



CAREC 2030

Program Results Framework

Impact: Sustainable Economic Development and
Shared Prosperity for the CAREC Region

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ABBREVIATIONS

CAREC	Central Asia Regional Economic Cooperation
CASA-1000	Central Asia–South Asia Electricity Transmission Project
CPMM – CAREC	Corridor Performance Measurement and Monitoring
ESCC	Energy Sector Coordination Committee
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
IMAR	Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region
IMF	International Monetary Fund
MC	Ministerial Conference
NFP	National Focal Point
PRC	People’s Republic of China
SOM	Senior Officials Meeting
TAP	Turkmenistan–Afghanistan–Pakistan Power Transmission Interconnection Project
TAPI	urkmenistan–Afghanistan–Pakistan–India Natural Gas Pipeline Project
TUTAP	Turkmenistan–Uzbekistan–Tajikistan–Afghanistan–Pakistan Power Interconnection Project
TVET	Technical and Vocational Education and Training
UHC	Universal Health Care;
UNWTO	United Nations World Tourism Organization
WDI	World Development Indicators
WEF	World Economic Forum
XUAR	Xinjiang–Uyghur Autonomous Region

CAREC 2030 Program Results Framework

Introductory Note

Introduction

1. *CAREC 2030: Connecting the Region for Shared and Sustainable Development*¹ is the strategic framework for the Central Asia Regional Economic Cooperation (CAREC) Program leading to 2030. Endorsed by the 16th Ministerial Conference (MC) in Dushanbe in 2017, it builds on the gains achieved under CAREC 2020.² It is aligned with national strategies and development plans, international sustainable development goals (SDGs), and the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (COP21) global climate agreement.
2. An indicative results framework was included in the CAREC 2030. However, specific indicators were left open for the sector coordinating committees and technical groups to deliberate upon and further develop. In the interim, a number of sector strategies with accompanying results frameworks were produced, notably, the CAREC Integrated Trade Agenda³ approved in 2018; the 2030 Transport Strategy⁴ and the 2030 Energy Strategy,⁵ both approved in 2019; and tourism and gender strategies that will be placed to the CAREC Ministers this year. Scoping Studies have been completed for health⁶ and education⁷ while one is underway for CAREC's water pillar. Sector strategies, operational plans (including for the Food Safety Network under the agriculture pillar), and results frameworks for these sectors and pillars are also being formulated.
3. This CAREC 2030 Program Results Framework (PRF), including concrete indicators, baseline data, and data sources at outcome and output levels, is prepared by the CAREC secretariat in coordination with ADB sector focal points. It is used for reporting in CAREC's three-yearly Development Effectiveness Report (DEfR).

Development of the CAREC 2030 Program Results Framework

4. The proposed PRF covers the five priority clusters namely, Economic and Financial Stability; Trade, Tourism, and Economic Corridors; Infrastructure and Economic Connectivity; Agriculture and Water; and Human Development. The three cross-cutting themes – Information and Communication Technology (ICT), mitigation of climate change impact, and gender mainstreaming will be tracked as part of the clusters within the various sector and pillar frameworks.
5. The Secretariat focal for each sector or pillar led the identification and screening of indicators, baselines, and targets. The formulation of

¹ ADB. 2017. *CAREC 2030: Connecting the Region for Shared and Sustainable Development*. Manila.

² ADB. 2012. *CAREC 2020: A Strategic Framework for the Central Asia Regional Economic Cooperation Program 2011–2020*. Manila.

³ ADB. 2019. *CAREC Integrated Trade Agenda Rolling Strategic Action Plan 2018–2020*. Manila.

⁴ ADB. 2020. *CAREC Transport Strategy 2030*. Manila.

⁵ ADB. 2019. *CAREC Energy Strategy 2030: Common Borders. Common Solutions. Common Energy Future*. Manila.

⁶ ADB. 2020. *Regional Cooperation in Health under CAREC 2030: Scoping Study. Consultant's Report*.

⁷ ADB. 2019. *Education and Skills Development under the CAREC Program: A Scoping Study*. Manila.

PRF reflects CAREC's character as an open and inclusive platform and draws inputs from various groups that comprise its new institutional framework. It will be formally submitted to the Ministerial Conference (proposed in the first half of December 2020) for adoption.

