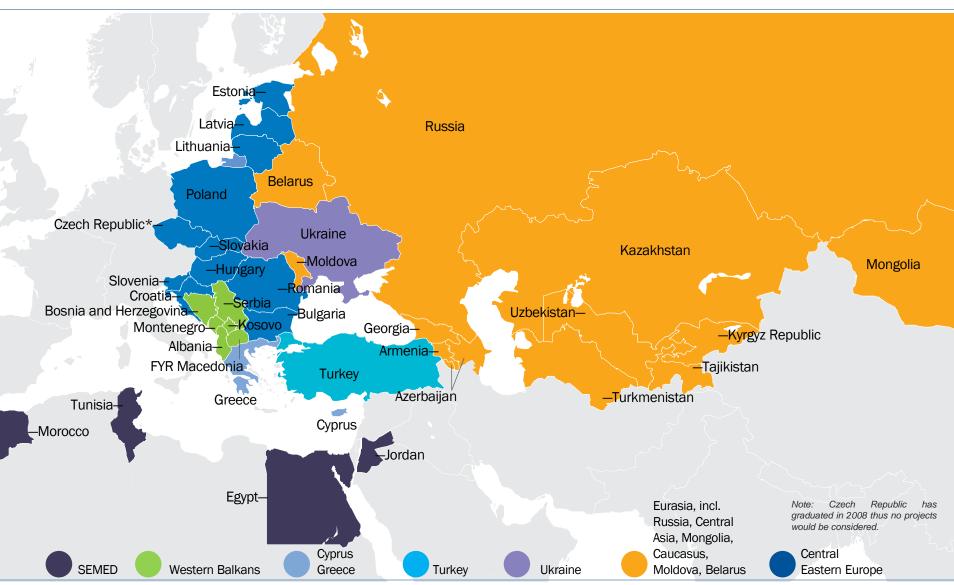
## **CAREC – Transport Conference**

Ekaterina Miroshnik
Director
Head of Infrastructure Eurasia
April 2019



### Where we invest – increasing footprint





### **EBRD Infrastructure Business Group**

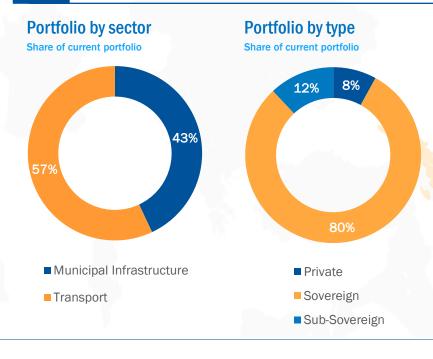


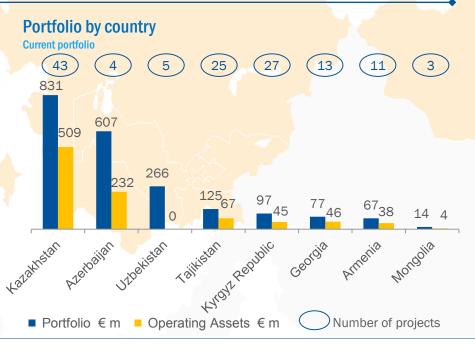
EBRD Infrastructure	Total	Eurasia
Active portfolio operations	476	131
Portfolio	EUR 12,300 m	EUR 2,083 m
Non-sovereign share	38 per cent	20 per cent
Non-sovereign share	38 per cent	20 per cen





