# Diversifying global energy markets.



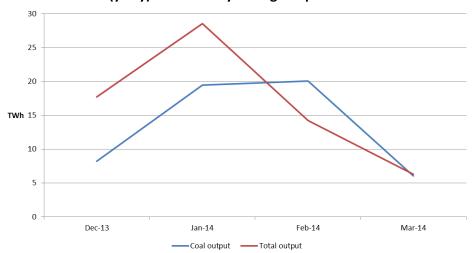
Carlos Fernández Alvarez. Senior Coal Analyst.

Manila, 8 September 2014

#### A tale of two crises



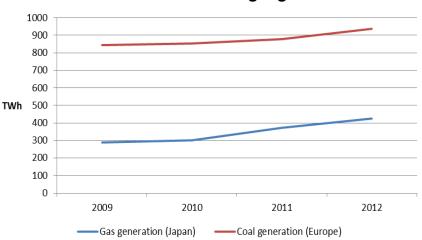
#### Increase (y-o-y) of electricity during the polar vortex in US



Most of additional power demand in US during the polar vortex was produced from coal

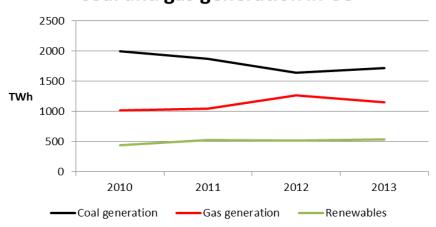
Post-Fukushima coal generation increase in Europe was similar to gas generation increase in Japan

#### Post-Fukushima coal and gas generation



# Gas-to-coal switching potential protects consumers International Protects Consumers Energy Agency

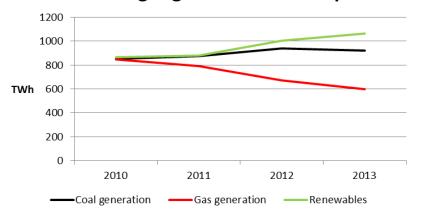
#### Coal and gas generation in US



In United States, increase / decrease of gas largely means decrease / increase of coal

In Europe, coal to gas competition occurs with big renewables increase

#### Coal and gas generation in Europe



Coal and gas prices are key to determine electricity prices and generation mix

#### Gas to coal competition is at regional level

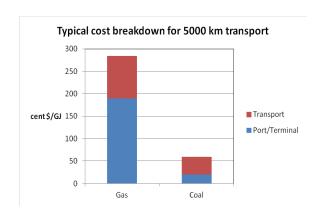


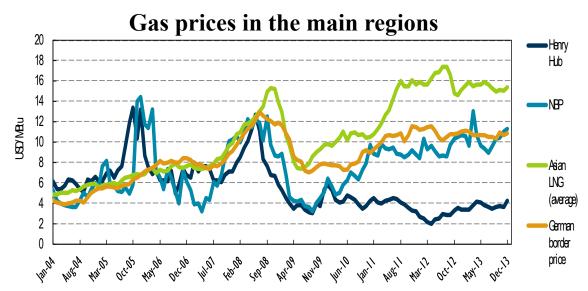
US gas prices are low

Asia is paying the highest

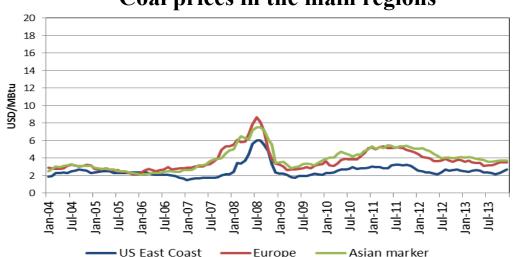
European prices are in between oil-linked contracts and market driven prices

