Long term financial plans, and prioritizing investments when funds are limited



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What is a Long Term Financial Plan (LTFP)?

- Covers all the costs associated with maintenance, renewal and expansion of the assets
 - May exclude road authority staffing costs
- How will the costs be paid for
 - Road & fuel taxes
 - Tolls
 - General taxes
 - Development partners
- While some improved focus on RAM can close a small funding gap (maybe 20%), beyond this your LTFP is more a wish than a plan

Long Term?

- Minimum of 10 years, but ideally 20-30 year planning period
- Should cover one full cycle of periodic resurfacing works
- If an historic 'peaky' construction profile, then keep in mind when that peak may come due for renewal
 - Often an issue if a major bridge replacement programme was implemented

Renewal Cost Forecasting

- Many approaches to consider
 - Predictive modelling (e.g. HDM-4)
 - These systems generally take significant data and expertise to yield reliable results
 - Historic costs (trend analysis)

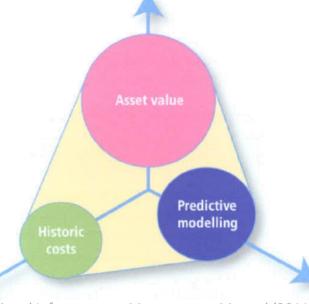
• If you have significant growth in traffic or assets, then is the past a reliable projection of the future?

Asset valuation (average life cycles)

• Often the less reliable (confidence), but easiest to do

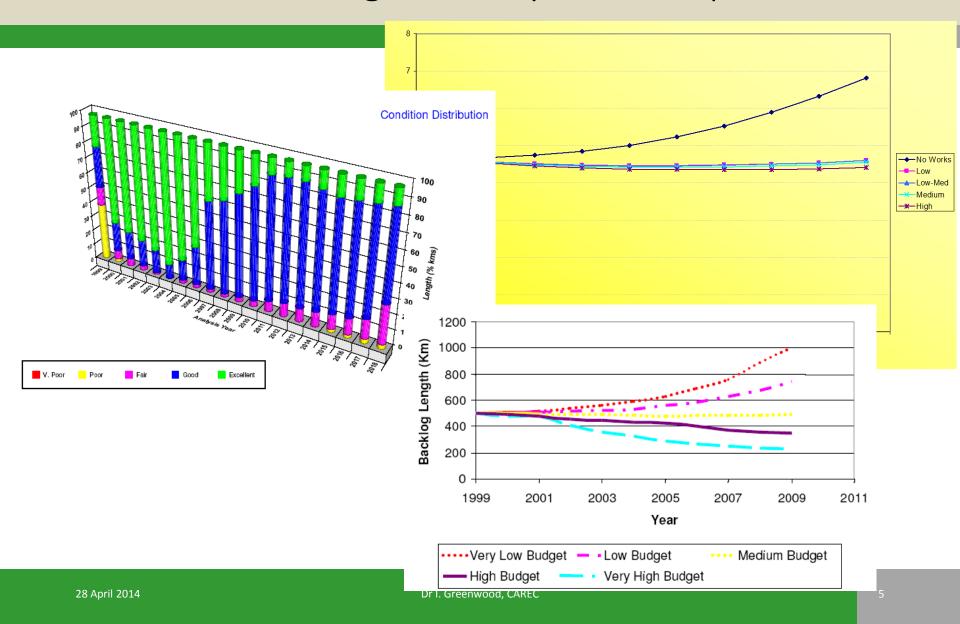
Unlikely to give the same answer

Defines a boundary of where the answer lays



International Infrastructure Management Manual (2011)

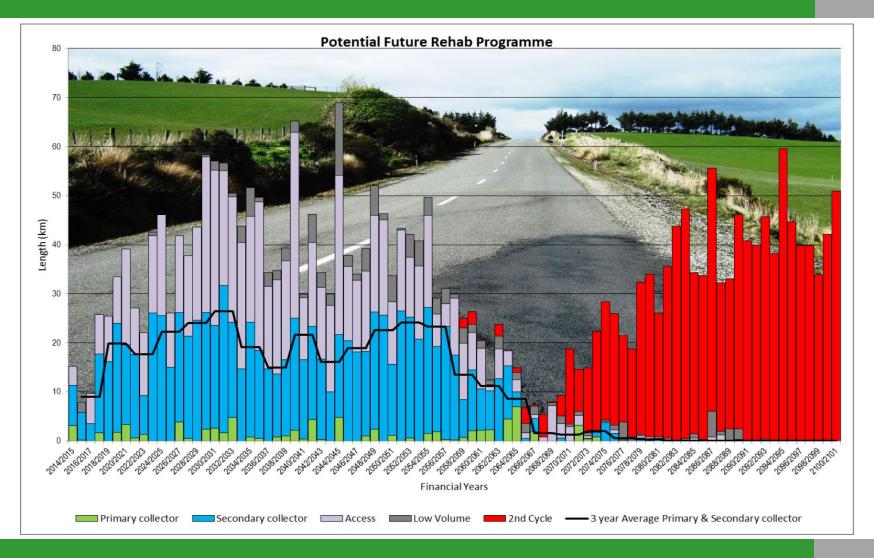
Pavement Management System Outputs



10 Year Forward Work Programme (FWP)

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MAYBECK R	EDEN-	4066	108	214	106		ASQUITH		RS						RS					
MAYBURY S	TAMAKI-	882	0	159		LINE RD	17/19		SM			RS								
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MAYBURY S	TAMAKI-	882	300	511	211	DALTON	64/66		SM			RS								
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MCCULLOCH	TAMAKI-	3989	378	497		39/41	HOBSON			SM			RS							
MCCULLOUG	AVONDA	3990	0	96	96		SMALLFIE					SM	_		RS					

