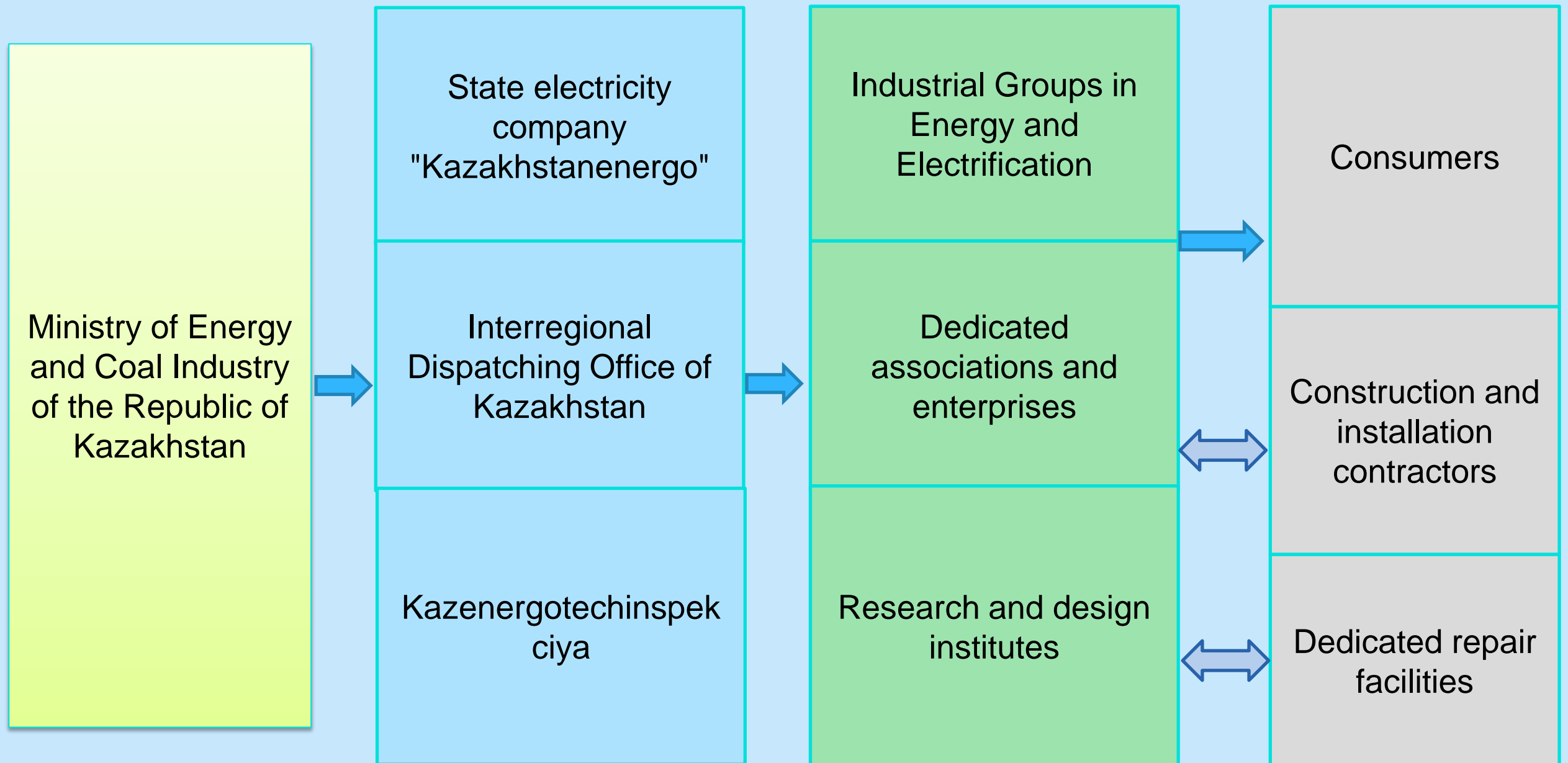


# REPUBLIC OF KAZAKHSTAN: Electricity Market Development



