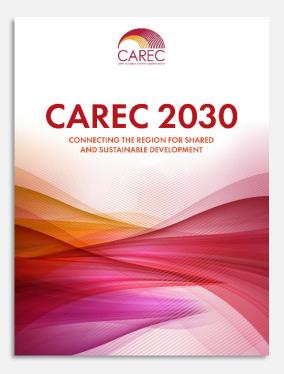
### **Stakeholders Consultation Workshop**

18-19 April 2018, Tbilisi, Georgia

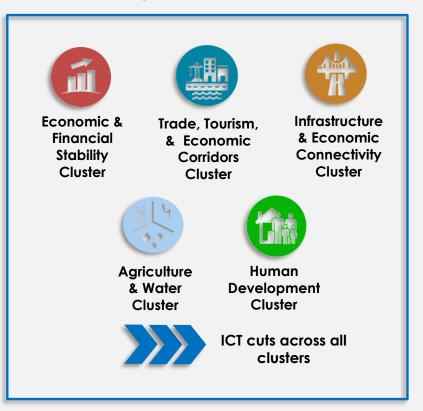


# **CAREC Strategy 2030**

 Connecting the region for shared and sustainable development
 Aligning with national strategies and supporting SDGs and COP21\*



# Expanding operational priorities selectively



\*2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and 21<sup>st</sup> Conference of the Parties to the United Framework Convention on Climate Change

### CAREC 2030 – Trade

### Previous iterations of CAREC trade work

- Transport and Trade Facilitation Strategy 2020
- Trade Policy Strategic Action Plan (2013-2017)
- Common Agenda for Modernization of Sanitary and Phytosanitary (SPS) Measures for Trade



Trade, Tourism, & Economic Corridors Cluster

### **Identified priorities**

- World Trade Organization (WTO) accession and post-accession, Trade Facilitation Agreement (TFA)
- alignment with Revised Kyoto Convention (RKC)
- deepened customs cooperation and integrated trade facilitation
- new opportunities from shifting global and regional trade paradigms (e.g., services, e-commerce, tourism & trade promotion)

# CAREC 2030 – Cross-sectoral linkages



- Trade finance
  - Small and medium enterprise financing
  - Multilateral trade credit & investment guarantee
  - Effective financing models



Agriculture & Water Cluster

- Alignment of SPS measures with international standards
- Product quality and diversity
- Shipment linkages



- Infrastructure & Economic Connectivity Cluster
- Cross-border private sector investment
- Universal customs guarantee
- Cross-border transport agreements for freight and passengers
- Economic corridors



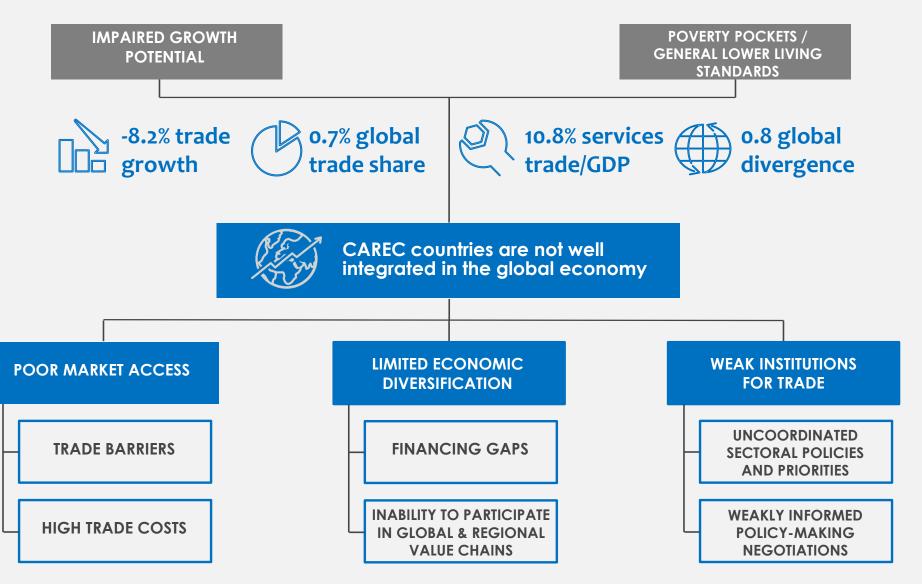
- Regional labor market information, job search and placement services
- Mutual recognition of skills and qualifications



E-commerce

Knowledge and technology on goods and services production





\* Data excludes PRC.