Principles and Criteria for Indicator Selection

6. Indicators have been selected to reflect progress in key areas of the sector or pillar. In the interest of efficiency and brevity, only lead indicators will be reported in the DEfR while the sector coordinating committees and working groups track and report annually on the full spectrum of indicators across their programs. The PRF uses "SMART" (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Relevant, and Time-Bound) indicators chosen for their robustness in capturing changes to which interventions have contributed over time and relevance towards improving performance and capturing multi-country benefits.
7. Overall, indicators must directly measure results, include baselines for each performance dimension, and be supported by regular data collection and reporting. The PRF is flexible to accommodate future indicators and refinements as the sector and cluster programs evolve. The sector and pillar strategies and workplans that are still being formulated will be incorporated into the PRF after being confirmed by sector coordinating committees and working groups.

8. The PRF, in view of the above, is a living document that will adopt evolving strategies and approaches as CAREC clusters and sectors respond to the changing needs of the region. Cross-cutting areas such as Economic Corridor Development (ECD) and Tourism are more closely tied to progress in other clusters and sectors. In these cases, ECD and Tourism results will be limited to those aspects over which each program has the most relevance.

Maintenance and Reporting

9. CAREC 2030 mandates the Secretariat to report on the Program's progress every three years and to make these available online. This will be supported with an online system of tracking and updating. A Development Effectiveness Review (DEfR) which reports on progress against the PRF will be prepared in 2021 to reflect results as of 2020 using 2017⁸ data as baseline. The DEfR will be posted on the CAREC website and disseminated widely. This will be in addition to the annual sector progress reports for the Senior Officials Meeting and the Ministerial Conference. The DEFR 2021 will be submitted for review by SOM in June 2021 and endorsement by the Ministerial Conference in November 2021. Thereafter, the next DEfR will be prepared in 2024 and subsequently on a three-year basis.

⁸ Because of constraints in data collection, the Trade pillar uses 2016 data as baseline.

CAREC* 2030 Program Results Framework

Impact: Sustainable Economic Development and Shared Prosperity for the CAREC Region

Outcome/Output	Indicator	2017 Baseline	Progress*				Data Source
			2020	2023	2026	2029	
Cluster 1: Economic and Financial Stability (EFS) (Cluster Lead: Regional Cooperation and Operations Coordination Division, CWRD-ADB)							
Cluster Outcome: Cluster Outcome: Increased regional macroeconomic stability, improved investment, and financial integration							
Risk: The extent and duration of the travel restrictions due to the Coronavirus pandemic pose a risk to physical meetings in the future. To the extent possible, they can be substituted by virtual meetings.							
Assumption: Continued cooperation and contributions from other CAREC development partners to keep the momentum of the activities under this cluster							
Increased regional macroeconomic stability, improved investment, and financial integration	High level policy dialogue on macroeconomic issues among CAREC countries regularized, leading to greater economic stability and improved macroeconomic outcomes	<p>0 high-level participation in CAREC meetings on economic and financial stability issues</p> <p>Regional average growth rate of X%</p> <p>Current account deficit at Y% of GDP</p> <p>Public debt to GDP ratio of Z% of GDP</p>	At least # % of participants in annual high-level forum on economic and financial stability are at minister / central bank governor level	At least # % of participants in annual high-level forum on economic and financial stability are at minister / central bank governor level			<p>Cluster monitoring report (CAREC Secretariat)</p> <p>CAREC website</p> <p>IMF, World Bank and ADB economic monitoring reports</p>

* Progress will be reported in CAREC's 3-yearly Development Effectiveness Report.

Outcome/Output	Indicator	2017 Baseline	Progress ^a				Data Source
			2020	2023	2026	2029	
Assumption: CAREC countries' interest in regional economic and financial cooperation increased due to the relevance and importance of the topics under CAREC.							
Output 1: Policy dialogue on economic and financial stability issues institutionalized	EFS Output (OP) 1 High level dialogues on economic and financial stability issues organized	(2018) 0 high level economic and financial stability forums organized	At least # high level economic and financial stability forums organized annually	At least # high level economic and financial stability forums organized annually			Summary of Proceedings CAREC website
Assumption: CAREC countries' interest in regional economic and financial cooperation increased due to the relevance and importance of the topics under CAREC.							
Output 2: CAREC Capital Markets Forum institutionalized	EFS OP 2 CAREC capital market regulators meet regularly to discuss capacity building and legal and regulatory harmonization issues	0 meetings of CAREC capital market regulators	CAREC capital markets forum meets every # years	CAREC capital markets forum meets every # years At least # reports on potential capital market innovations in CAREC countries finalized.			At least 1 report on potential capital market innovations in CAREC countries finalized