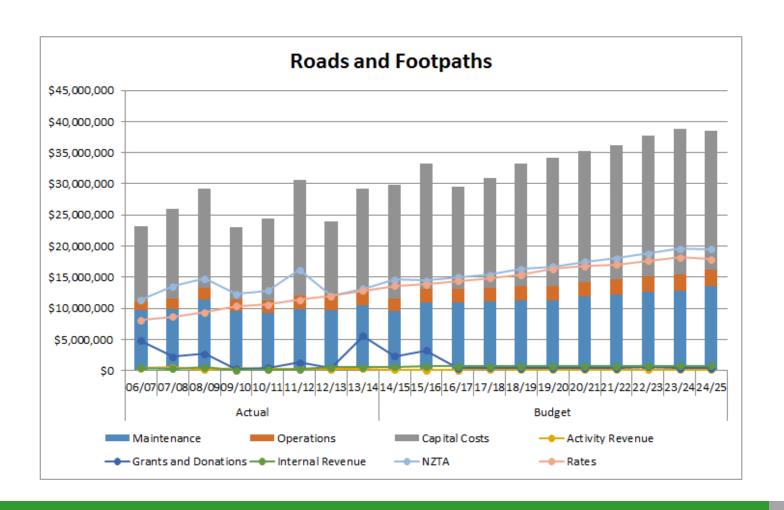
Forecast long term needs to preserve roads



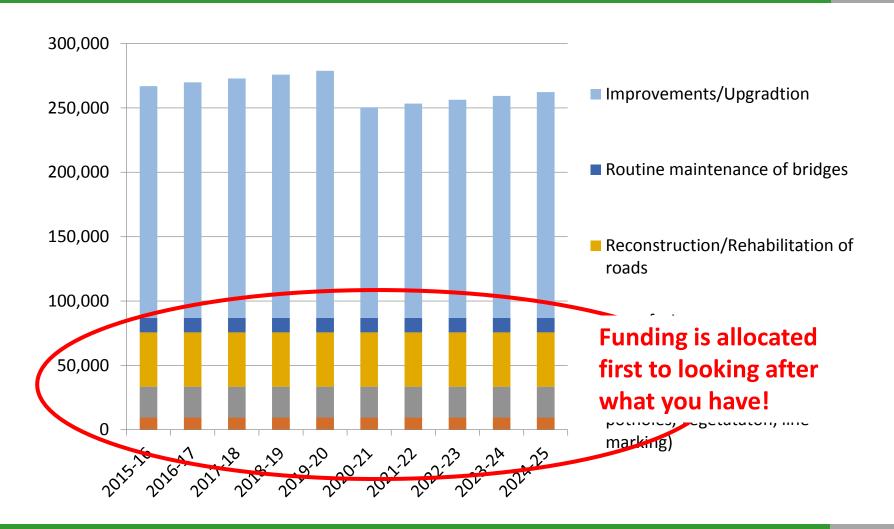
Asset Upgrade / Expansion

- What are your policies
 - Connecting communities with all-weather roads?
 - Replacing old wooden bridges with new concrete structures?
 - All state highways being 2 lanes?
- How will changing demographics and traffic growth impact on these targets?
- Over what time period do you want to achieve these policies?
 - Can often manage funding gap by extending timeline to achieve targets

Financial Forecast Examples

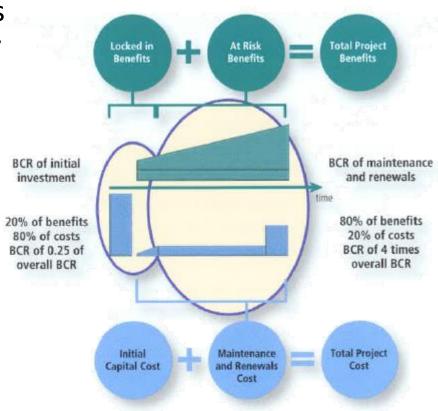


How the LTFP Stacks Up



Why Existing Assets First?