### CAREC COUNTRIES ARE MORE INTEGRATED IN THE GLOBAL ECONOMY



#### TRADE EXPANSION FROM INCREASED MARKET ACCESS

#### FREER TRADE

- Key tariff liberalized
- Non-tariff barriers eliminated
- Unfair trade policies reduced

#### LOWER TRADE COSTS

- Efficient procedures at the border and behind the border
- Improved logistics services
- Enhanced transit system

GREATER DIVERSIFICATION

#### **ADEQUATE FINANCING**

- Improved access to trade finance
- Consistent and open FDI policies
- Developed domestic financial markets

### LINKAGES WITH GLOBAL & REGIONAL VALUE CHAINS

- Skills supply & demand matched
- Adoptability to innovation measures
- Developed business development and support services

#### STRONGER INSTITUTIONS FOR TRADE

### COORDINATED SECTORAL POLICIES AND PRIORITIES

- Collaborative policy formulation and implementation
- Aligned national and regional planning
- Regulatory convergence in the region

#### EVIDENCE-BASED POLICY-MAKING & NEGOTIATIONS

- Improved data collection and cross-country analysis
- Enhanced policy analysis and negotiation skills
- Increased think tank and private sector participation



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CAREC COUNTRIES ARE MORE INTEGRATED IN THE GLOBAL ECONOMY

### **GREATER DIVERSIFICATION**

### Adequate financing

- Improved access to trade finance
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- Developed domestic financial markets

# Linkages with global and regional value chains

- Skills supply and demand matched
- Adoptability to innovation measures
- Developed business development and support services



CAREC COUNTRIES ARE MORE INTEGRATED IN THE GLOBAL ECONOMY

### **C** STRONGER INSTITUTIONS FOR TRADE

# Coordinated sectoral policies and priorities

- Collaborative policy formulation and implementation
- Aligned national and regional planning
- Regulatory convergence in the region

# Evidence-based policy-making and negotiations

Improved data collection and cross-country analysis

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### COORDINATED SECTORAL POLICIES AND PRIORITIES

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#### **Investment Projects**

#### Knowledge Sharing & Capacity Building

Policy Dialogue & Cooperation

#### Research & Analytical Support

### Institutional structure

### Regional Trade Group (RTG) to be established to:

- deliberate on trade policy and trade facilitation issues in a synergistic manner
- comprise officials and experts from trade-related agencies
- develop a trade strategy
- Customs Cooperation Committee to continue to carry out customs cooperation functions

Working groups to be organized in new technical areas such as in sanitary and phytosanitary measures; technical barriers to trade

### Implementation approach

### **Issues-based**

ownership and crosslearning

### Flexible

2 more more countries

# Collaborative

CAREC Institute, MDBs, CFCFA, BRI and other initiatives

### Incremental

Three-year Rolling Strategic Action Plan (RSAP)

# **Rolling Strategic Action Plan**

RSAP 2018-2020

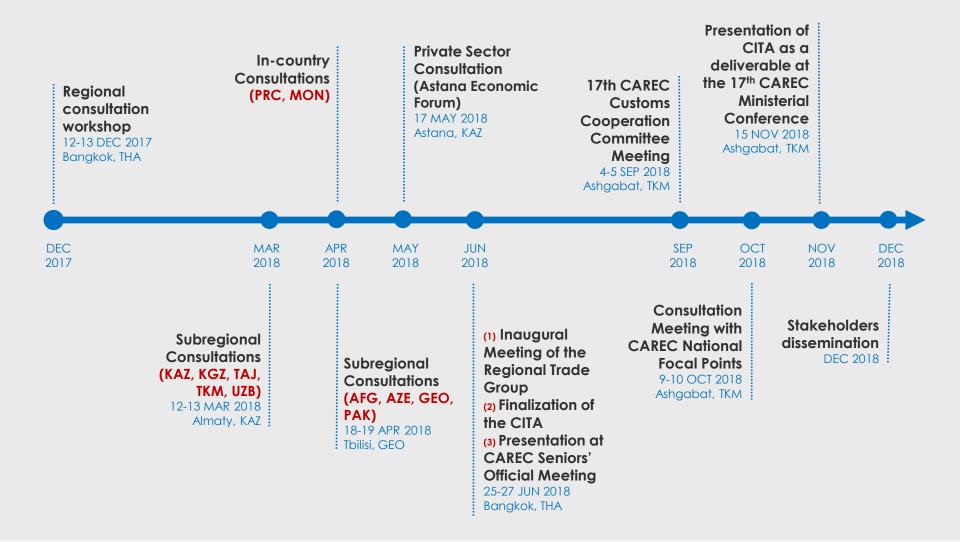
Areas	Targets/Action Line
Open trade policies Lower trade costs Enhanced transit Improved access to trade finance Consistent and open FDI policies Developed domestic financial market	<ul> <li>Adoption of policy measures</li> <li>Compliance with international agreements</li> <li>Alignment with international standards</li> <li>Institution-building</li> <li>Training and capacity-building</li> <li>Investment projects in enabling infrastructure</li> <li>Experience- and knowledge-sharing and cross-learning mechanisms</li> <li>Policy dialogue</li> <li>Scoping studies, research and analytical support</li> </ul>
Skills supply & demand matching $\prec$	
Innovation measures	
Business development support	
Policy collaboration & alignment	
Improved data collection	
Enhanced officials skills	

