



GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN





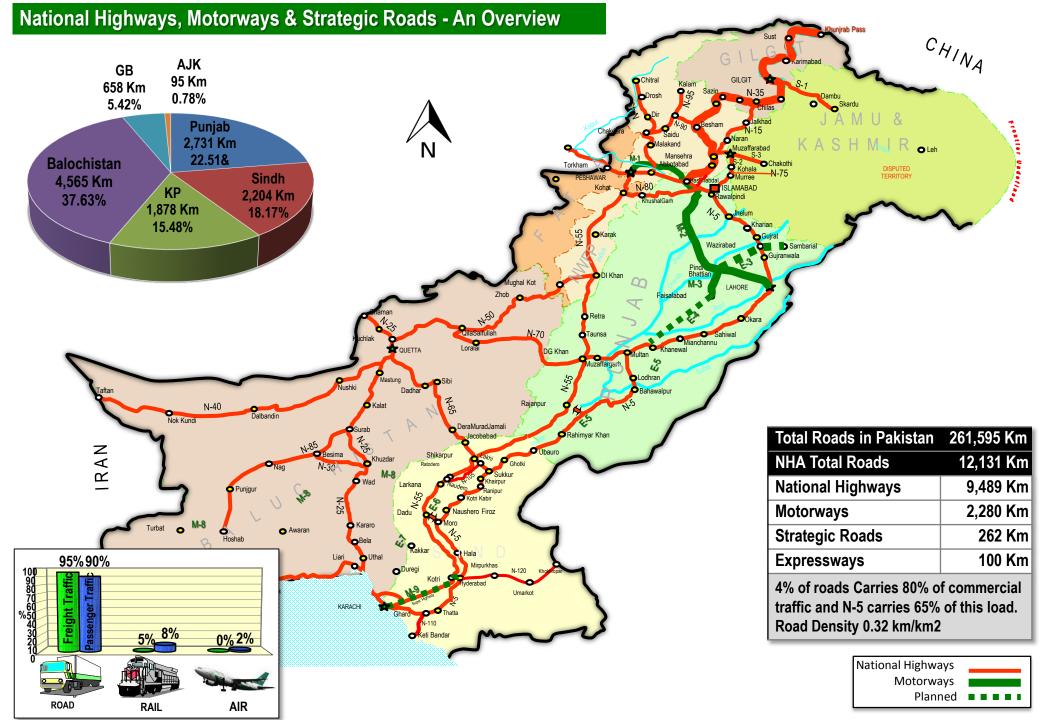
Presentation At 14th Transport Sector Coordinating Committee (TSCC) of CAREC

ROAD ASSET MANGEMENT SYSTEM

The Case Of Pakistan

Ikramus Saqlain Haider Director (RAMS), NHA Pakistan Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia, 30th April, 2015





Road Network



	Area	796,096 Sq-Km
	Total Road Network	261,595 Kms
	National Highways & Motorways	12,131 Kms
STATE OF THE PARTY	Roads have dominant share in both transport of passengers (95%) followed by rail.	90%) and the Goods
	Total Number of Vehicles	8.5 Million
	55.4% are two Wheelers and 44% four Wheelers	
	Annual growth rate	9 %



Road As An Asset



- An efficient road transport system is seen by most countries as an essential pre-condition for general economic development and considerable resources are devoted to road construction and improvement.
- The resultant road network usually have an asset value that represent a significant proportion of national wealth, and the road sub-sector should make an important contribution to gross national product (GNP).

Road As An Asset (cont'd)



• The asset management approach emphasizes the preservation, upgrading, and timely replacement of highway assets through cost-effective planning and resource allocation decisions.

-"Asset management looks at all of the assets, and not solely from an engineering perspective, but from the user perspective as well."



What is Road Management



- Purpose: To optimise the overall performance of the network over time.
- Coal: To improve the development and performance of the road sector and its use of resources, within the context of national objectives, in order to minimise transport costs.

Why Road Asset Management;



The Need

- **→** Aging Infrastructure
- Growing Congestion
- → Funding Shortfall
- **→** Focus on System Performance
- **→** Asset Management is Imperative



Key Statistics from



EMERGING COUNTRIES

- > Transport sector is 5 to 10 per cent of GDP.
- Every Rupee not spent on maintenance increases transport costs by Four Rupees.
- > Transport fuels and machinery account for 40% of import bill.

