Acceptance of copies
- 10.3 Use of international standards \succ
- ➤ 10.4 Single Window
- 11 Transit

Bottom 5 measures with lowest implementation rate

Today Art. 7.4 - Risk management 64.3% Today Art. 8 - Border Agency Cooperati... 63.5% Today Art. 7.7 - Authorized operators 63.2% Today Art. 5.3 - Test procedures 60.7% Today Art. 10.4 - Single window 53.7% 0 20 40 60 80 100 % Developed members Category A current commitments Category B current commitments **Category C current commitments** 13 **Category B future commitments** Category C future commitments Unknown

Based on implementation commitments by all WTO Members

UN Global Survey on Digital and Sustainable Trade Facilitation, 2021

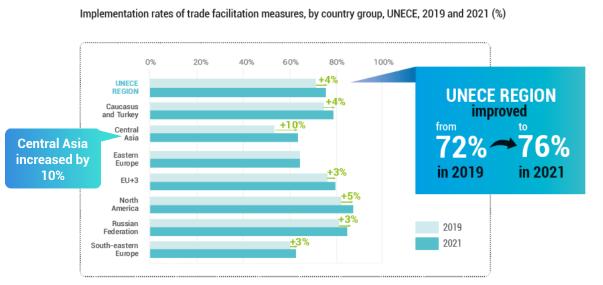


- Digital and Sustainable Trade Facilitation Survey conducted jointly by five UN Regional Commissions
- UNECE prepared a regional report that has taken into consideration the sustainability of TF implementation in times of crisis across the UNECE region
- > The average level of implementation of the TF measures in the UNECE region is 76%.
- > New edition of the survey to be launched in July 2023
- This year's Survey covers 60 measures including two new sets of measures on Trade Facilitation for E-Commerce' and 'Wildlife Trade Facilitation'

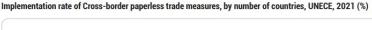


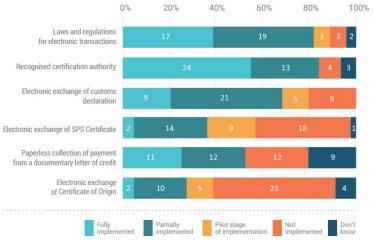
Key trends in the UNECE region from UN Global Survey on Digital and Sustainable Trade Facilitation, 2021





Source: UNECE, based on United Nations Global Survey on Digital and Sustainable Trade Facilitation, 2021





Source: UNECE, based on United Nations Global Survey on Digital and Sustainable Trade Facilitation, 2021.



UN/CEFACT tools supporting implementation:

- Recommendation No. 14 on authentication of trade documents
- **Recommendation No. 33** on Single Window and others
- **Recommendation No. 35** on establishing a legal framework for an international trade Single Window

UNECE TF technical cooperation activities





Joint activities with UN Regional Commissions and other partners

- 5 UN Development Account (UNDAs) projects ongoing
- UN Global Survey on Digital and Sustainable Trade Facilitation for 143 countries (2021-2023)
- EU funded project for enhancing traceability and transparency of sustainable value chains in garment and footwear, jointly with ITC, ILO (2019-2024)



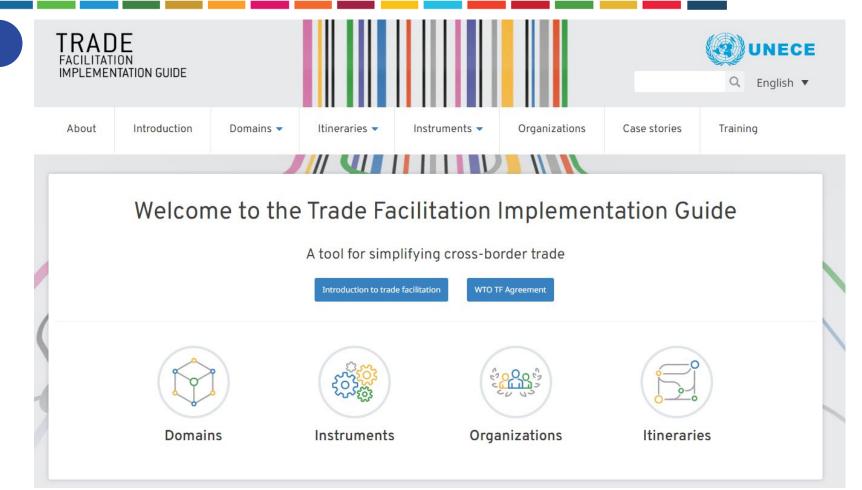
Capacity building and advisory services

- Trade facilitation technical assistance projects for transition economies (Azerbaijan, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan)
- Business Process Analysis in Georgia and Kyrgyz Republic
- Blockchain pilots for global value chains (cotton, leather, wool and cashmere) piloted in Brazil, India, Egypt, India, Peru, Turkey, Uzbekistan; carried out in cooperation with value chain actors in Demark, Germany, France, Italy, Switzerland and UK
- Training Material on helping MSMEs to digitalize their procedures



More information and country-specific case studies/examples





Cooperation with other organizations





UN/CEFACT Recent and upcoming events