Increased stakeholders participation

# **Consultation questions**

- Are the overall objectives and scope of the CITA aligned with your countries strategies?
- Are there other priorities or actions or new developments and issues that CAREC program needs to include or consider from your country perspectives?
- How should CAREC position itself as a catalyst for boosting intra-regional and inter-regional trade for the benefit of the member countries?
- Are there other innovative means or good practices that are worth incorporating or replicating for the proposed CITA for CAREC program to deliver more efficiently and effectively?

### **Timeline and next steps**



### Previous consultation meetings





CAREC Workshop on Trade and Trade Facilitation Reforms—WTO Trade Facilitation Agreement and Consolidated Trade Agenda 12-13 Dec 2017 | Bangkok, Thailand

- Total of 25 participants comprising senior-level representatives from ministries of commerce, economy, finance, trade, agriculture, and foreign affairs of CAREC countries and development partners attended
- Panel experts from WTO, WCO, ADB, CAREC Institute, ESCAP, GIZ, and Korea Customs share knowledge and good practices in the workshop

# Previous consultation meetings



Stakeholders Consultation Workshop for Kazakhstan, Kyrgyz Republic, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan 12-13 Mar 2018 | Almaty, Kazakhstan

- 21 representatives from government and national research institutions
- International trade experts and development partners (ESCAP, USAID, and GIZ)



#### Stakeholders Consultation Workshop for Mongolia 26 Mar 2018 | Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia

 Representatives from 7 Mongolian agencies and 5 development partners (World Bank, UNDP) and civil society

- General affirmation that CITA is relevant, responsive, comprehensive and aligned with national strategies or economic plans
- Trade expansion from increased market access
  - Transparency, trade openness and address non-tariff barriers, issue of double taxation, FTAs
  - Support for WTO accession (observer status), sharing of experience by new members, Trade Policy Review
  - Challenges for non-WTO members, legal support on international trade issues
  - Continued interest in single window interoperability, paperless trade, exchange of information among trade authorities, guidance on joint customs control

### Trade expansion from increased market access

- Adoption of international standards, mutual recognition and modernization of Quality Infrastructure and SPS facilities
- Disseminate information on CAREC Advanced Transit System (CATS), possible bilateral transit arrangements and alignment with regional plans
- Accession to international conventions (e.g., RKC, Istanbul convention, TIR)
- Interconnection of trade work with real sectors customs with transport strategy, multilateral logistics standards (3PL, 4PL) and BCP improvements; SPS with agriculture (green corridor); technical standards with industrial development

### Greater diversification

- SME access to finance and trade insurance
- how CITA relates with new initiatives under the WTO e-commerce, investment facilitation and MSMEs
- Sectoral clusters development
- Trade in services and movement of people (visa regime simplification), tourism clusters
- information and communication technology (ICT)
- cross-border financial transactions
- innovation and industrial development development of economic zones (including R&D), economic corridors and export diversification (industrial policy vs import substitution)

### Stronger institutions for trade

- Support for development of national strategies, roadmaps (e.g., how to add value-added in products, phased approach to liberalization)
- Strengthen National Committee on Trade Facilitation (NCTF)
- Creation of Regional Trade Group (RTG), permanent contact points
- knowledge hub/online portal on trade statistics, regulations and trade policy developments
- Electronic platform to discuss issues in between meetings
- information on donor support programs in CAREC
- meetings and roundtables with private sector
- leverage regional arrangements/program (e.g., BRI)