The Impacts of Road Maintenance

The effects of road Maintenance can be assessed in terms of the various impacts:

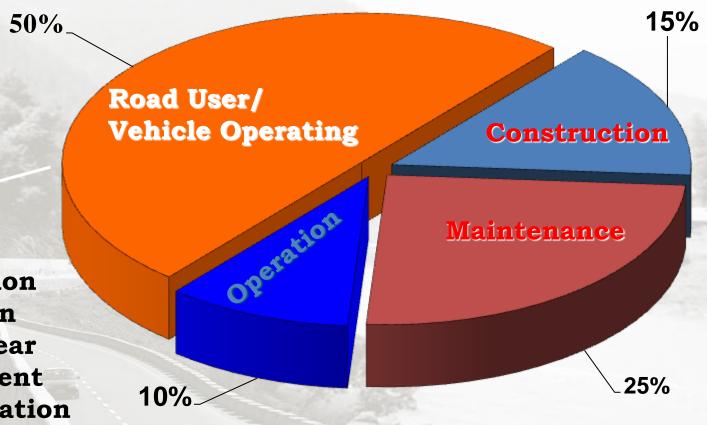
- Level of service (road condition)
- Socio economic impacts
- Road user costs
- > Accident levels and costs
- Road administration costs



Components of Total Road



Transport Costs in the Economy



- Fuel Consumption
- Oil Consumption
- Tyres Wear & Tear
- Parts Replacement
- Vehicle Depreciation
- Travel Time
- Accidents