Outcome/Output	Indicator	2017 Baseline	Progress ¹				Data Source
			2020	2023	2026	2029	
Cluster 2: Trade (TRD), Tourism (TSM) and Economic Corridors (ECD)							
Cluster Outcome: Expanded trade, competitive economic corridors, and tourism opportunities							
Trade (Sector Lead: Regional Trade Group; Customs Cooperation Committee; Public Management, Financial Sector and Regional Cooperation Division, EARD-ADB)							
Risks: Prolonged COVID-19 pandemic resulting to continued supply chain disruptions; continued global trade tensions affecting trade flows							
Assumption: Governments remain committed to trade facilitation and liberalization.							
CAREC countries are more integrated into the global economy	TRD Outcome (OC) 1 Trade in fuels and non-fuels within CAREC and with rest of the world as % of GDP	2016 Baseline as per CITA 2030 Fuels: Within region: 0.43 With rest of the world: 9.59 Nonfuels: Within region: 1.83 With rest of the world: 24.03	Fuels: Within region: # With rest of the world: # Nonfuels: Within region: # With rest of the world: #	Fuels: Within region: # With rest of the world: # Nonfuels: Within region: # With rest of the world: #			UN COMTRADE Database
Assumption: Measures adopted by countries allow a wide range of services to develop and industry to be more robust and dynamic.							
Output 1: Greater diversification in products and sectors achieved	TRD OP 1 Trade in services as % of GDP Share of top 5 exports in total exports	2016 Baseline as per CITA 2030 Trade in services at 10.0% of GDP Share of top 5 exports in total exports at # %	Trade in services at # % of GDP Share of top 5 exports in total exports at # %	Trade in services at # % of GDP Share of top 5 exports in total exports at # %			WDI

Outcome/Output	Indicator	2017 Baseline	Progress ¹				Data Source
			2020	2023	2026	2029	
Assumption: Appropriate participants selected in CAREC activities; participants share knowledge and apply new skills acquired to their work							
Output 2: Capacity of institutions for trade strengthened	TRD OP 2 % of respondents from trade institutions report improved knowledge for trade	2018 Baseline 93.0% of respondents (based on limited survey for trade events)	% of respondents	% of respondents			Post-event evaluation and surveys, CAREC meetings documents
Tourism (Sector Lead: Urban Development and Water Division, CWRD-ADB)							
Assumption: Enhanced relevance of national tourism strategies and action plans in CAREC countries including enhanced emphasis on regional tourism cooperation.							
Tourism competitiveness and positioning of the CAREC region as a globally attractive tourism destination enhanced	TSM OC 1 CAREC countries' Travel and Tourism Competitiveness Index rank increased	2 of CAREC countries within the top 70 ranks (PRC 15, Georgia 70)	At least # CAREC countries within the top 70 ranks	At least # CAREC countries within the top 70 ranks			UNWTO database, national tourism statistics, CEIC WEF Travel and Tourism Competitiveness Reports
Assumption: High degree of coordination among countries and between various stakeholders within each country as required by integrated tourism projects; Synergy-building and collaboration between development partners to optimize the use of technical and financial resources.							
Output 1: Regional tourism projects approved	TSM OP 1 Regional tourism projects conceptualized and approved	N/A	# regional TA	At least # regional tourism projects approved			Project documents and consultants' reports

Outcome/Output	Indicator	2017 Baseline	Progress ¹				Data Source
			2020	2023	2026	2029	
Risk: Virtual meetings due to COVID-19 affect the efficiency and effectiveness of these meetings to some extent .							
Output 2: Institutional mechanism for implementing joint regional tourism initiatives established	TSM OP 2 Expert groups and regional tourism agency established and operationalized		N/A	At least # expert groups meetings held and Institutional framework in the Tourism Strategy 2030 endorsed by CAREC countries	At least # expert groups meetings held and regional tourism agency operational		Proceedings of CAREC events, including meetings of the expert groups, registration documents of the regional tourism agency
Economic Corridors (Pillar Lead: Regional Cooperation and Operations Coordination Division, CWRD-ADB)							
Risk: Geopolitical crises or disruptions occur in the region affecting relationships between the participating countries of the ECDs; COVID-19 or other pandemics persist affecting cross-border cooperation among ECD participating countries							
Land and air economic corridors applied by CAREC countries to strengthen economic links and drive trade and development of cross-border regions	ECD OC 1 Cross-border economic corridor concepts		1 country with economic corridor concept included in national development strategies of CAREC countries 3-year average increase in trade turnover along designated corridors (X%)	# countries with economic corridor concept included in national development strategies of CAREC countries trade turnover along designated economic corridors keep growth	# countries with economic corridor concept included in national development strategies of CAREC countries rade along designated economic corridors return to or surpass _(year)_ level		CAREC reports National development strategies of participating countries

