

On accession of the Republic of Kazakhstan to the WTO

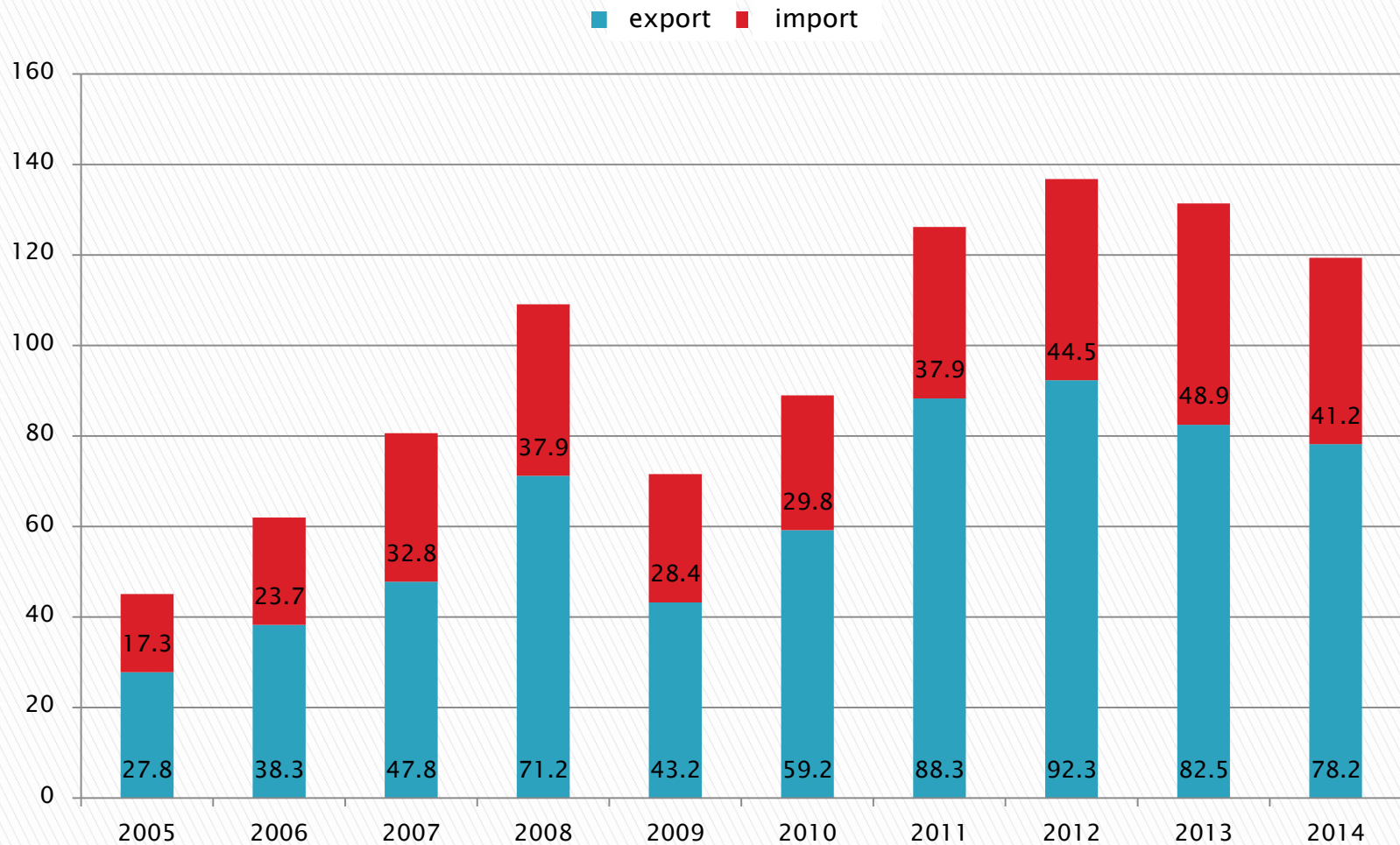
Republic of Kazakhstan

Territory: 2,7 million sq. km
Population: 17million people