SOME CHALLENGES





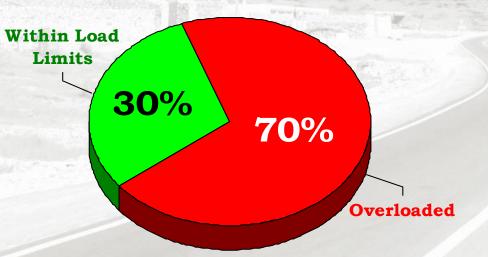


PERCENTAGE OF FREIGHT VEHICLES BY COMPOSITION

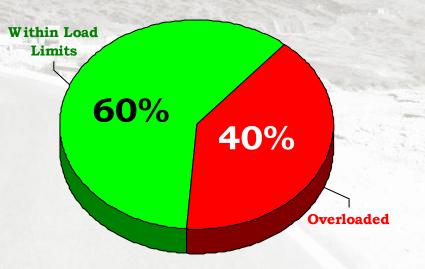


OVERLOADED PERCENTAGE





TRUCKS 4, 5 & 6 AXLES

















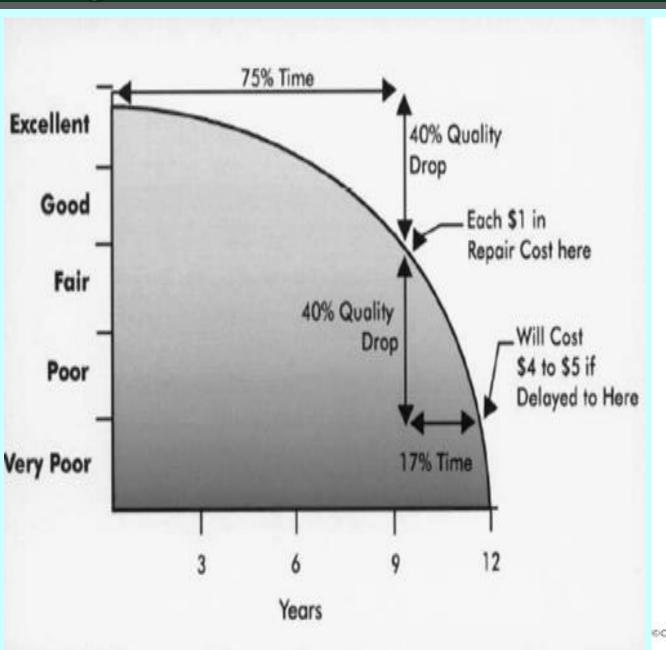






Deighton's Water Model

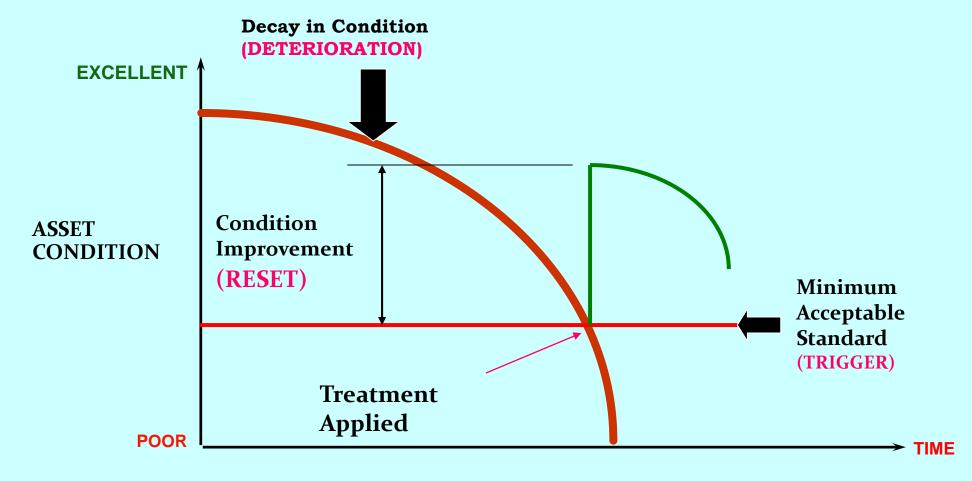






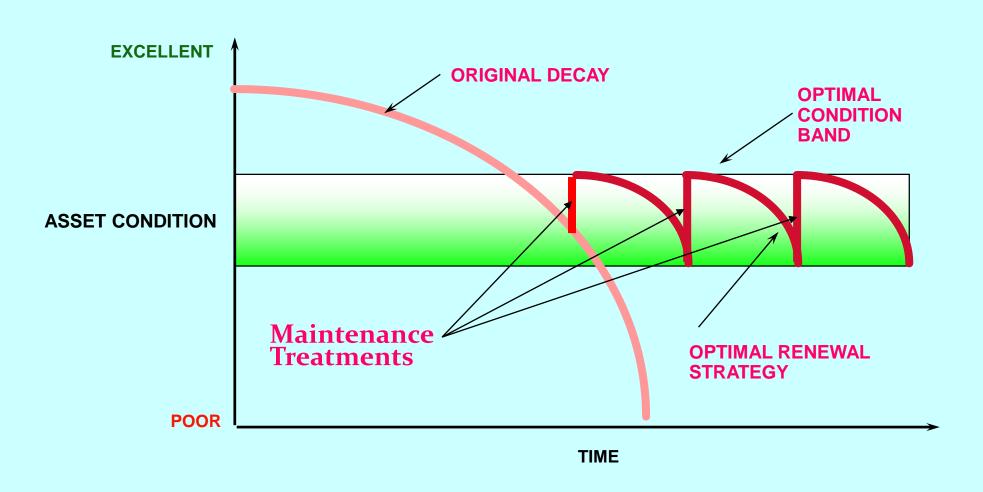
Treatments, Triggers and Resets



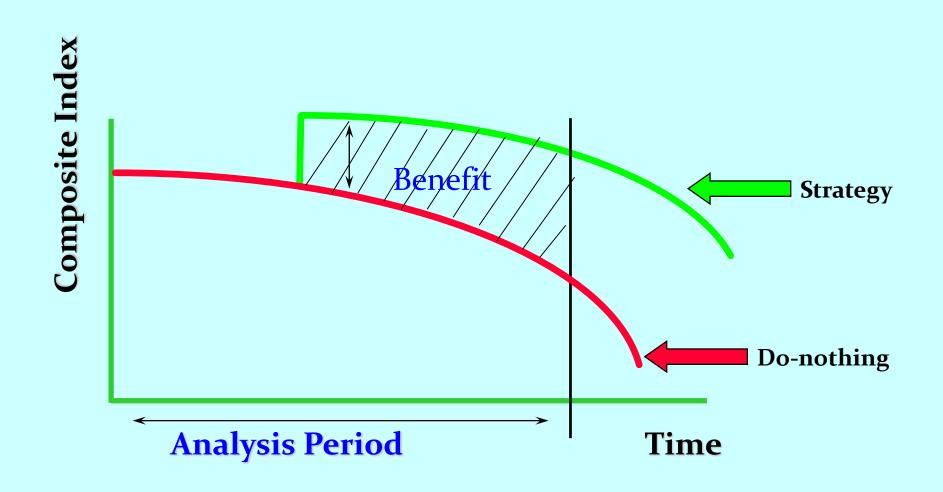


Deterioration Management



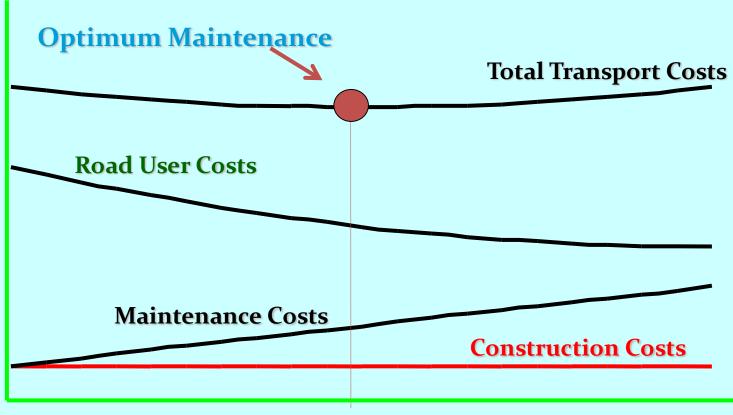


Requirement - Optimization based on user defined parameter Using Area Under Curve (AUC)



Requirement - Optimization to Minimize Total Transportation Cost (TTC)