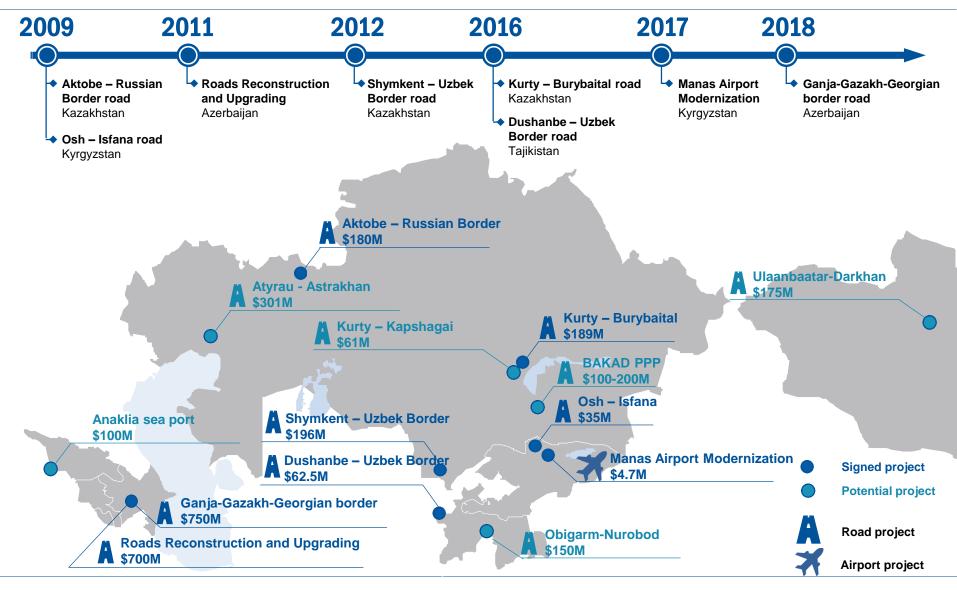
### Infrastructure in Caucasus, Central Asia and Mongolia





# Signed and Potential CAREC Projects in Central Asia, Mongolia and Caucasus





23 April, 2019

4

# Signed CAREC Projects in Central Asia



	Europe – China	Kurty-Buribaytal	Osh-Isfana	Dushanbe - Uzbek Border	Manas Airport Rehabilitation
Туре	Road	Road	Road	Road	Airport
Country	Kazakhstan	Kazakhstan	Kyrgyzstan	Tajikistan	Kyrgyzstan
Client	Government	JSC KazAvtoZhol	The Ministry of Finance	Government	JSC "International Airport "Manas"
Signed in	2009 & 2012	2016	2009	2016	2017
EBRD loan	\$180M & \$196M	\$189M	\$35M	\$27.5M	\$4.7M
Sovereign	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Project cost	I I	\$455M	\$72.8M	I I	\$5.2M
Length	100 km & 60 km	228 km	60 km	5 km	NA



### **Common transition objectives:**



Introduction/improvement of tolling system as new way of funding



Improved reporting (costing, accounting)



Enhancing procedures (tendering, planning of maintenance)



**Environmental and health safety** 

# **Signed CAREC Projects** in Caucasus



	Roads Reconstruction and Upgrading	Ganja-Gazakh-Georgian border Road
Туре	Road	Road
Country	Azerbaijan	Azerbaijan
Client	Government	Government
Signed in	2011	2018
EBRD loan	\$700M	Part of \$700M financing
Sovereign	Yes	Yes
Project cost	\$825M	NA
Length	346 km	130 km



### **Common transition objectives:**



Capacity building and institutional reform



**Investment and maintenance planning** 



**Promoting private sector participation** 



Promoting efficiency and safety

## Azerbaijan: Roads Reconstruction and **Upgrading Project**





Azerbaijan







Client

**Project** 

description:

**EBRD finance:** 

AAY (the State Road Agency) as the Implementing Entity, and the Republic of Azerbaijan as the Borrower

USD 700 million in three tranches (original USD 750 million with USD 700 million committed) - sovereign

**Total Project cost:** Up to USD 825 million

> Finance reconstruction of selected sections of the regional and corridor road network based on the priority investment programme prepared by Azeravtoyol: i) 156km Mingachevir -Bahramtapa road section; ii) the dualisation and rehabilitation of a 130km Ganja-Gazakh-Georgian border road section; iii) the rehabilitation of a 60 km section from Bahramtapa to Bilasuvar.