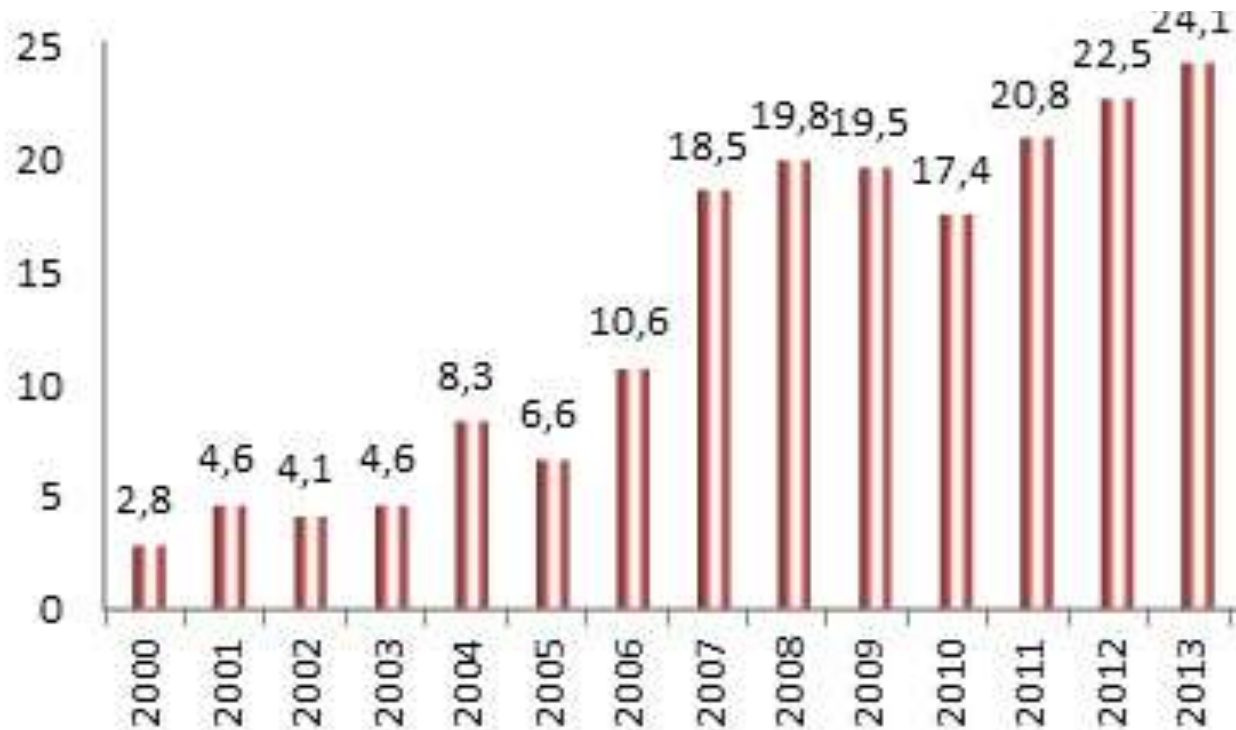
Capital: Astana



Export and import of Kazakhstan for 2005-2014 (billion USD)



Gross inflow of direct investments in the RK in the period 2000–2013 (billion USD)