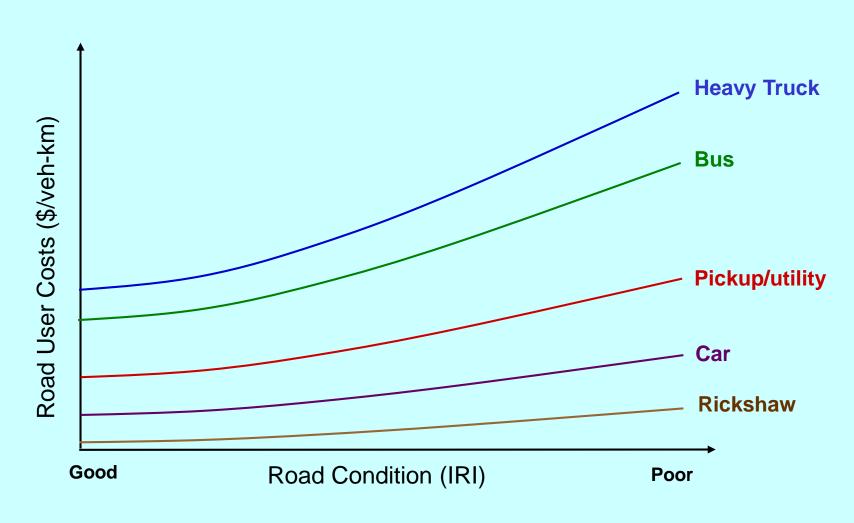




MAINTENANCE LEVEL

Impact of Road Condition





Pavement Performance



Pavement performance depends on:

- > Traffic volumes and loading
- > Road pavement strength
- > Maintenance standards



NETWORK ANALYSIS PROCESS



Main components include:

- Forecasting of Revenue Generation/Investment
 Statement
- Road and Bridge Distress Survey
- Roughness Measurement Survey
- Strength Evaluation Survey
- Traffic Survey
- Historical Data
- Performance Standards
- Feedback from Stakeholders
- Treatment Rules



ANNUAL WORK CYCLE



									-			_	_		_		
ID	Task Name			2nd Half				19	t Half			2nd Half					
		May	Jun	Jul Aug	g Sep	Oct N	Nov Dec	_	Jan Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	
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2	Strategy and Programme Analysis		November 16 December 16														
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3	Regional Stakeholder Consultations					Decem	ber 17		Januai	ry 16							
																	
4	Detailed Project Level Appraisal						Januar	ry 17		Mar	ch3						
5	Scrutiny by RMF Technical Scrutiny Party								March	4 M	arch10						
6	Review by the Steering Committee								March	11 📊	March 1	17					
	, ,																
7	Approval by Chairm an, NHA or Executive Board								Marc	ch 18	Apr	il 2					
i	r pprofession of chamman, the first Executive Board										-						
8	Conveyance of Approval to Regions and HQ Contracts Section										Ap	ril 3					
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9	Up-Dation of Maintenance Contractors Enlistment List									Аргіі		iviay .	4				
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10	Preparation of Detailed Tender Packages by Regions								ware	ch 19		April 15					
11	Bids Invitation, Evaluation, and Contract Awards									Apri	l 16 🍵		J	une 16			
12	Commencement and Completion of RMF Works	Jı	ıly 1											June	30		
			:					- :						:			



Data Collection



Data, being the vital thing for the study, was collected. This data comprises of the following.

- > Pavement Condition Data
- > Traffic Data
- > Falling Weight Deflectometer Data
- > Roughness Data
- > Economic Data
- > Revenue Data From Toll Plazas



Pavement Condition Data



Pavement Distress type, Extent and Severity is recorded for EACH KM of the every Road.

Following Distresses with measuring units are identified for Data Collection

- Cracking
- Rutting
- Potholes
- Ravelling
- Edge Step
- Erosion from Original Edge
- Drainage Condition

(%age of length effected & Crack Width)

(Length of Rutted Portion & Rut Depth)

(Number of Potholes in KM)

(%age of length effected & Disintegration Type)

(%age length effected & Depth)

(%age length effected & Depth)

(Performance Indicator)



PAVEMENT CONDITION SURVEY FORM

Company Comp																														
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Parent Type																														
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Legend

Pavement Type A = Asphalt, S = Surface Treated, R = Rigid Shoulder A = Asphalt, T = Treated, E = Earthen Pothole 1 Pothole = 1 Sqft









Traffic Data



- 24 Hours Classified Traffic Counts at Chosen Stations is Carried Out.
- Axle Load Data is Collected from NH&MP and NHA Weigh Stations.



HWD Data



- > HWD data is collected by NHA.
- Dynatest Heavy Weight Falling Weight Deflectometer is used to collect the data.