- **Transition Impact:**
- ✓ Facilitating the operational strengthening of Azeravtoyol through introduction of a systematic long-term approach to the road sector investment and maintenance with adequate forward planning
- ✓ Supporting road sector reform aimed at promoting efficiency and safety of regional and corridor roads through institutional reform and a gradual shift towards greater private sector participation

The Project contributes to the diversification of the Azerbaijan economy by facilitating trade and regional cooperation with its neighbours and economic development across the country as a whole.

# Azerbaijan: Ganja-Gazakh-Georgian border Road (GGG)





Azerbaijan



**Project location** 





**CAREC** relevance

EBRD finance:
Objective:

**Transition Impact** 

The Bank funded the dualisation and rehabilitation of the remaining 130km of the M2 highway between Ganja, the second largest city in Azerbaijan, and the Georgian border.

USD 750 million (Sovereign)

The corridor is part of the CAREC and the Silk Road route, which connects Baku with Georgia, Turkey and EU, as well as the Russian Federation. This highway is part of the Government's priority programme to upgrade the national road network to support the economic growth of the regions outside Baku and to facilitate international trade, connectivity and integration into the global economy.

- ✓ Road Sector Master planning and capacity building
- ✓ Review of budgetary allocations for maintenance
- ✓ Private sector participation and development of PBMC

### **Kazakhstan:**

### **Europe – China Transport Corridor**





Signed in 2009 & 2012





The corridor includes passes through the routes of CAREC corridors connecting Central Asian countries with Russia and Europe.

EBRD participated in two sovereign projects to date:

- ✓ City of Aktobe to Russian border 100km section part of CAREC corridor 1 and 6.
- ✓ City of Shymkent to Uzbek border 60km part of CAREC corridor 3 and 6.

Active cooperation between IFIs, including EBRD, and the Government.

USD 180 million sovereign Ioan (Aktobe - Russian Border)

USD 196 million sovereign loan (Shymkent – Uzbek border)

- ✓ Aktobe Russian Border: project was successfully completed in 2014.
- ✓ Shymkent Uzbek border: construction works are still ongoing.

### Kazakhstan:

### **Kurty-Buribaytal Road Project**





Signed in 2016











**CAREC** relevance

Client:

**EBRD** financing: Objective:

The road is part of CAREC Corridor 1

JSC KazAvtoZhol, a construction company owned by the Government of Kazakhstan engaged in design, construction, repair and maintenance of republican roads in Kazakhstan

USD 189 million, 2 loans (sovereign)

Rehabilitation of a 228 kilometres long road section between the villages Kurty and Buribaytal

Total project cost USD 455 million, co-financed with World Bank and state budget.

The Government of Kazakhstan provided a sovereign guarantee.

**Transition Impact:** 

- ✓ Introduction of new ways of road sector funding;
- ✓ Developing of an action plan for introduction of heavy vehicles charges:
- ✓ Tolling system expansion;
- ✓ Demonstration of successful restructuring of JSC KazAvtoZhol.

## Tajikistan: Dushanbe - Uzbekistan **Border Road Improvement Project**













**CAREC** relevance Client:

**EBRD** financing:

**Objective:** 

The road is part of CAREC Corridor 3

Government of Tajikistan

USD 27.5 million as an extension of the original sovereign loan of USD 35.0 million

Rehabilitation and upgrade of the 5 km section of the 62 kilometre road linking the city of Dushanbe to the Uzbek border.

The road is connecting Tajikistan to the Russian Federation to the north (via Uzbekistan) with onward links to Turkey and Western Europe (e.g., via Caspian Sea routes).

- Transition Impact: ✓ Introduction of tendering procedures for periodic road maintenance.
  - ✓ Road user charges introduction and Road Fund reform.
  - ✓ Development of the privatisation plan for maintenance units.
  - ✓ Introduction of service level agreements for routing maintenance.