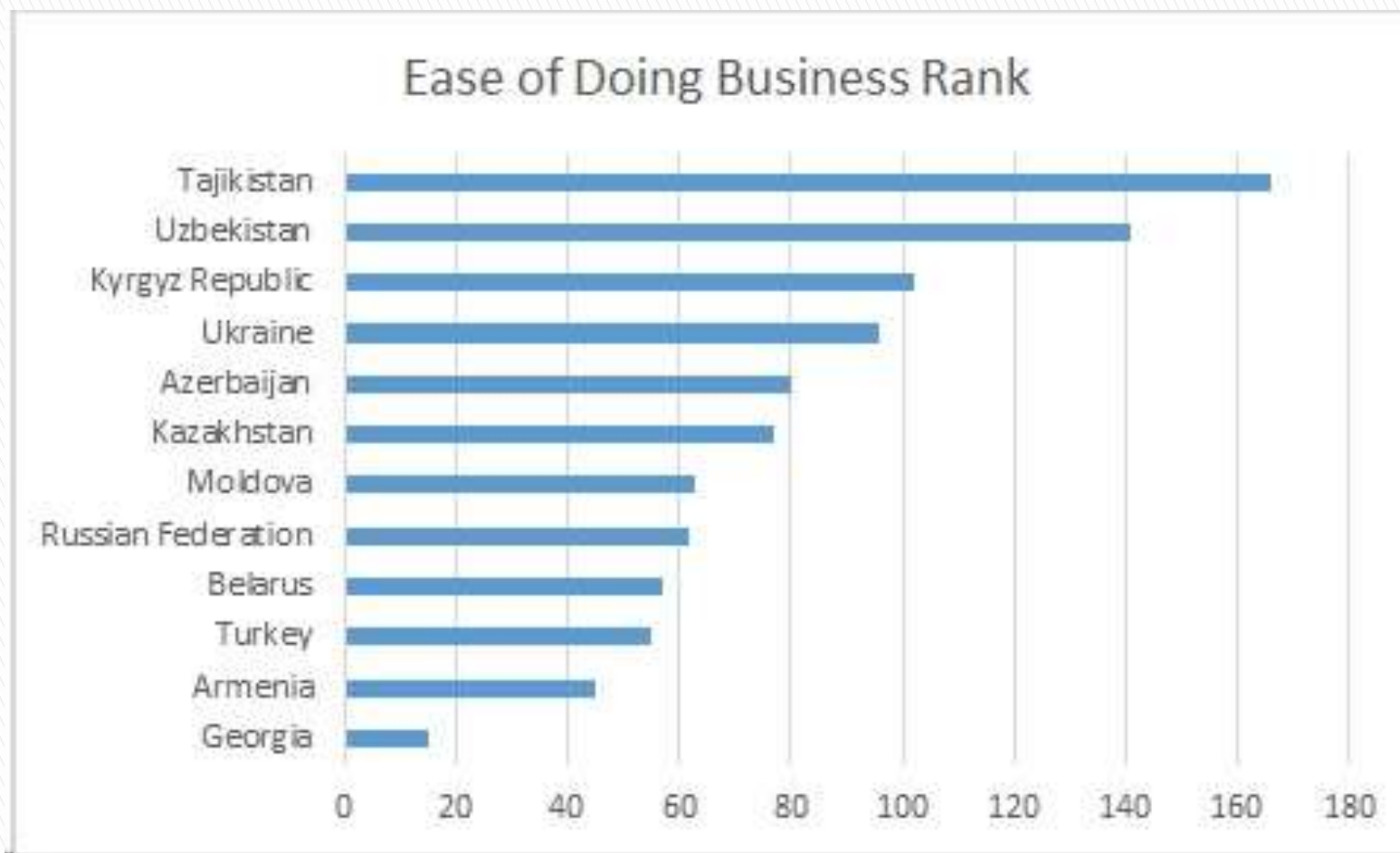
State program of industrial-innovative development of the Republic of Kazakhstan for 2015-2019

Goal of the Program - Promote diversification and competitiveness of the manufacturing industry

Program tasks:

1. Advanced development of the manufacturing industry
2. Improving the efficiency and added value in the priority sectors
3. Preservation of productive employment
4. Giving a new level of adaptability to the priority sectors of the manufacturing industry and providing a basis for future sector development through the formation of innovation clusters
5. Promotion of entrepreneurship and development of small and medium-sized businesses in the manufacturing industry.