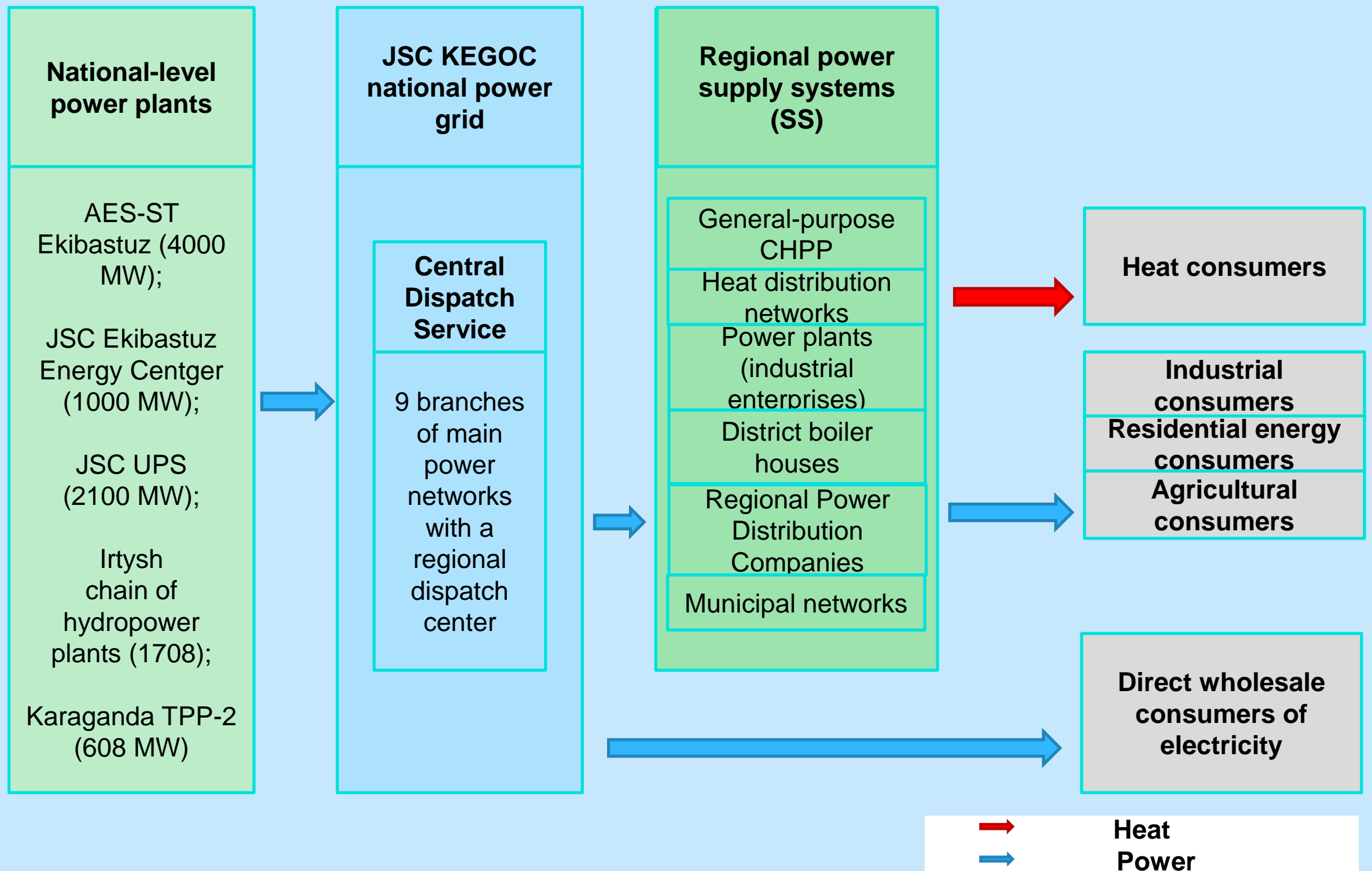
# State monopoly structure of the energy sector (1992-1994)