HWD Machine







Pavement Roughness Data



- Pavement Roughness Data is Collected by ROMDAS Bump Integrator Unit & Profilograph.
- The BI unit Gives the Number of Bumps, it received from the pavement, which were, then, converted to IRI values.
- > Profilometer gives the IRI directly on analysis through a software



Bump Integrator Unit



Once the software is started the screen on the right is displayed. This has four buttons which control the software setup



File properties.
 Defines the file name



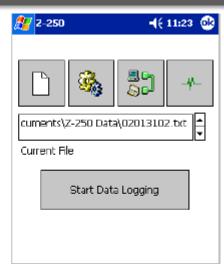
Setup. Defines the Z-250 settings



Connection. The status of PC connection

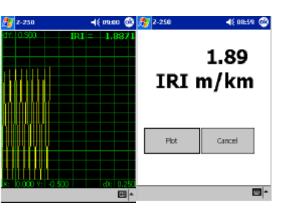


Plot. Plot a Z-250 file and display the IRI



File Tools Help

The name of the current file is displayed in the window. This name defaults to yymmddnn.txt, where yy is the year, mm the month, dd the day and nn the survey number. The name below is from 31 January 2002, survey number 2.







Z-250 With Data Logger

The ROMDAS Bump Integrator (BI) is illustrated below. It is installed i the rear of the vehicle but is small enough to be relatively unobtrusive.



ROMDAS BI and Mounting Plate



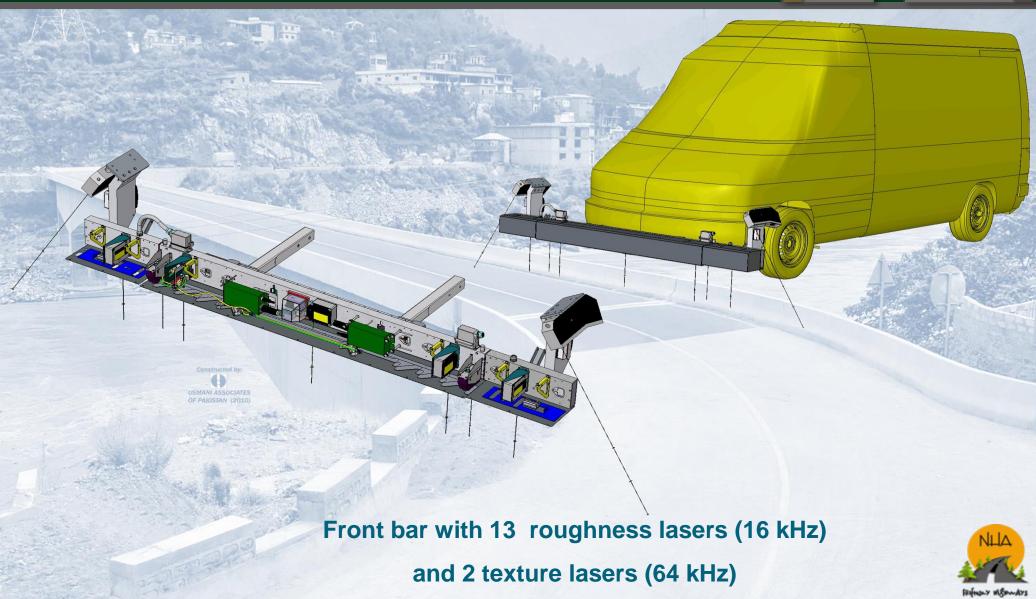
ROMDAS BI Installed in Vehicle With Protective Cover Off



Referen eigenvans

Profilograph





HDM-4 MODEL PRIORITIZATION CYCLE











Program **Project**





APPLICATION OF **HDM MODEL**



ANNUAL BUSINESS PLAN

Central Data Bank

Data Managers



Road

Network



Vehicle

Fleet







Road Works

HDM Config





HDM-4 ANALYTICAL FRAMEWORK

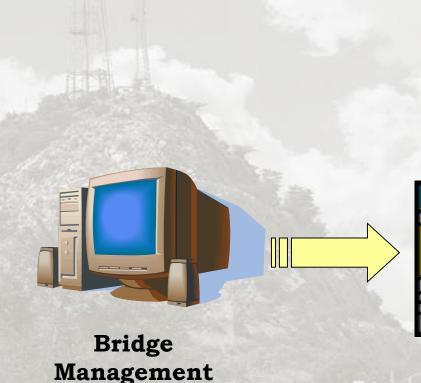


- > Based on the concept of life cycle analysis
- Predicts the following over the life cycle of a road pavement;
 - * Road deterioration
 - * Road user effects (RUC)
 - * Road works effects (RAC)
 - Socio-economic and environmental effects
- > Analysis period typically 15 to 40 years