Outcome/Output	Indicator	2017 Baseline	Progress ¹				Data Source
			2020	2023	2026	2029	
Risk: Changes in senior management of the ECD sectors which lead to reduced commitments on agreed sector development for cross-border ECDs.							
Assumption: Peace and stability in the CAREC region prevail and favorable fiscal conditions are sustained							
Output 1: Economic corridors successfully developed	ECD OP 1 ECD related sector development concepts included in national development strategies of CAREC countries	0 ECD related sector development concepts included in national development strategies of CAREC countries	At least # ECD related sector (tourism) development concepts included in national development strategies of CAREC countries	At least # ECD related sector (# under ABEC; # under STKEC) development concepts included in national development strategies of CAREC countries			CAREC reports
Risk: Changes in administrative procedures or project related policies in participating countries, and/or turnover of officials during project implementation.							
Assumption: Peace and stability in the CAREC region prevail and desire for regional economic corridor development remains strong.							
Output 2: ECD related projects developed and implemented	ECD OP 2 Projects supporting priority sectors for ECD developed and implemented	0 project concepts approved 1 TA (ABEC)	# project concepts approved under ABEC # TAs approved (ABEC+STKEC)	# projects approved # TAs			CAREC reports Project documents from implementing agencies of participating countries and other financing or cofinancing development partners

Outcome/Output	Indicator	2017 Baseline	Progress ¹				Data Source
			2020	2023	2026	2029	
Cluster 3: Infrastructure and Economic Connectivity							
Cluster Outcome: Enhanced economic connectivity and increased sustainability and resilience of regional infrastructure							
Transport (Sector Lead: Transport Sector Coordinating Committee; Transport and Communications Division, CWRD-ADB)							
Assumption: Peace and stability in the CAREC region prevail and desire for transport facilitation remains strong.							
Enhanced economic connectivity and sustainability of regional transport infrastructure	Transport (TRP) OC 1 Average speed by corridors by speed with delay (SWD) and by speed without delay (SWOD)		2017 Baseline Road: SWD=22.2 kph SWOD=45.0 kph Rail: SWD=14.8 kph SWOD=37.6 kph	Road: SWD= # kph SWOD= # kph Rail: SWD= # kph SWOD= # kph	Road: SWD= # kph SWOD= # kph Rail: SWD= # kph SWOD= # kph		CAREC CPMM Report
Assumption: Priority for cross-border trade is maintained							
Output 1: Efficiency improvements in border crossing points (BCPs), customs clearance, immigration procedures and cross-border logistics	TRP OP 1 Time to clear a border crossing point, by corridor, country and BCP		2017 Baseline Average Road – 16.9 hrs Rail – 26.2 hrs	Average Road – # hrs Rail – # hrs	Average Road – # hrs Rail – # hrs		CAREC CPMM Report

Outcome/Output	Indicator	2017 Baseline	Progress ¹				Data Source
			2020	2023	2026	2029	
Assumption: Priority for railway development is maintained in CAREC countries							
Output 2: Improved service level and operation efficiency of railways	TRP OP 2 CPMM average commercial speed, by CAREC corridor, SWD/SWOD	2017 Baseline	Cor 1 - # kph	Cor 1 - # kph			CAREC CPMM World Economic Forum Global Competitiveness Index
		Cor 1 - 18.1/50.4 kph	Cor 2 - # kph	Cor 2 - # kph			
		Cor 2 - NA	Cor 3 - # kph	Cor 3 - # kph			
		Cor 3 - NA	Cor 4 - # kph	Cor 4 - # kph			
		Cor 4 - 10.0/20.6 kph	Cor 6 - # kph	Cor 6 - # kph			
		Cor 6 - 12.9/24.7 kph					
Energy (Sector Lead: Energy Sector Coordinating Committee; Energy Division, CWRD-ADB)							
Risks: Persistence of low fossil fuel prices may lead to delays in the introduction of renewable energy in CAREC countries .							
Enhanced regional energy security and deployment of green energy the energy sector of CAREC countries	Energy (ENG) OC 1 % renewable energy in CAREC countries	2017 Baseline <1% renewable energy in CAREC countries	# % renewable energy in CAREC countries	# % renewable energy in CAREC countries			Statistics and communique of CAREC governments; Meeting documents of ESCC, SOM, NFPs', MC Meetings; new CAREC Energy web portal