# As a result of implementing Stage I of the market reforms in 1995-1996:

- separation of the functions carried out by regional utilities for generation, transmission and distribution of electricity;
- all power plants were converted into joint stock companies with economic and legal independence;
- joint regional power distribution companies (JSC RPDC) were established on the basis of 110-0.4 kV power networks;
- Publicly-traded *Kazakhstan Electricity Grid Operating Company KEGOC* (JSC KEGOC) was established on the basis of 1150 - 220 kV power networks and the Central Dispatch Service of the Unified Power System of Kazakhstan (UPS CDS);
- business entities in the electricity market were allowed to conclude direct contracts for the purchase of electricity;
- large-scale privatization of power plants was launched;
- central regulatory agency for heat and electricity prices (tariffs) was established;
- district heat supply functions were transferred from the central government to local authorities.

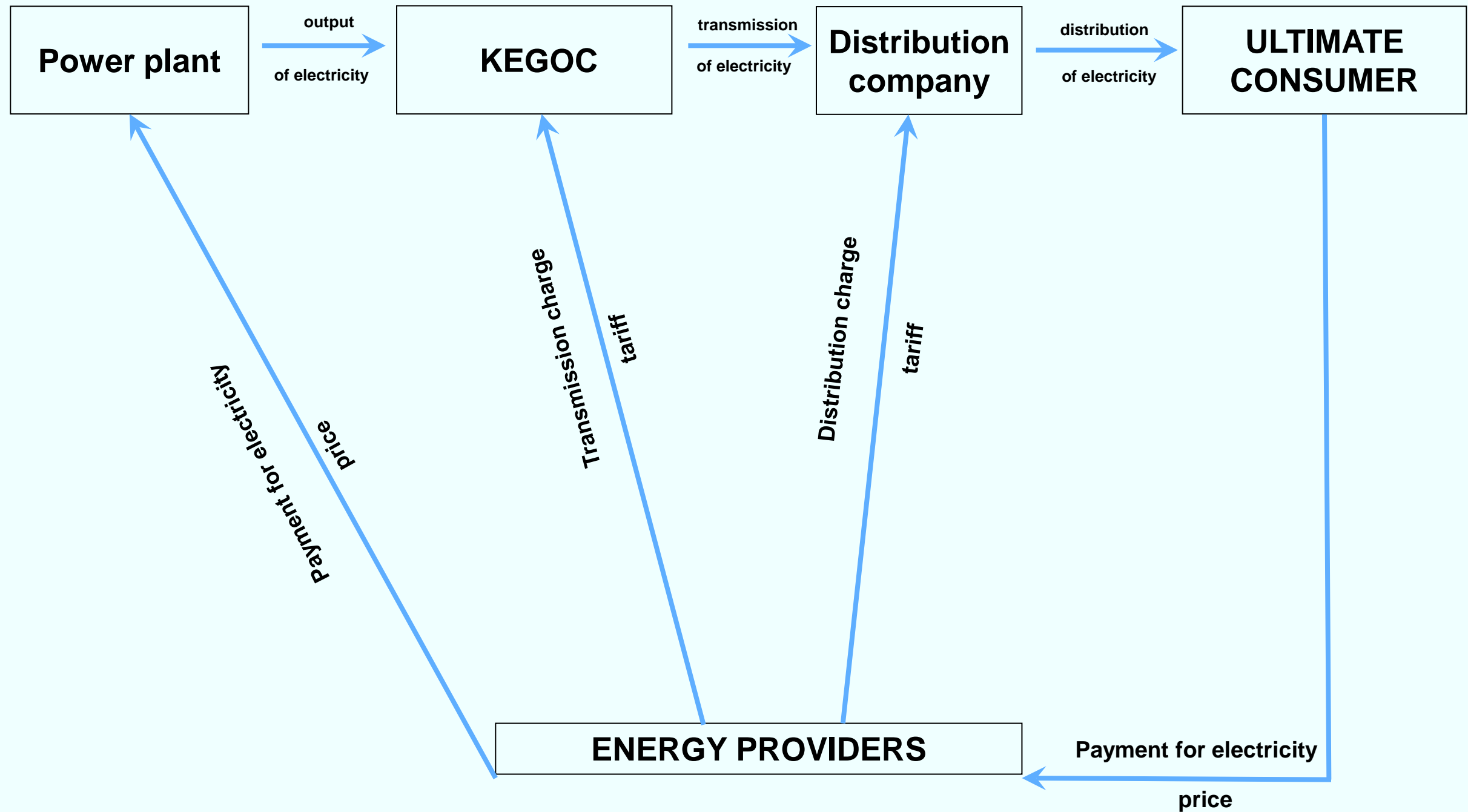
# Power Market Structure in the Republic of Kazakhstan following Stage II of reforms (1997-2003)