Kazakhstan's position in the World Bank's Doing Business rating in 2015



Trading Across Borders Indicators in Doing Business rating in 2015

Indicator	Kazakhstan
Documents to export (number)	10
Time to export (days)	79
Cost to export (US\$ per container)	5,285

Stages to export	Time (days)	Cost (US\$)
Documents preparation	21	330
Customs clearance and inspections	9	425
Ports and terminal handling	5	330
Inland transportation and handling	44	4,200
Totals	79	5,285

Indicator	Kazakhstan
Documents to import (number)	12
Time to import (days)	67
Cost to import (US\$ per container)	5,265

Stages to import	Time (days)	Cost (US\$)
Documents preparation	21	310
Customs clearance and inspections	9	425
Ports and terminal handling	4	330
Inland transportation and handling	33	4,200
Totals	67	5,265

Trading across borders in Kazakhstan

DB 2015

Documents to export

1. Bill of lading
2. Certificate of conformity X
3. Certificate of origin /Statement of manufacture X
4. Commercial invoice
5. Customs export declaration
6. Document certifying payment of customs fees X
7. Packing list X
8. Railway bill (Transport document) X
9. Terminal handling receipts X
10. Transit application/document X

DB 2016

Documents for export

1. Bill of lading
2. Commercial invoice
3. Customs export declaration

The Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan “On Customs Affairs in the Republic of Kazakhstan” dated June 30, 2010 No. 298

Article 281. Submission of Documents for the Customs Declaration of Goods

1. The submission of a customs declaration must be accompanied by the submission of the documents on the basis of which the customs declaration is filled to the customs body, unless otherwise provided by this Code.

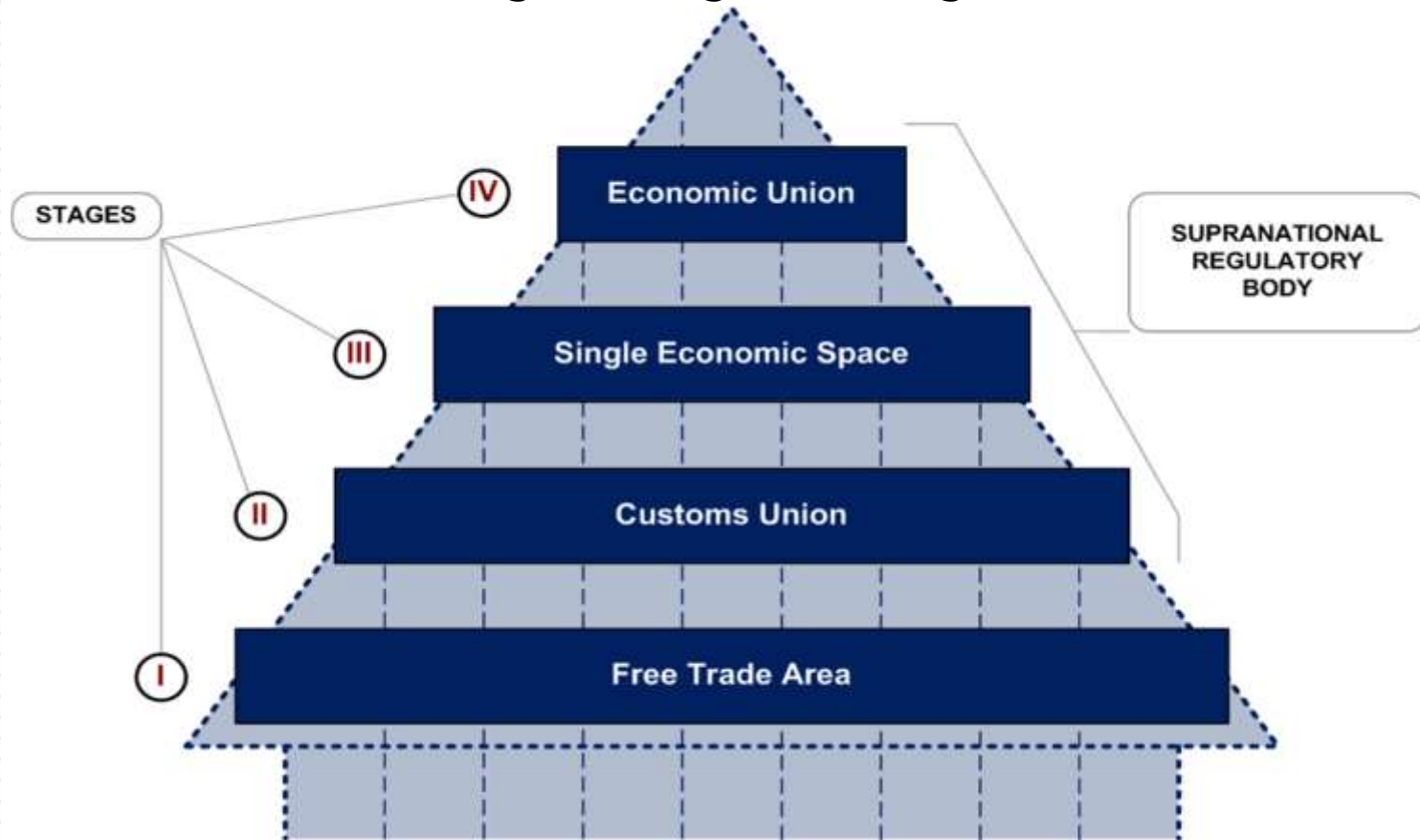
These documents include:

1) *Invoice* or other document to confirm making foreign trade transaction

2) *transport (conveyance) document* depending on used method of transportation.

Eurasian Economic Union

Stages of regional integration



Eurasian Economic Union

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graph TD; A[Eurasian Economic Union] --> B[The Union is an international organization for regional economic integration. It has international legal personality .]; B --> C[The Union provides for free movement of goods, services, capital and labor, pursues coordinated, harmonized and single policy in the sectors determined by the Treaty and international agreements within the Union.]; C --> D[The Union has been endowed with competences within the scope and limits set forth in the Treaty and international agreements in the framework of the Union.];
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The Union is an international organization for regional economic integration. It has international legal personality .

The Union provides for free movement of goods, services, capital and labor, pursues coordinated, harmonized and single policy in the sectors determined by the Treaty and international agreements within the Union.

The Union has been endowed with competences within the scope and limits set forth in the Treaty and international agreements in the framework of the Union.

Accession of Kazakhstan to the WTO

The process of accession of Kazakhstan to the World Trade Organization (WTO) was initiated on January 26, 1996 by submitting to the WTO Secretariat an official application on accession of Kazakhstan to the WTO.

In February of 1996 Kazakhstan was assigned the status of the WTO observer country.

At the same time the Working Party on accession of Kazakhstan to the WTO has been established, which currently consists of 50 WTO member countries.

Negotiation process

- The negotiations on accession of the Republic of Kazakhstan to the World Trade Organization are focused **on four major areas:**
- Bilateral **goods market** access negotiations;
- Bilateral negotiations on access to the **market of services;**
- Multilateral negotiations on **systemic issues;**
- Multilateral negotiations on **agriculture issues.**

What has been done?

- Significant work has been done on bringing legislation of the RK in line with the WTO standards following the results of the meetings of the Working Group on accession of Kazakhstan to the WTO.
- Amendments have been introduced to more than 50 legislative acts of Kazakhstan: Customs Code, Tax Code, Criminal Code, Administrative Code, laws “On Currency Regulation and Currency Control”, “On Licensing”, “On Anti-Dumping Measures”, “On Subsidies and Compensatory Measures”, “On Measures for Protection of Domestic Market from Imports of Goods”, “On technical regulation”, “On Safety of Food Products”, “On Veterinary”, and “On Plants Quarantine”.

**Thank you for your
attention!**