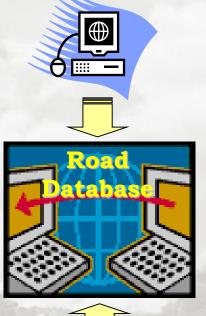
NHA - RAMS DATABASE





Management System











Regional Office Connectivity

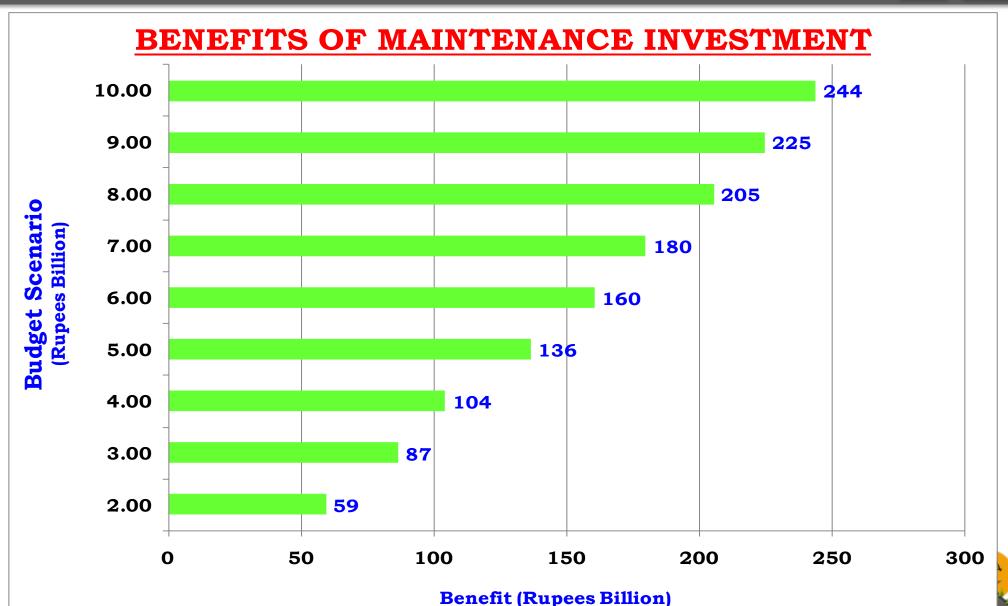


Pavement Management System



Investment Vs Benefits







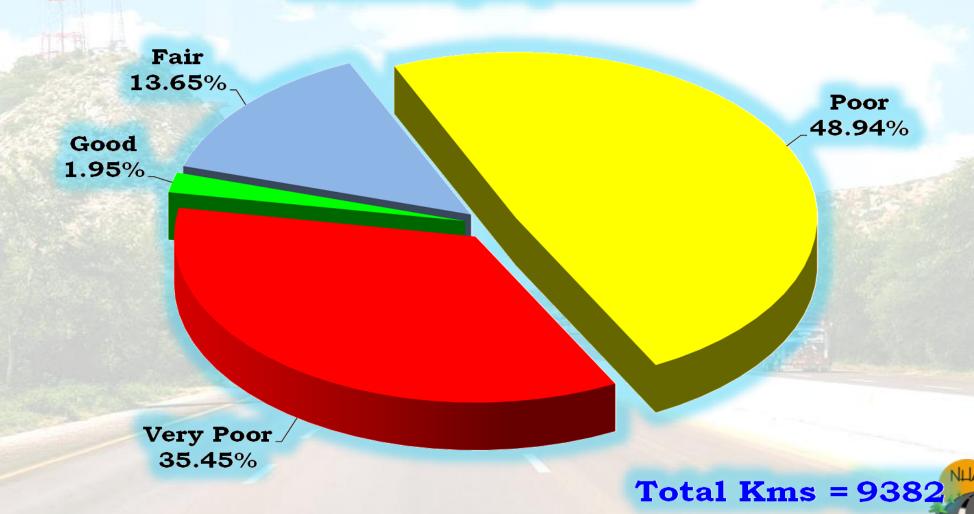
NATIONAL HIGHWAY NETWORK CONDITION SURVEY FOR AMP 2014-15 RESULTS