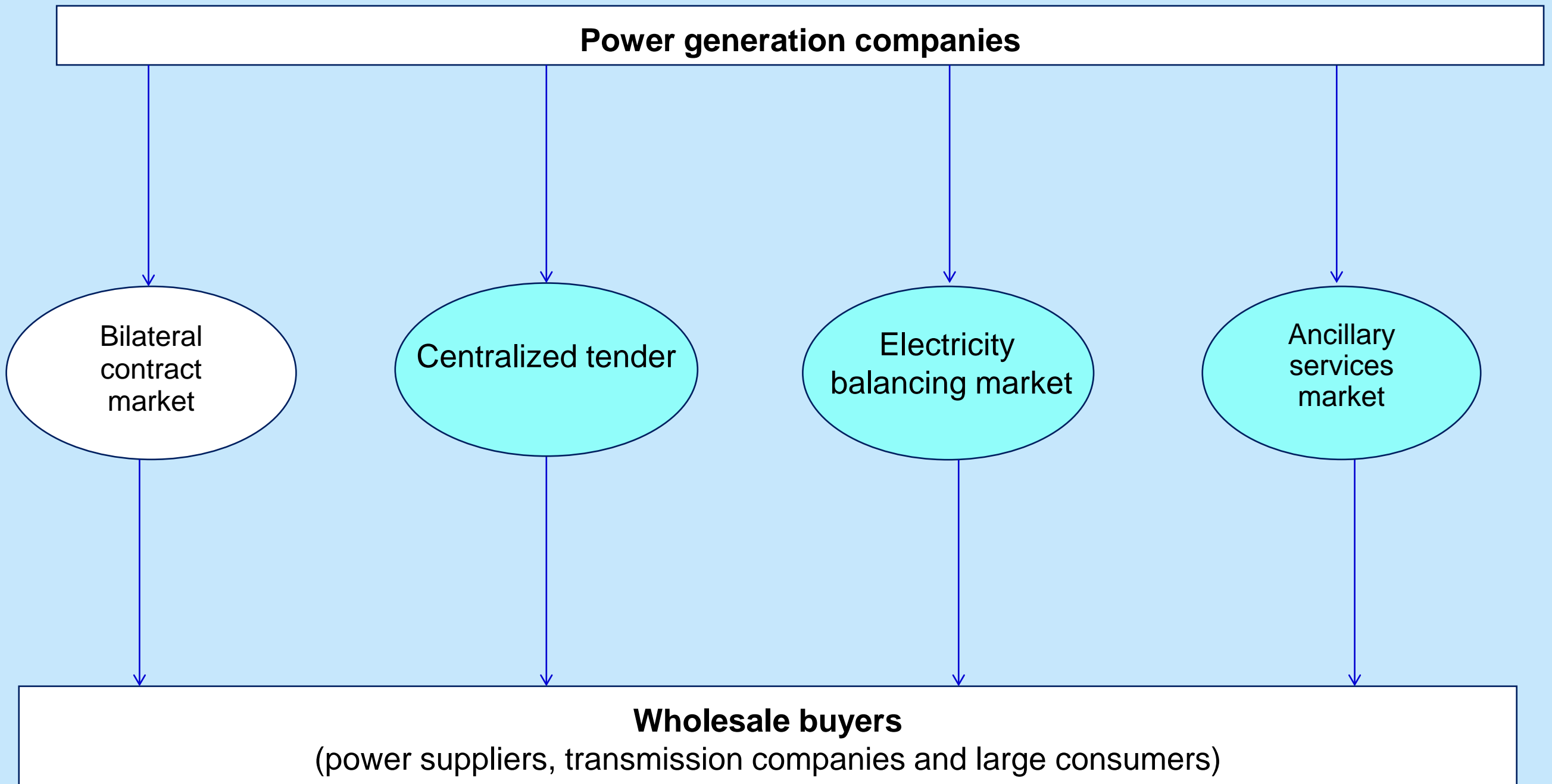
**Stage III of developing market relations in the power industry of Kazakhstan (2004-2006)** aims to address the following issues in the existing wholesale and retail electricity markets:

- Possible reduction in reliability of the UPS of Kazakhstan due to conflicting interests of consumers and producers of electricity in the absence of market-based mechanisms for resolving imbalances between actual and contractual values of output and consumption of electricity, as well as the tapping of power reserves;
- The need for de-monopolization of a series of vertically integrated regional power companies;
- Lack of competition in supply of electricity to retail customers;
- The need for separating power transmission functions in regional power companies from sales of electricity to retail consumers.

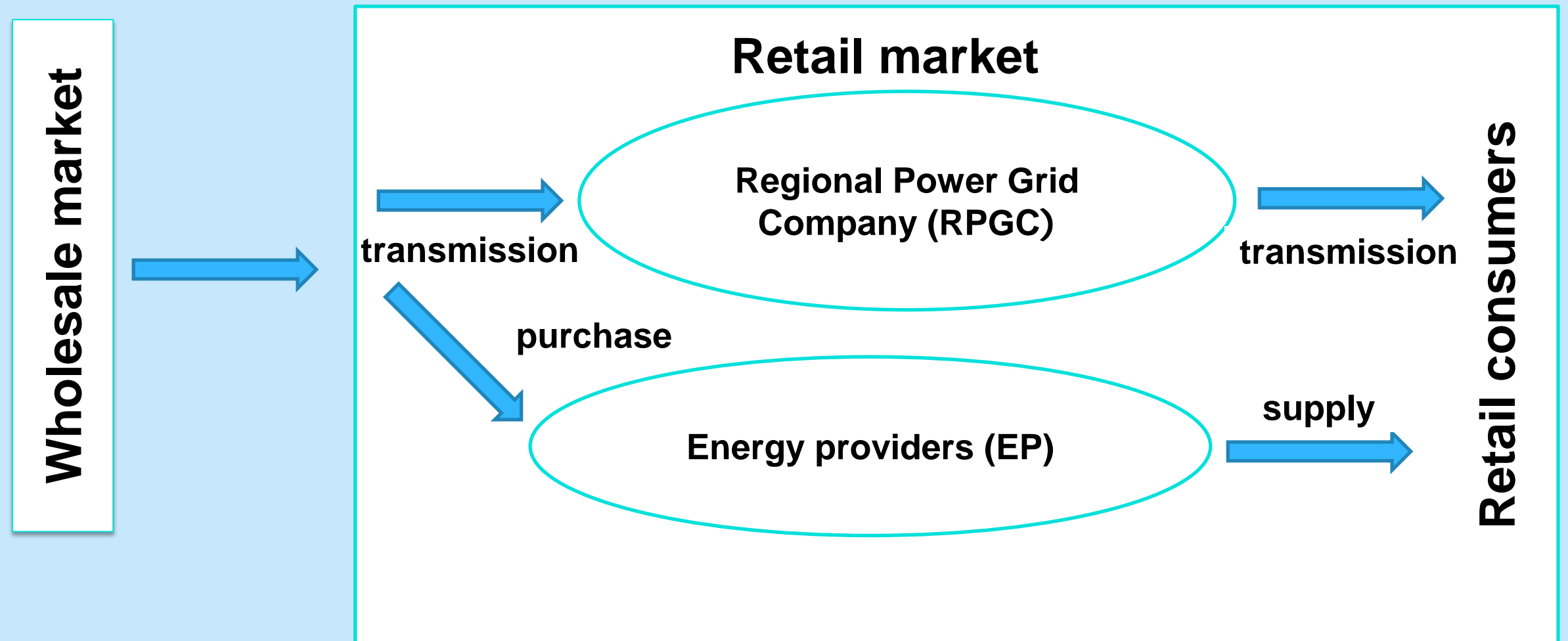
# SIMPLIFIED DIAGRAM OF THE ELECTRICITY MARKET following Stage III (ONGOING)