Outcome/Output	Indicator	2017 Baseline	Progress ¹				Data Source
			2020	2023	2026	2029	
Risks: Changes in political agenda may de-prioritize regional connectivity projects							
Output 1: Increased regional energy trade through implementation of the TUTAP, TAP, and CASA-1000 electricity interconnection projects and the TAPI gas pipeline project	ENG OP 1 TUTAP, TAP, and CASA-1000 electricity interconnection projects and the TAPI gas pipeline project operational	2017 Baseline 0 project operational	0 project operational	# project(s) operational			CAREC reports and web portal
Risks: Lack of market-based principles and solid regulatory framework attracts few green energy projects							
Output 2: Financing vehicle for green energy projects developed and consumer awareness for energy efficiency strengthened	ENG OP 2 # of donor organizations providing finance to new CAREC green energy alliance and # of regional energy efficiency consumer campaigns held throughout the region	2017 Baseline 0 donor organizations providing finance to new CAREC green energy alliance 0 regional energy efficiency consumer campaigns held	# of donor organizations providing finance to new CAREC green energy alliance # of regional energy efficiency consumer campaigns held	# of donor organizations providing finance to new CAREC green energy alliance # of regional energy efficiency consumer campaigns held			CAREC energy web portal, ADB social media, CARECenergy sector progress reports, and work program of ESCC

Outcome/Output	Indicator	2017 Baseline	Progress ^a				Data Source
			2020	2023	2026	2029	
Cluster 4: Agriculture (AGR) and Water							
Cluster Outcome: Expanded agricultural trade, and effective transboundary water resource management							
Agriculture (Sector Lead: Environment, Natural Resources and Agriculture Division, CWRD-ADB)							
Assumption: CAREC countries maintain high-level policy commitment to pursue international certification standards.							
Enhanced institutional capacity in adopting international Sanitary and Phytosanitary measures	AGR OC 1 National food safety regulations in compliance with the international Sanitary and Phytosanitary measures developed/ revised	Very limited compliance	Adoption of international standard commenced (Yes/No)	Adoption of international standard deepened (Yes/No)			FAO and CAREC reports
Assumption: CAREC countries commit to duty continuity of staff in food inspection agencies.							
Output 1: National regulations harmonized with international Sanitary and Phytosanitary measures.	AGR OP 1 Key strategies and guidelines for Sanitary and Phytosanitary measures developed	0 developed	# developed/ revised in # countries (plus technical advice to all member countries on need basis)	# developed/ revised in # countries (plus technical advice to all member countries on need basis)			CAREC reports
Output 2: Strengthened capacity of value chain actors in implementing measures to achieve international Sanitary and Phytosanitary measures	AGR OP 2 Training workshops and on-the-job training on Sanitary and Phytosanitary measures conducted for food safety inspectors	0 training workshops and on-the-job training on Sanitary and Phytosanitary measures conducted	# training workshops and on-the-job training on Sanitary and Phytosanitary measures conducted	# training workshops and on-the-job training on Sanitary and Phytosanitary measures conducted			CAREC reports

Outcome/Output	Indicator	2017 Baseline	Progress*				Data Source
			2020	2023	2026	2029	
Assumption: CAREC countries commit to funding of the network after 2020.							
Output 3: CAREC food safety network initiated.	AGR OP 3 Network setup and administration meetings conducted.	0 network setup and 0 administration meetings conducted.	Network setup (Yes/No) and # administration meetings conducted. (plus technical advice to all member countries on need basis)	Network setup (Yes/No) and # administration meetings conducted.			CAREC reports
Water (Pillar Lead: Environment, Natural Resources and Agriculture Division, CWRD-ADB)							
Assumption: Central Asian governments prioritize water resources development.							
Improved water resources management in the Central Asian region	Water (WTR) OC 1 # of countries with an outlined roadmap of national water resources development interventions	0 of countries with an outlined roadmap	# of countries with an outlined roadmap	# of countries with an outlined roadmap			CAREC reports
Output 1 Water resources developed	WTR OP 1 # of sector specific frameworks for water resources infrastructure investments	0 sector specific frameworks	# of sector specific frameworks	# of sector specific frameworks			CAREC reports
Assumption: CAREC countries commit to funding of the network after 2020.							
Output 2 Operation and maintenance of water infrastructure improved	WTR OP 2 # of country specific recommendations for operation and maintenance practices and cost recovery	0 country specific recommendations	# country specific recommendations	# country specific recommendations			CAREC reports