# International coal markets are much better integrated.





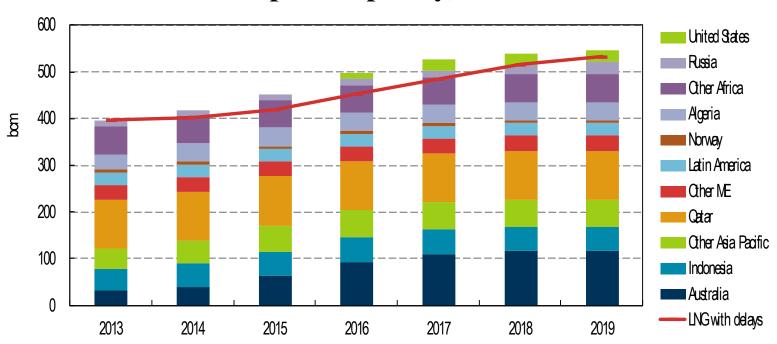
#### Coal prices in the main regions



## **New LNG coming on line**



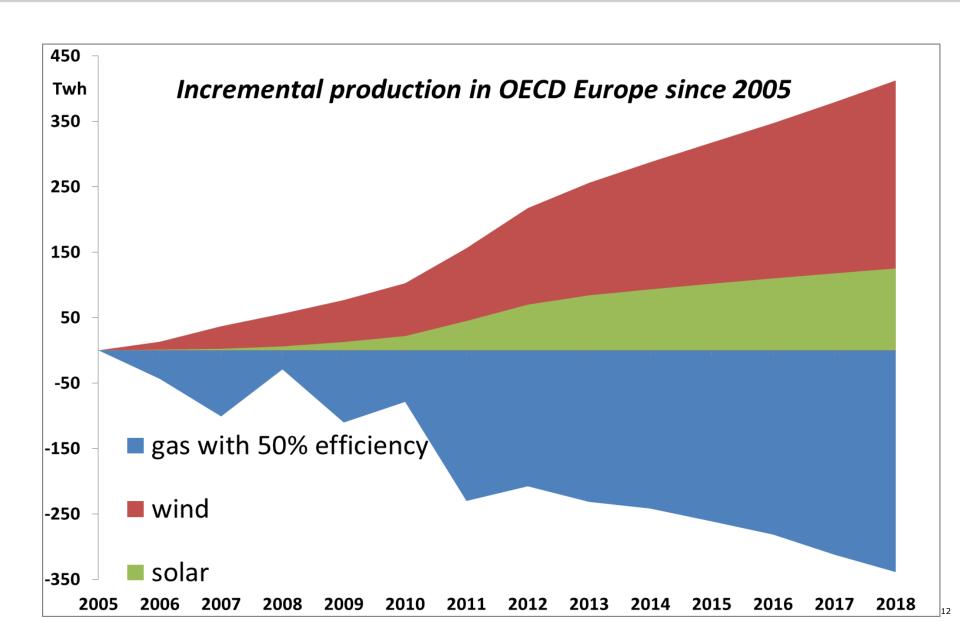
#### LNG export capacity, 2013-19



Source: MTGMR 2014

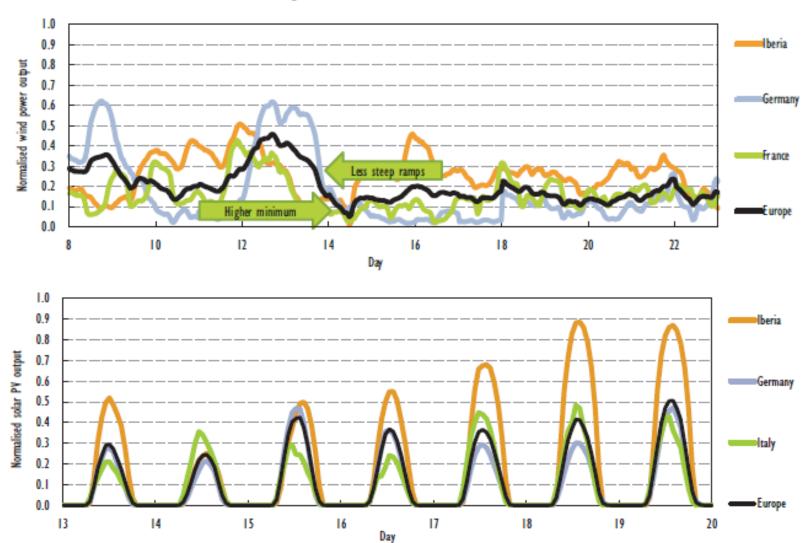
#### Large scale lock in into wind and solar