# Model of the electricity market after the reforms



# Advanced model of a competitive retail electricity market

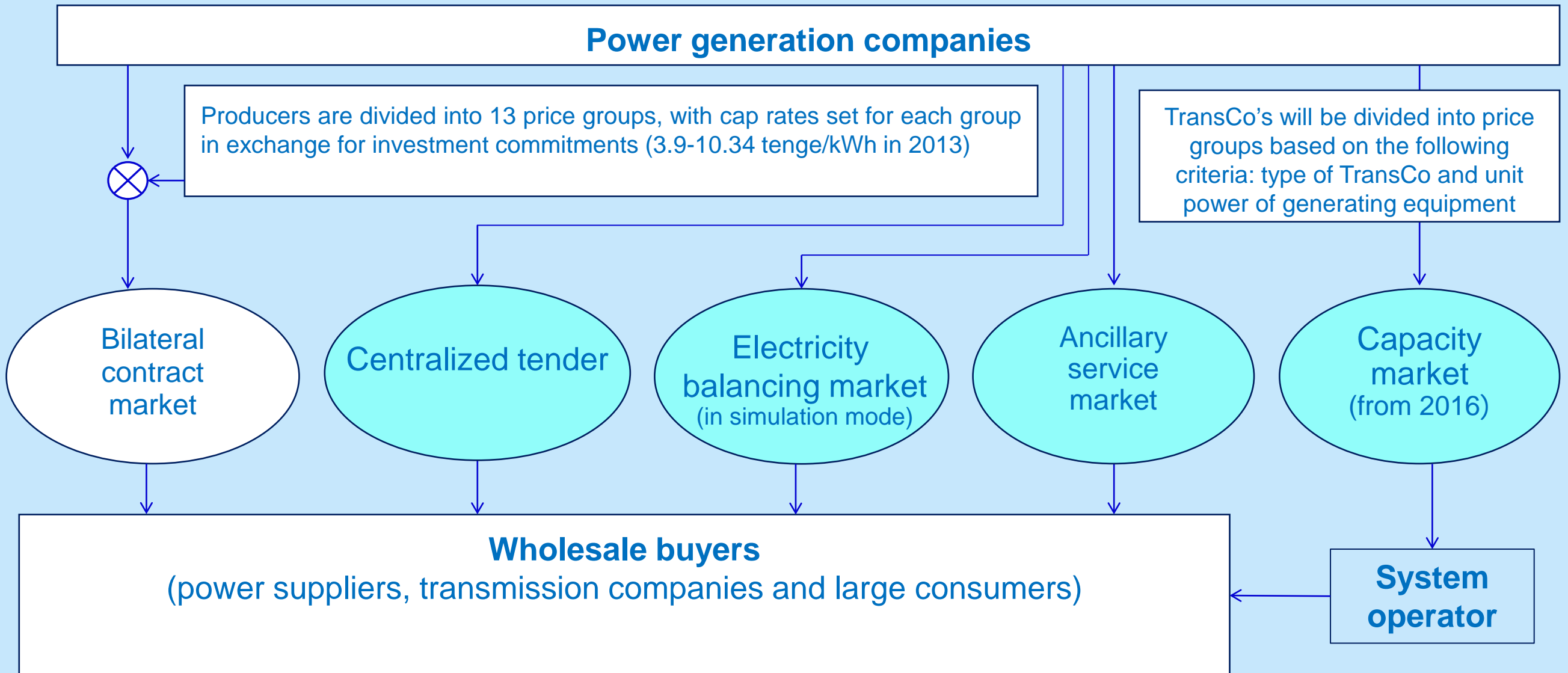


Retail market players include:

- **Power generation companies;**
- **Regional Power Distribution Companies;**
- **Power transmission companies;**
- **Last resort supplier;**
- **Energy providers;**
- **Retail consumers.**



# Current model of the electricity market



**CAP RATES (under Resolution of the Kazakh Government No.392 dated March 25, 2009)**

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<b>Group 1</b> (GRES-1 plant, 2, UPS) (3)	<b>3.6</b>	<b>4.68</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>8.8</b>
<b>Group 2</b> (ZhGRES) (1)	<b>5.9</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>7.9</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>8.7</b>
<b>Group 3</b> (Astana - Energy, KarEnergoTsentr, Pavlenergo CHP-2, 3, UKTETS, Ars Mitl) (5)	<b>4.3</b>	<b>4.94</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>7.5</b>
<b>Group 4</b> (Kar GRES-2, Aluminum of Kazakhstan, Balkhash CHP, Zhezkazgan CHP) (4)	<b>3.5</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>4.55</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>6.0</b>
<b>Group 5</b> (Petrop CHP, Ridder CHP, JSC SSGPO) (3)	<b>3.6</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>5.45</b>	<b>6.25</b>	<b>7.15</b>	<b>8.05</b>