 BCR for looking after what you have is likely to be 10-20 times greater BCR than building new works



International Infrastructure Management Manual (2011)

If You Can't Afford to Look After What You Already Have

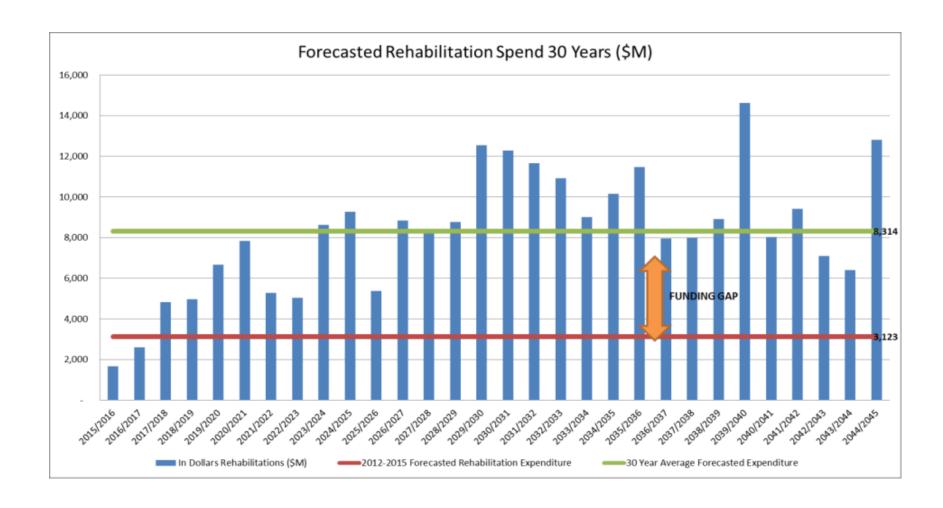
- Options available
 - Justify the need for greater expenditure
 - Asset Management Plan should show the impact of different funding levels
 - Stop building new liabilities
 - This is just making the situation worse
 - Reduce the level of service for some group of assets
 - Accept rougher roads
 - Accept bridges with load restrictions
 - Revert low volume rural roads to gravel

Example From India

Roads Total	Not Yet Commenced	In Tender Prep	Under Construction	Finished Constructio	In 5 year Mtce n Period	Out of 5 year Mtce Period		
122,598	13,690	40,408	23,300	44,741	24,931	19,809		
	Cat 1 12,125							
				4,255 under	maintenance	e contract		
				7,870 not cu	irrently funde	ed		
	Cat	2	7,684					
			0 under maintenan					
			rrently fund	ded				

- Currently not able to afford appropriate maintenance on 16,000 out of 19,000 km of roads recently constructed
- In next five years another 69,000 km of roads will be needing maintenance
- At the same time the roads built at the initial stages are falling apart through lack of maintenance expenditure and require reconstruction
- It is a losing battle unless more funds are allocated to maintaining what has already being built.

Financial Forecast Examples

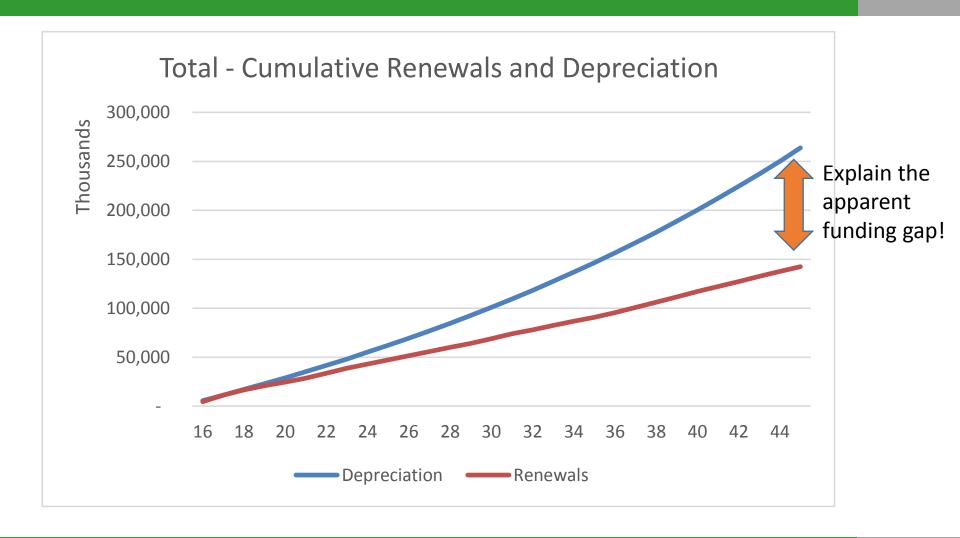


Ways to Close the Funding Gap

- Improve your RAM competency
 - Make sure every dollar is spent wisely
- Revenue
 - Tolls
 - Fuel taxes
 - Road user charges (heavy vehicles in particular)
- Alternative procurement models
 - Public-private-partnerships
 - Transfer of risk
 - Moves discretionary budget items to fixed contractual payments
- Alternative maintenance & renewal contracts
 - Performance based contracts may deliver 10-20% cost efficiencies
- Lower the desired level of service or accept a higher risk of not delivering it



Testing long term financial sustainability



Principles of Effective Financial Management

- Recognize the depreciation of the road asset
- Adequate expenditure categorization
- Long-term financial plans
- Allocation of costs to assets
- Cost-effective financing
- Ability to report financial performance

Thank you

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