

ADB-UNESCAP Workshop on Efficient Cross-border Transport

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UNESCAP Secure Cross-border Transport Model

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Background

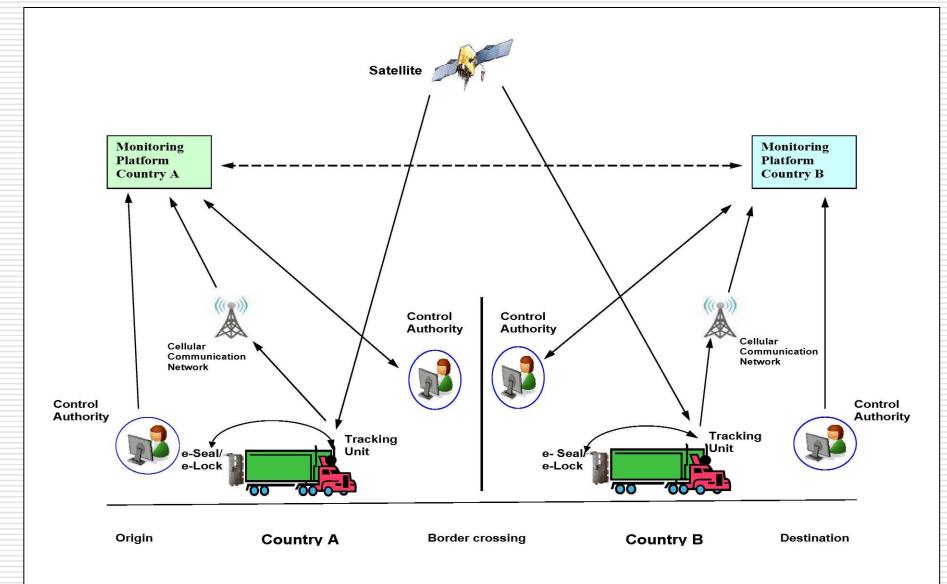
Common problems facing cross-border transport in Asia

- Concerns over foreign vehicles in their territories
- Risks for drivers, vehicles and goods in some countries
- Duties lose in transport process for vehicles/goods without paying duties and taxes
- Possibility of smuggling using international transport
- Difficulties in management of foreign vehicles
- Demand for facilitation through reduction of inspections and escort

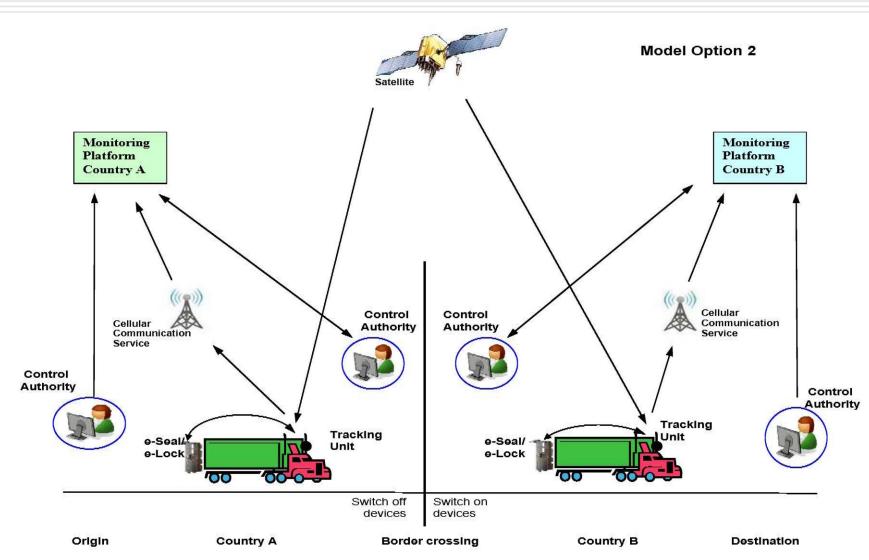
Purpose of the model

- Promote effective management of cross-border vehicles and goods with new technologies
- Promote balance between security/Customs control and facilitation
- Promote the use of harmonized systems
- Provide more tools for Customs control of crossborder transport

Secure Cross-border Transport Model (Option 1)



Secure Cross-border Transport Model (Option 2)



Major features

Conceptual design for cross-border transport Workflow, elements, key requirements, principles for system design, method for use, collaboration method

Standardized key elements

Tracking unit (Satellite positioning/mobile communication, network communication), electronic seal, monitoring platform, mobile devices

Higher security

- Separated tracking unit and multiple electronic seals
- Notification by alert signal in monitoring platform and email message

Economical solutions

Satellite positioning/mobile communication, electronic seal

Flexible Institutional arrangements

Workable with high/low inter-country cooperation of Customs

Practical Ways for implementation

>As optional, voluntary participation, reserved rights for inspection, not applicable for special goods

Potential Benefits

Overall regional benefits

- Remove concerns over foreign vehicles and opening of more transport routes
- Enhance transport safety and security
- Reduce possibility of smuggling using international transport
- Increase level of trade/transport facilitation

Benefits for Customs

- Reduce lose of duties and smuggling using international transport
- Strengthen control capability for foreign vehicles
- Reduce workload for inspections and escort for vehicles/goods
- Reduce congestion at border crossings and destinations

Benefits for transporters

- Enhance transport safety and security
- Reduce transport time and increase efficiency
- Reduce transport costs
- Increase reliability of transport time
- Increase more transport routes and geographical scope

Cases studied in Model Development

- **China Shenzhen Customs system**
- **China Hongkong Customs system**
- Maritime container system between China and Canada
- **China Yunnan satellite monitoring system**
- Thailand SEZ electronic transport tracking system
- Jordan Customs electronic transit tracking system
- Viet Nam transport satellite monitoring policy
- Kazakhstan integrated cross-border and transit transport control system
- Africa electronic transport tracking system