Road Roughness Survey for AMP 2014-15

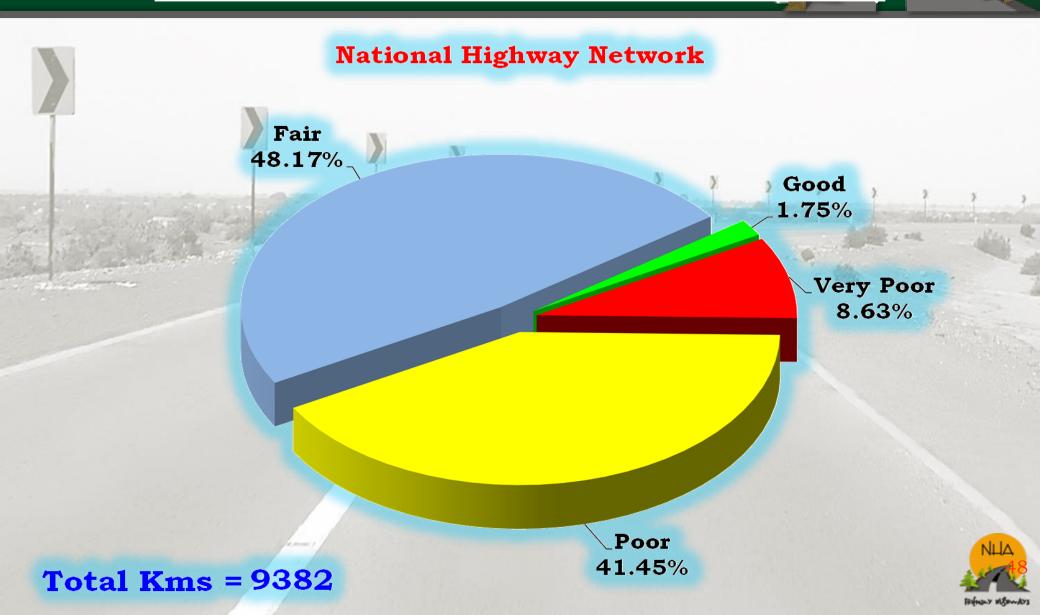
ROUGHNESS





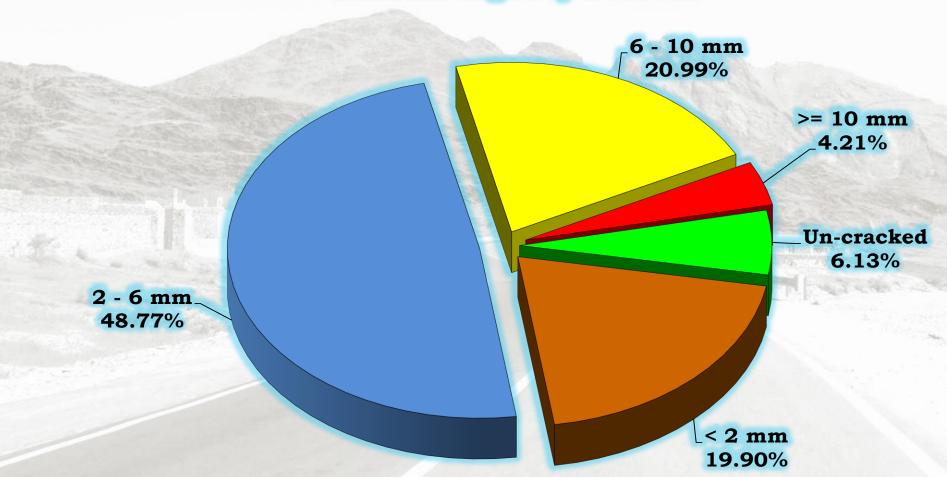
Road Condition & Roughness Surveys for AMP 2014-15

REMAINING SERVICE LIFE (RSL)



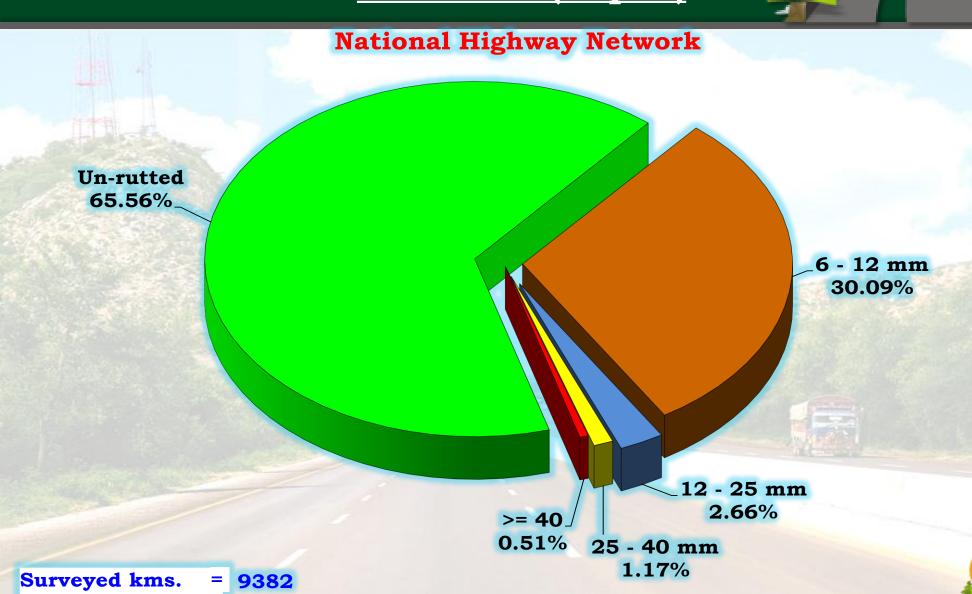
Road Condition Survey for AMP 2014-15 CRACKING (Structural) (width)