## Kyrgyz Republic: Osh-Isfana Road Upgrade Project





Signed in 2009



Kyrgyzstan

**Project location** 







CAREC relevance

Client:

**EBRD** financing:

Objective:

**Transition Impact:** 

Partial, separate sections relevant for CAREC Corridor 3.

The Ministry of Finance on behalf of the Kyrgyz Republic for the benefit of the Ministry of Transport and Communication ("Implementing Agency"), which is responsible for road sector policy.

USD 35 million (sovereign)

Reconstruction and upgrade of the road sections from km 155 to km 195 and from km 200 to km 220 of the Osh-Isfana highway and re-routing some sections of the road since it crossed international border with Uzbekistan.

Total project cost USD 72.8 million, co-financed by loan and grant of USD 20 million from World Bank and a capital grant of USD 17.8 million from the European Union.

- ✓ EBRD procurement rules
- ✓ EBRD environmental and public consultation standards
- ✓ EBRD disbursement and implementation rules

# **Kyrgyz Republic: Manas Airport Rehabilitation**





Signed in 2017



Kyrgyzstan



1<sup>st</sup> EBRD nonsovereign project in Kyrgyzstan

#### **Project location**







Client:

EBRD financing:

Objective:

JSC "International Airport "Manas" (MIA), the main airport entity in the Kyrgyz Republic and majority owned by the state

USD 4.7 million (non-sovereign)

Modernisation of the airport infrastructure in Bishkek, specifically installation of a new heating ventilation and air conditioning system ("HVAC") to bring the system in line with international operational practices and energy efficiency standards.

The project is co-financed by a USD 0.5 million CAPEX grant from the EBRD Shareholder Special Fund ("SSF").

Transition Impact:

- ✓ Introduction of activity based costing in MIA's airport in Bishkek;
- ✓ Introduction of accounting separation in MIA's airport in Bishkek;
- ✓ Similar accounting methodologies to be replicated in at least one other airport in the country (Osh, Issyk Kul, etc.);
- ✓ Adoption of PIP;
- ✓ Annual carbon reduction;
- Development of environmental management and Health Safety System.

Potential follow up investment (ca. USD 10 million) focusing on Phase II of the airport's rehabilitation

## **Transport Sector Pipeline:** Almaty Ring Road PPP, Kazakhstan





Kazakhstan



**Project location** 

for Reconstruction and Development









**Project** description:

The Big Almaty Ring Road will be implemented as a 20-years BTO (Build-Transfer-Operate) PPP where the concessionaire will be responsible for building, financing, operating, collecting tolls, and maintaining the six-lane 66 km road.

**Total Project cost:** USD 750 million

Type of finance: Senior Loan

Financial close: 2019

Status: In January 2015 the Ministry of Investments and

Development of Kazakhstan announced the tender for

Almaty Ring Road PPP.

The tender has drawn a lot of interest from participants recording nine PQ applications; in April, six consortia were pregualified. In November 2015 three financial bids were submitted and the preferred bidder (Alarko-Makyol-SK E&C-KEC) was announced in February 2016.

The Concession Agreement was signed in February 2018 and the financial close is scheduled for 20 2019.

**Project highlights:** 

Since 2012, EBRD and IFC have been actively involved in the project by providing assistance to the grantor in their

preparation for the tender and concession.

No traffic risk, availability payments with currency risk mitigation mechanism, 'bankable' termination and step-in

arrangements.

# Transport Sector Pipeline: Obigarm-Nurobod road project, Tajikistan













CAREC relevance
Client:

EBRD financing:

**Objective:** 

Transition Impact:

The road is part of CAREC corridors 2, 3, and 5

Government of Tajikistan

USD 150 million sovereign loan

Rehabilitation of the 72 km road section to restore and improve connectivity between Dushanbe, the northeast region of Tajikistan and the Kyrgyz Republic.