# Patterns of renewable production: variability and predictability

#### Reasonable smoothing for wind, almost none for solar

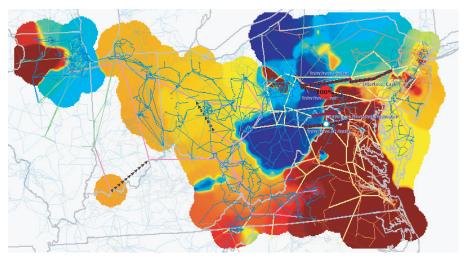


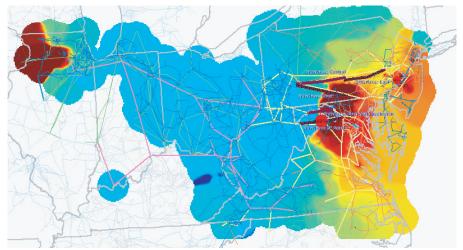
### Markets integration leads to lower prices

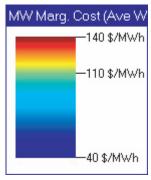


#### **Pre-integration price pattern (PJM)**

#### **Post-integration price pattern (PJM)**

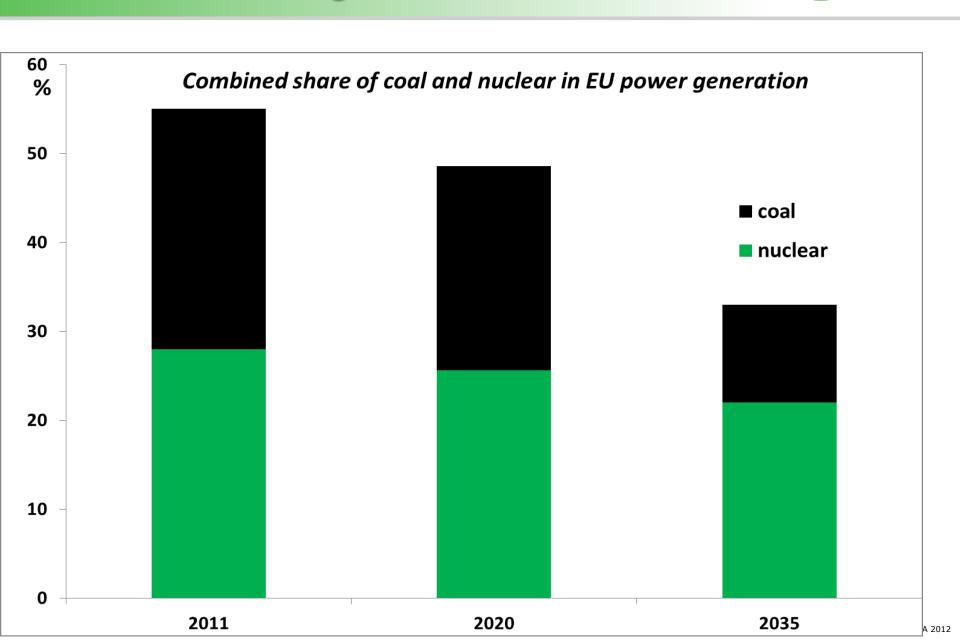






### Loss of baseload generation





## Wrapping up



- An efficient power market with diversified generation capacity is cornerstone of supply security
- LNG and shale gas lead to more secure and efficient gas markets, but challenges persist
- Renewables have a major impact on fossil fuel dependency but generate new security challenges
- Coal and nuclear play a major role, but faces challenges in both EU and US



## Thanks for your attention

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