National Highway Network





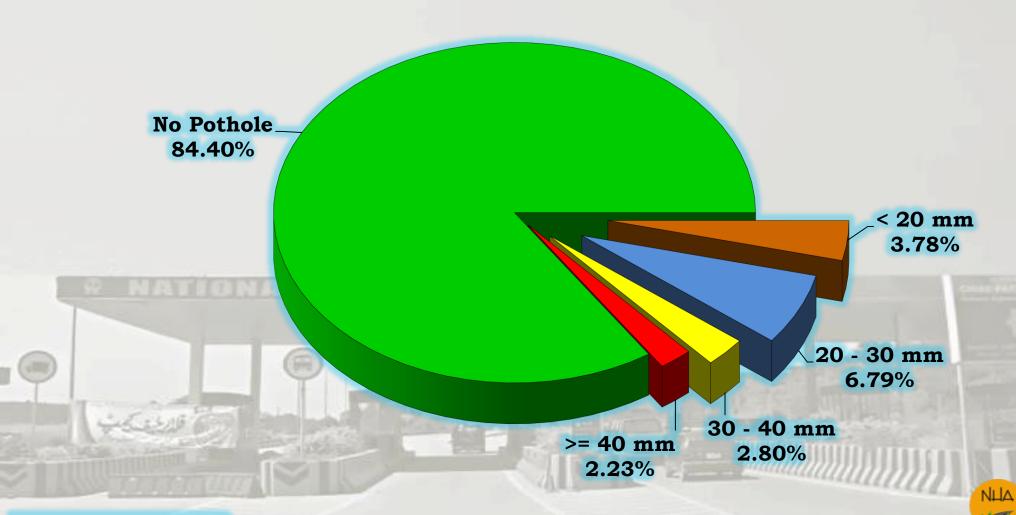
Road Condition Survey for AMP 2014-15 RUTTING (depth)



Road Condition Survey for AMP 2014-15

POTHOLES (depth)

National Highway Network





ANNUAL MAINTENANCE PLAN F.Y. 2014-15



Financial Executive Summary of AMP 2014-15



12,289.65

35,650.10

														4
												Α	mounts: R	s. in million
Sr. No.		MAINTENANCE ACTIVITY	Punjab North	Punjab South	Sindh North	Sindh South	Khyber Pakhtun- khwa	Balochistan North	Balochistan South	Northern Areas	Gilgit- Baltistan	M' way (M-1)	M' ways (M-2 & M-3)	Total
1	Rehal	bilitation	1,062.13	-	-	-	183.83	-	-	-		-	-	1,245.96
Periodic Maintenance (Structural Overlay)		2,426.34	2,749.26	1,702.62	740.88	671.76	531.52	653.00	642.47		-	-	10,117.86	
Periodic Maintenance (Functional Overlay)		354.81	227.08	-	127.73	859.18	1,070.16	354.81	212.88		403.39	201.69	3,811.73	
4	Routi	ne Maintenance	251.76	576.34	254.22	381.83	476.15	598.45	162.60	313.92	155.66	143.27	44.70	3,358.90
5	Highv	way Safety	145.00	135.00	95.00	95.00	70.00	170.00	130.00	45.00	25.00	60.00	30.00	1,000.00
TOTAI		No. 1 to 5)	4,240.04	3,687.67	2,051.85	1,345.44	2,260.92	2,370.13	1,300.41	1,214.28	180.66	606.65	276.39	19,534.45
	i	i Corridor Management (incl. Trauma centres)												50.00
	ii	Toll Plazas & Weigh Stations										200.00		
	iii	•											1475.00	
	iv	Logistic expenses / Survey Equipments												100.00
	٧	Afforestation along national highways											30.00	
	vi	Emergency maintenance allocation											300.00	
6	vii	• •												900.00
0	viii	ii Preventive Maintenance												100.00
	ix	Hill Slope Stability Program & Road Protection Works												50.00
	X	Consultancy (Survey, Design, Monitoring, Revenue Surveys, etc.)												80.00
	Хİ	Geometrics Improvement (Land)										100.00		
	xii	Bridge / Culvert Structural Maintenance										322.00		
	xiii	Promotion of sports and cultural activities										20.00		
	xiv HRTC (Counterpart fund)								99.00					
										3,826.00				
GRAND TOTAL - C = A+B 4,240.04 3,687.67 2,051.85 1,345.44 2,260.92 2,370.13 1,300.41 1,214.28 180.66 606.65 276.39							23,360.45							
(AMP 2014-15) - sum of 1-6												20,000.40		
Note: All the schemes/expenditures will only be approved by Member (Planning) / Chairman NHA for Serial No. 6 allocations.														

TOTAL (C + D)

Ongoing Works of F.Y. 2012-13 & F.Y. 2013-14 Financed under AMP 2014-15 (details are attached at Chapter 6) – D

Maintenance Requirements



The state of	Unconstrained demand of NHN for FY 2014-15	Rs. 60 Billion
	Current Financial Resources available	Rs. 24 Billion
	Backlog of Current Year	Rs. 36 Billion
	No. of Km (<u>Poor to Very Poor</u>)	3,486 Km
	Current Cost of Rehabilitation of 3,486 Km	Rs. 209.16 Billion
	With just Periodic Intervention as per AMP	1,100 Km
	Next 5 years annual requirement (Maintenance Only)	Rs. 30.00 Billion