Implementation of the Road Sector Institutional Reforms:

- The Project will focus on the establishment of an executive type Road Agency. The Agency will need to implement a systems and network knowledge data base for efficient management, but also establish regional representations to oversee contractors and co-ordinate planning and monitoring.
- The Agency will also support the development of a road asset management system, with the clear responsibility sharing.

## Transport Sector Pipeline: Ulaanbaatar-Darkhan Road Project, Mongolia















CAREC relevance

Client:

EBRD financing:
Objective:

separate sections relevant for CAREC Corridor 4

Mongolia, represented by the Ministry of Finance for the benefit of the Ministry of Road and Transport Development

up to USD 175 million (sovereign loan)

to expand the existing road connecting Ulaanbaatar to Darkhan, the third-largest city in the country, into a 4-lane by constructing an adjacent 2-lane road with an approximate total length of 204 km. The UB – Darkhan road is an arterial part of the Mongolian road network and is part of the China – Mongolia – Russia economic corridor. Total project cost is USD 192 million, including the Government financing VAT of USD 17.5 million. The project also benefits from an additional TC Fund of USD 2.3 million.

**Transition Impact:** 

- Provision of new infrastructure between or within regions that are currently inadequately integrated
- The percentage of EBRD use of proceeds allocated to the project that qualifies as GET is 15% or higher. A project level climate risk assessment will be performed to assure climate resilience of the project across design, construction and possibly maintenance phases to minimise damage to infrastructure and disruption to business and productivity in the region.

# Transport Sector Pipeline: Anaklia Deep Sea

### Port, Georgia







Georgia









**CAREC** relevance

Client:

**EBRD** financing:

**Total Project** financing:

**Objective** 

Port is on the CAREC corridor

Anaklia Development Consortium

USD 100 million

estimated USD 600 million (mandated lenders: EBRD, ADB, AIIB, OPIC)

Construction of a greenfield deep-sea port located on the Black sea, Georgia, at a focal point of the historic Silk Road between China and Europe.

- Transition Impact: ✓ Anaklia port is a strategic project for Georgia to enhance the country's attractive transit and logistics potential.
  - ✓ The Anaklia Port is a major greenfield infrastructure. project which could significantly enhance the capacity, efficiency and integration of shipping and freight transport in Georgia and the wider region.
  - ✓ The project introduces private financing for greenfield infrastructure assets in Georgia through PPP financing.

### **Key Challenges in Land Transport**





#### Difficult geography

limiting economies of scale and requiring resilient infrastructure investments to mitigate environmental and climate risks



#### 1520 market

resulting in additional expenses for loading/unloading at border crossings with neighbouring regions



#### Inefficient governance

limiting efficient operations and budgeting, constraining quality service provision



### Inadequate O&M planning

resulting in rapid deterioration of assets



## Inadequate long-term planning

limiting prioritization of investments



## Sub-optimal funding strategies

increasing the pressure on state and regional budgets



### Dominance of SOEs and limited private sector participation

limiting commercialization and implementation of best practices



## Infrastructure investment gaps

hampering integration and leading to a backlog of maintenance needs



### Inadequate institutional capacity

limiting efficient planning, asset management and procurement

Railway sector

**Road sector** 

Common Challenges

### **Unlocking the Regional Transit Potential**





**Improved regulations and governance** to enhance service provision, implement commercial and sustainable solutions, support private sector participation, and achieve higher transparency and accountability



Enhanced cross-country coordination to develop a regional approach to planning and prioritization



Political willingness and long-term planning for implementing sector-wide and regional reforms

### Contacts



#### **Ekaterina Miroshnik**

Director, Head of Infrastructure

Eurasia

Tel: +44 20 7338 6658

Email: MiroshnE@ebrd.com

#### **EBRD**

One Exchange Square London, EC2A 2JN United Kingdom www.ebrd.com

Find us on social media