Outcome/Output	Indicator	2017 Baseline	Progress ¹				Data Source
			2020	2023	2026	2029	
Cluster 5: Human Development							
Cluster Outcome: Increased regional cooperation in education and health							
Education (Sector Leads: Social Sectors Division and Regional Cooperation and Operations Coordination Division, CWRD-ADB)							
Risks: CAREC demonstrates sufficient political will and commitment to harmonize education and skills standards.							
Assumption: CAREC countries embrace the benefits of adopting long-life learning and skill mobility.							
Improved access to and quality of secondary and tertiary skills education and better skills mobility to meet national and international labor market demands	Education (EDC) OC 1 Bilateral and/or multilateral agreements, including student exchange and researcher collaboration agreement, signed among CAREC countries and their partners on tertiary and TVET standardization and harmonization	0 bilateral and/or multilateral agreements signed	0 bilateral and/or multilateral agreements signed	# bilateral and/or multilateral agreements signed			CAREC reports Official documents of the governments
Assumption: CAREC countries demonstrate sufficient political will and commitment to harmonize education and qualification standards.							
Output 1: Standardization and harmonization in higher education strengthened	EDC OP 1 Agreement framework for collaboration established	N/A	(Baseline) At least # countries sign collaboration framework agreement	At least # countries sign collaboration framework agreement			CAREC reports Official documents of the governments

Outcome/Output	Indicator	2017 Baseline	Progress ¹				Data Source
			2020	2023	2026	2029	
Assumption: CAREC countries demonstrate sufficient political will and commitment to harmonize TVET education and skills standards.							
Output 2: Standardization and harmonization in TVET improved	EDC OP 2 bilateral and/or multilateral agreements signed established for at least one occupation	N/A	# bilateral and/or multilateral agreements signed for # occupation(s)	# bilateral and/or multilateral agreements signed for # occupation(s)			CAREC reports Official documents of the governments
Health (Sector Lead: Social Sectors Division, CWRD-ADB)							
Risks: Governments change their priorities or commitments to regional health-related activities because of political factors.							
Assumption: CAREC countries demonstrate willingness and ability to share information and pilot regional cooperation initiatives in the health sector.							
Increased regional cooperation in health	Health (HLT) OC 1 Number of CAREC countries that incorporate joint regional approaches and cross-sector activities in their UHC and/or health sector strategies or plans	N/A	N/A	# CAREC countries that incorporate joint regional approaches and cross-sector activities			National health strategies/plans CAREC reports
Risks: Different member needs and political and regional interests may complicate the reaching of agreements and consensus on common goals and approaches.							
Output 1: Institutional platform for regional health cooperation established	HLT OP 1 Number of joint regional health solutions developed under CAREC	N/A	At least 2 joint regional health solutions developed	At least 2 joint regional health solutions developed			Monitoring system of strategy

Outcome/Output	Indicator	2017 Baseline	Progress [*]				Data Source
			2020	2023	2026	2029	
Risks: Turnover of DMC officials affects knowledge dissemination.							
Output 2: CAREC countries' capacity to jointly respond to regional health threats enhanced	HLT OP 2 Number of CAREC government officials trained on regional health security and number of countries that share information on human infectious diseases with other countries for cross-border surveillance	N/A	N/A	# participants of whom # % are women # countries			CAREC reports Health surveillance information of CAREC countries

* Abbreviations: CAREC – Central Asia Regional Economic Cooperation; CASA-1000 – Central Asia-South Asia Electricity Transmission Project; CPMM – CAREC Corridor Performance Measurement and Monitoring; ESCC – Energy Sector Coordination Committee; FAO – Food and Agriculture Organization; GDP – Gross Domestic Product; IMAR – Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region; IMF – International Monetary Fund; MC – Ministerial Conference; NFP – National Focal Point; PRC – People’s Republic of China; SOM – Senior Officials Meeting; TAP – Turkmenistan-Afghanistan-Pakistan Power Transmission Interconnection Project; TAPI – Turkmenistan-Afghanistan-Pakistan-India Natural Gas Pipeline Project; TUTAP – Turkmenistan-Uzbekistan-Tajikistan-Afghanistan-Pakistan Power Interconnection Project; TVET – Technical and Vocational Education and Training; UHC – Universal Health Care; UNWTO – United Nations World Trade Organization; WDI – World Development Institute; WEF – World Economic Forum; XUAR – Xinjiang-Uyghur Autonomous Region