<b>Group 6</b> (Corp CHP KarGRES-1 Jet-7) (3)	<b>6.3</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>7.9</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>8.3</b>
<b>Group 7</b> (3 energoort, Atyrau CHP , Aktobe CHP TarazEnergoTsentr PCG Kyzylorda - energy center ) (5)	<b>4.9</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>7.3</b>
<b>Group 8</b> (Kentau CHP, Tekeliysky CHP, LLP Shakhtynsk CHP, JSC Pavlodarenergo, SCE Teplokommunenergo) (5)	<b>4.5</b>	<b>4.95</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>5.98</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>7.5</b>
<b>Group 9</b> (Arkalyk CHP, Ural CHP, Kostanai CHP) (3)	<b>5.28</b>	<b>5.56</b>	<b>5.88</b>	<b>6.28</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>7.12</b>	<b>7.6</b>
<b>Group 10</b> (AIES CHP-1, CHP-2, CHP-3, Kapsh. HPP)(1)	<b>5.74</b>	<b>6.74</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>8.6</b>
<b>Group 11</b> (MAEC-Kazatomprom) (1)	<b>7.23</b>	<b>7.23</b>	<b>7.23</b>	<b>9.54</b>	<b>10.34</b>	<b>10.96</b>	<b>11.62</b>
<b>Group 12</b> (LLP Zhanazhol GTPP, AZF CHP, JSC TNK Kazchrome, LLP Ural gas turbine TPP, LLP Crystal Management) (4)	<b>5.3</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>8.4</b>	<b>8.8</b>
<b>Group 13</b> (Buh.HPP, UK HPP Shard. HPP, Shulb. HPP, JSC Moynak HPP) (5)	<b>2.79</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>3.63</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>4.5</b>



# Enactment of the Law will allow switching to a new model (starting from 2015)

